CYCLES B. S. A. RALEIGH INVICTA, ROYAL WEST END, SINGER, Special Barton-on-Humber with stamped fittings, all genuine British made from Rs. 171 to Rs. 324 nett, all complete.
Full particulars supplied free.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co., BOMBAY & POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

CYCLES B. S. A. RALEIGH INVICTA, ROYAL WEST END, SINGER, Special Barton-on-Humber with stamped fittings, all genuine British made from Rs. 171 to Rs. 324 nett, all complete.
Full particulars supplied free.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co., BOMBAY & POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. X. NO. 215 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1922. TWO ANNAS.

SHIPPING.

P & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. AND O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date. 1922	Steamers.	Tons.
9th September	MALWA ..	10,941
23rd " ..	KAISAR-I-HIND..	11,430
30th " ..	NALDERA * ..	15,825
7th October..	CALEDONIA ..	7.622
14th " ..	MACEDONIA † ..	11,089
21st " ..	DELTA	8,597
28th " ..	CHINA	7,952
4th November	KASHMIR.. ..	8.841
11th " ..	MANTUA † ..	10,902
18th " ..	MOREA	10,911
25th " ..	MALWA	10,941
2nd December	KAISAR-I-HIND..	11,430
9th " ..	NARKUNDA * ..	16,227
16th " ..	CALEDONIA ..	7,822
23rd " ..	KARMALA † ..	9,098
30th " ..	KHIVA	9,097

* Through steamers from Australia
† Through steamers from China

MACEDONIA, MANTUA, KARMALA

P. AND O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN.—A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Bologne shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH.

Date About	Steamers.	Tons.
27th October ..		8,258
10th November	MARGHA ..	8,000
24th " ..	MALDA ..	9,071
8th December	NEVASA ..	8,288
21st " ..	MASHOBRA ..	8,963
	MANTOLA ..	

SAILINGS TO STRAITS AND CHINA

About		
16th " ..	SICILIA ..	
8th October ..	NARKUNDA ..	Connects at Colombo with s. s. Nankin.
27th " ..	SOUDAN ..	
2nd November.	KASHGAR ..	
25th " ..	SICILLA ..	
15th December.	MACEDONIA ..	Connects at Colombo with s. s. Nellore.
31st " ..	SOUDAN ..	

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Date	Steamers.	Tons.
6th October.	NARKUNDA ..	16,227
24th November.	NALDERA ..	15,825
15th December.	MACEDONIA ..	11,089

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date About	Steamers.	Destination
14th Sept. ..	BARALA	Gulf, via Karach
15th " ..	VARELA	Basrah
18th " ..	VITA ..	Karachi via Coast
20th " ..	TAROBA	East and South Africa.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE and Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.
P. O. Box 122.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANTS' MARINE, LIMITED.
AND
B. I. S. N. CO'S JOINT SERVICE.
CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT

Terms Rate of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
18, Strand Road, CALCUTTA,
P. O. Box 163.
Telephone No. 1230.

THE
SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

Fortnightly sailings between Bombay, Karachi and Calcutta, Burma calling at Galle, Tuticorin, Colombo and other coast ports according to demand.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing about.
S. S. Jalavihar"	8750	2nd half Sept. 1922.

For freight and other particulars apply to
NAGOTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents.
Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

N.Y.K.LINE:
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

Regular Service to Japan via Singapore Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer,	Commander.-	Tons.	Arrival.	Dep.
†Gyokoh Maru	H. Ogata	6,101	26 Aug.	13Sep.
Akita Maru ..	Y. Kotoril	8,817	4 Sep. .	14 Sep.
Wakasa Maru	M. Goto	6,083	14 Sep.	25 Sep.
Kamakata Maru	J. Fujisawa	5,843	21 Sep.	9 Oct.
Sanuki Maru	M. Tomita	5,872	12 Oct.	26 Oct.
Awa Maru ..	J. Saito	6,628	27 Oct	10 Nov.
Tosa Maru ..	T. Watanabe	5,822	11 Nov	25 Nov.

†This steamer has no passenger accommodation.

All steamers, equipped with every comfort, are fitted with electric lights and fans in every cabin free of charge and wireless telegraphy. A qualified Surgeon and specially trained Chefs carried.

For particulars, apply to—
H. UYEMURA,
Acting Manager.
Telephone No. 879. 1923.
Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

O. S. K. LINE
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer	Captain.	Arrival.	Depart.
HonoluluMaru	H. Meguro	31st Aug.	14thSept.
Java Maru	J. Koyajima	18th Sept.	30th "
Indus Maru	Y. Takada	30th "	12th Oct.
Burma Maru	A. Kobayashi.	18th Oct.	30th "

For Freight and passages, etc. apply to
K. SHIMA,
P. O. Box No. 3155. Manager.
Ballard Road, Bombay.

BANKING.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA
SUB-BRANCHES.
BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE: BANK STREET.
BYCULLA—Opposite Parsi Statue.
MANDVI—Abdul Rehman Street.
SANDHURST ROAD—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to any one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.

Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application at the Bank.

A. W. MARSHALL,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

THE BANCO NATIONAL ULTRAMARINO
(NATIONAL OVERSEAS BANK.)
ESTABLISHED 1864.

Authorised Cap. Esc. 48,000,000 $00—£10,353,000
Paid-up Capital Esc. 24,000,000 $00—£5,328,000
Reserve Fund Esc. 27,200,000 $00—£5,988,400
(At Par Exchange.)

HEAD OFFICE: LISBON.
STATE BANK OF PORTUGUESE COLONIES.

BOMBAY OFFICE: Bombay Club Building, Esplanade Road.

BRANCHES.

LONDON: 27b, Throgmorton Street,
NEW YORK: 91, Liberty Street.
PARIS: 9, Rue de Helder.

BRAZIL.—Rio de Janeiro, Campos, S. Paulo, Santos, Bahia, Pernambucco, Parahyba do Norte Para, Manaos.
PORTUGAL:—Aveiro, Beja, Braganca, Castelo Branco, Coimbra, Covilha, Evora, Faro, Figueira, da Foz, Guarda, Guimaraes, Leiria, Olhao, Portalegre, Potimao, Porto, Santarem os Montes Mizeu.
ADJACENT ISLANDS:—Punchal (Madeira), Ponta Delgada, (S. Miguel Acores), Angra do Heroismo (Acores).
WEST AFRICA:—S. Vincente and S Tiago (Cape Vert) Bissau and Bolama (Guinea), Kinshassa (Belgian Congo), S. Thome, Principe, Cabinda, Loanda, Malango, Novo Redondo, Lobito, Benguela, Belmonte (Bihe), Mossamedes, Lubango.
EAST AFRICA:—Lourenco Marques Inhambane, Beira Chinde, Tete, Quelimane, Mocambique, Ibo.
INDIA:—Mormugao and Nova-Goa.
CHINA:—Macau, TIMOR:—Dili.
Over 3,000 Correspondents in all Important Commercial Centres of the World.
Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.

C. de SEABRA,
Acting Manager.

BANKING.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.
Constituted under the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920.

For the purpose of taking over the undertakings and business of the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Bombay and the Bank of Madras.

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL:—
225,000 shares of Rs. 500 each...Rs. 11,25,00,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL as on 30th June, 1922:—
75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each Fully Paid 3,75,00,000
149,884 shares of Rs. 500 each Rs. 125 Paid 1,87,35,500
..... Rs. 5,62,35,500

RESERVE FUND as on 30th June, 1922 ..... Rs. 4,11,82,805

RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS as on 30th June, 1922 ..... Rs. 5,62,06,500

MANAGING GOVERNORS:
Sir ROBERT AITKEN, Kt., Sir BERNARD HUNTER, Kt.

LOCAL HEAD OFFICES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras.

LONDON OFFICE
5, Whittington Avenue, E.C. 3.
Sir NORCOT WARREN, Manager.

BRANCHES:

Agra	Karachi
Ahmedabad	Khandwa
Ahmedabad City	Kumbakonum
Ahmednagar	Lahore
Akola	Larkana
Akyab	Lucknow
Allahabad	Lyallpur
Alleppey	Madras (Mount Road)
Amballa	Madura
Amraoti	Mandalay
Amritsar	Mangalore
Bangalore	Masulipatam
Bassein	Meerut
Bellary	Moulmein
Benares	Mooltan
Berhampore	Muzaffarpur
Bezwada	Muttra
Bombay (Byculla)	Moradabad
Bombay (Mandvi)	Mymensingh
Bombay (Sandhurst Road)	Nagpore
Bareilly	Narayangunge
Calcutta (Clive Street)	Nasik
Calcutta (Harrison Road)	Negapatam
Calcutta (Park Street)	Ootacamund
Calicut	Palacole (Sub-outstation to Coconada)
Cawnpore	Patna
Chandpore (Pay Office)	Peshawar
Chittagong	Poona
Coconada (Out-station Narsapur)	Poona City
Cochin	Quetta
Coimbatore	Rajahmandry
Colombo	Rajkot (Kathiawar)
Cuddalore	Rangoon
Cuttack	Rawalpindi
Dacca	Salem
Delhi	Secunderabad
Dhulia	Serajgunge (Pay Office)
Erode	Sholapur
Guntur	Simla
Hyderabad (Deccan)	Sukkur
(Sub-Agency Parbhani)	Surat
Hyderabad (Sind)	Tellicherry
Hubli	Trichinopoly
Indore	Trivandrum
Jalgaon (East Khandesh)	Tuticorin
Jalpaiguri	Vellore
Jubbulpore	Vizianagram
	Vizagapatam

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Opened free of charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at Interest.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received and Interest allowed.
GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES—Received for safe custody. Purchases and Sales effected, Interest and Dividends collected and credited to account or remitted in accordance with instructions.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS—Granted, and approved Merchantile Bills discounted.
Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers-of-Attorney etc., may be had on application at any of the Local Head Offices or Branches of the Bank.

A. W. MARSHALL,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer
Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED
ESTABLISH 1895.

Capital authorised	.....	Rs. 100,00,000
Capital issued	.....	,, 50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	.....	,, 50,00,000
Capital Paid up	.....	,, 25,80,130
Reserve Fund	.....	,, 18,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

Amritsar	Hapur	Ludhiana
Bombay	Hoshiarpur	Multan City
Amballa City	Hyderabad	Montgomery
Amballa Cant	(Sindh)	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jullundur	Patiala
Calcutta	Jammu	Quetta
Delhi	Jhelum City	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan.	Karachi	Rahon
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Sialkot
Gojra	Lyallpur	Srinagar

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought collected and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to—

DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

BANKING.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$20,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND ...	£4,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND	$25,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

LONDON, OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.

BOMBAY OFFICE.
40, Churchgate Street.

OTHER BRANCHES.

Amoy	Hongkong	Rangoon
Bangkok	Ipoh	Saigon
Batavia	Johore	San Francisco
Calcutta	Kobe	Shanghai
Canton	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Chefoo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Sungei Patani
Dairen	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Taingtao
Haiphong	New York	Vladivostock
Hamburg	Peking	Yloilo
Harbin	Penang	Yokohama
Hankow		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent per annum provided the sum ascerned amounts to Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.
GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

R. R. HYND,
Agent.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK
LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 7,56,18,450
Paid-Up Capital and Reserved	Rs. 2,42,55,525
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ...	Rs. 5,25,12,915

Sir D. T. Tata, Kt., Chairman.
Board of Directors.
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

LONDON OFFICE: 9, Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches: CALCUTTA, CAWNPORE, DELHI, HYDHERABAD, (DECCAN), LUCKNOW, MADRAS, RANGOON.

Every facility offered for General and Exchange banking throughout India and with Europe and America, Bills of Exchange negotiated, Deposits received.

For terms apply to Head Office or to any branch.

General Manager,
L. D. L. BUCKLEY.

NEDERLANDSCH INDISCHE HANDELS BANK,
(NETHERLANDS INDIA COMMERCIAL BANK.)
(Incorporated in Holland.)
Established 1863.

Authorised Capital	Fl. 60,000,000 about £5,000,000
Paid-up Capital and Reserve Fund ...	Fl. 75,000,000 ,, £6,250,000

HEAD OFFICE at AMSTERDAM (Holland).
SUB-OFFICE: THE HAGUE.
EASTERN HEAD AGENCY at BATAVIA.

BRASCHES

DUTCH EAST BRANCHES:

Ampenan	Palembang
Bandeong	Pekalongan
Cheribon	Probolinggo
Gorantolo	Semarang
Macassar	Soerabaia
Medan	Tjilatjap
Menado	Weltevreden

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS:—Singapore.
CHINA and JAPAN:—Hongkong, Shanghai and Kobe.
BRITISH INDIA:—Bombay and Calcutta.
LONDON BANKERS:—London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd., Swiss Bank Corporation, Wiliams Deacon's Bank, Ltd.
PARIS BANKERS:—Guaranty Trust Company, of New York.
NEW YORK BANKERS:—Farmers Loan and Trust Co., Guaranty Trust Co., of New York, Goldman Sachs and Co.
Correspondents in every part of the World.

BOMBAY BRANCH:
Sorab Building, No. 7, Mursban Road, Fort. Post Box No. 876.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

W. J. de GRAAN,
Manager.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.
SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, TAMARIND LANE, FORT, BOMBAY.
ASSETS EXCEED RS. 30,00,000.

ANNOUNCEMENT.
5% P. A. ON DAILY BALANCES.

As long as the Government of India finds it difficult to borrow funds in the open market at rate of interest lower than 6 per cent. p. a. or at any rate below 5 per cent. p. a. we have decided to give full advantage to our customers of the predicament of the Government and grant them 5 per cent. p. a. on their daily balances with us on Savings Accounts on and from the 1st of August, 1922. Interest payable only on the 31st day of December each year, even though an account may be closed earlier

Investments mainly in or against Government of India Securities and in Securities admitted by the Trust Act. For rules and particulars apply to

YESEWANT ANNA KUNTE, Esq., Director, Girgaum Branch.
Dr. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, M.A., Ph.D., Managing Director.

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Sir D. J. TATA, Kt., Chairman.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	Rs.	20,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED ,, ...	,,	11,86,84,250
PAID-UP ,, ...	,,	1,18,68,425
TOTAL FUNDS ,, ...	,,	1,57,15,436

HEAD OFFICE:
5, WALLACE STREET, BOMBAY.

BRANCHES:—Calcutta 5, Mission Row, Branch Manager: V. G. Creber.
Madras 27, Moore Street, ,, ,, J. W. Waddell.
New York (U. S. A.) U. S. Manager: Sumner Ballard.

AGENCIES.

INDIA.
CALCUTTA—Tata Sons Ld., Martin & Co. Ld., Birla Bros. Ld.,
MADRAS—Roshan M. A. Minulla. Hussain Saib & Co.,
KARACHI—Jamshed N. R. Mehta.
AHMEDABAD—Bakubhai Ambalal & Co.
COCHIN, etc.—Peirce Leslie & Co. Ld.
ADEN—Messrs. Cowasjee Dinshaw & Bros.

BURMA.
RANGOON—The London Rangoon Trading Co. Ld., E. D. Ezra & Co. Ld.,

CEYLON.
COLOMBO—[illegible]

PENANG—Behr & Co., Duncan & Harrison Ld.
KUALA LUMPUR—Harrison & Crosfield Ld.
PT. SWETTENHAM—Harrison & Crosfield Ld.
IPOH—Lebrooy Bros.

DUTCH EAST INDIES.
SOURABAYA (Java)—The London Rangoon Trading Co. (Java).
SAMARANG (Java)—Butterworth &
MEDAN (Sumatra)—S. D. Kaper &
FRENCH COCHIN-CHINA.
SAIGON—A. B. David.
SIAM.
BANGKOK—Compagnie Generale Francaise pour le Commerce & l'Industrie.
CHINA.
SHANGHAI—W. R. Loxley & Co.
PEKING—Perrin Cooper & Co.
TIENTSIN—Perrin Cooper & Co.
BRITISH EAST AFRICA.
KAMPALA—Narandas Rajaram &
MAURITIUS—Scott & Co.
ZANZIBAR—Alli &
UNITED KINGDOM.
LONDON. Sedgwick Collins (Agency) Ltd. Commercial Union Assurance Co. Ltd. (Marine writers).

The Company is transacting FIRE, MARINE, TRANSIT, CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS, EARTHQUAKE, RIOT & CIVIL COMMOTION, MOTOR CAR, PERSONAL ACCIDENT, FIDELITY GUARANTEE, BAGGAGE & ALL RISKS INSURANCE.

R. J. DUFF,
General Manager.

PERODONT
Made in Germany
ANTISEPTIC TOOTH-PASTE.
Price 8 Annas per tube.
Can be had from all Chemists or from The
POPULAR PHARMACY,
GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY.
Branch:—Sandhurst Road, GIRGAUM.

REMEMBER
"Inkotine Inks"
Are the recognised Standard Inks of India.

Brightness Permanency
NON-corrosiveness Guaranteed

G. S. RANADE & CO.
BOMBAY, No. 4.

WONDER OF THE WORLD
If your hair is white or grey why feel shy or feel depressed.
I have prepared an oil Murdeci Kalph which will turn your white hair dark natural black at once.
MANY HAVE USED IT.
Try once sample box, Re. -9-0. Big bottle, Rs. 2-5-0.
Write:—
HAZRAT MAWLANA HAJI PIR SYED NURSHAH HAMDANI
NURSHAH HAMDANI BUILDING,
Mamanwada Road, P. No. 8,
BOMBAY.

THE BEST AND SAFEST ANTISEPTIC
IODINE
for internal and external use.
Stocked by all the leading Chemists.
Particulars from:—
MADHAV AGENCY,
BOMBAY No. 4.

Hello, you fellows!

Hope I'll know you better soon. I'm Neverlate of the West-End Watch Co., you know. Passage — well, a little rough. But I'm as regular as the Monsoon myself and hard wear and hard weather do not interfere with my working.

Here I am, just as you expected—on time, every time—but as always I give you the right time. Say—come along to my place—

West-End Watch Co
BOMBAY CALCUTTA

The
"RAILWAY SERVICE"
KEYLESS LEVER WATCH.
GUARANTEED FOR ONE YEAR.

Gilt movement with 7 best ruby jewels, straight line lever escapement with visible jewelled pallets, real compensation balance with double roller and tempered hair-spring. Damp and dust-proof cases, stoutly made in Nickel Silver or of fine (900-1000) Silver, with metal inner dome. The dial is of hard white enamel with extra bold figures and hands.

OPEN-FACE CASE ONLY
18"' Large or 17"' Small Size.

NICKEL, Rs.28; FINE SILVER, Rs.38

LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA

Leucoderma or white patches is a disease very obstinate in its nature but it is not leprosy, as is popularly known and a good servant should not be dismissed for his having white patches. The white patches are due to loss of pigmentation or colouring matter in the blood, and sometimes to syphilitic, mercurial or venereal poison and hereditary causes and some other known or unknown sources of infection and freaks of nature. But, after all, this nasty disease is a curse to humanity and a vigorous and systematic treatment is essential to root it out. Unscientific drugs-Pills and Oils of the market, sold by people who pose too much and offer lower prices are worse than no treatment and surely no sane man should resort to same. The scientific drugs of the Behar Chemical Works have proved to the world that these can cure Leucoderma **of any variety**, chronic or acute, and these medicines are non-poisonous, produce no re-action, non-irritant, and can be safely used by all without any harm.

For internal use, to purify the blood, increase new blood in the system, and improve general condition of health, mind and body and make up loss of pigmentation in the blood, etc., NERVINUS (Regd.) with gold at Rs. 5/- per bottle. For external application—medicine to last one month—at Rs. 5/- **per bottle.** Postage, etc., extra.

BOTH SHOULD BE TAKEN TOGETHER TO ENSURE PROMPT AND LASTING EFFECT.

Writes Mr. B. Singh from Port Blair :—

The medicine was used on the white patches of my son who got the complete cure from this dangerous disease. The public should TRUST upon my writing that the Behar Chemical Works very favourably selling this wonderful medicine for Rs. 10/- If they charged Rs. 50/- for this it can be considered very cheap.

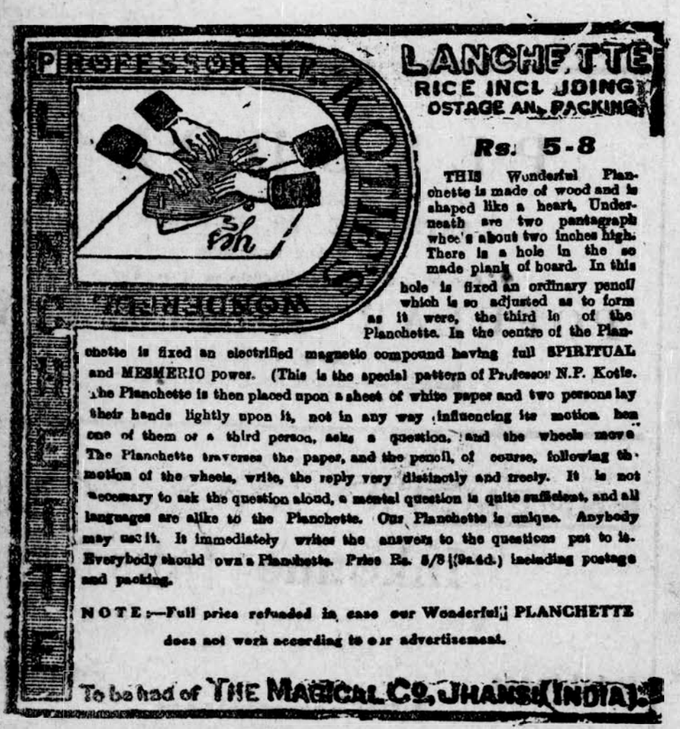
MANY OTHER GOOD REFERENCES.

LEPROSY (Tropical or Post Venereal)

Our specific for 45 days including medicines for internal and external uses as well as for Fumigation and Bath are scientifically prepared by us according to the principles laid down by the latest and highest authorities and these cure [illegible] of all varieties, viz : Nodular, Tubercular, Para or Mixed Leprosy, An[illegible] Leprosy, etc., etc. Rs. 15 per set. Postage extra. Best and [illegible] scientific treatment ever invented. A trial will show its merits.

BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS, MIHIJAM, E. I. R.

Miracle of Spiritualism



THIS Wonderful Planchette is made of wood and is shaped like a heart, Underneath are two pantagraph wheels about two inches high. There is a hole in the so made plank of board. In this hole is fixed an ordinary pencil which is so adjusted as to form as it were, the third leg of the Planchette. In the centre of the Planchette is fixed an electrified magnetic compound having full SPIRITUAL and MESMERIC power. (This is the special pattern of Professor N.P. Kotie. The Planchette is then placed upon a sheet of white paper and two persons lay their hands lightly upon it, not in any way influencing its motion. Any one of them or a third person, asks a question, and the wheels move. The Planchette traverses the paper, and the pencil, of course, following the motion of the wheels, write, the reply very distinctly and freely. It is not necessary to ask the question aloud, a mental question is quite sufficient, and all languages are alike to the Planchette. Our Planchette is unique. Anybody may use it. It immediately writes the answers to the questions put to it. Everybody should own a Planchette. Price Rs. 5/8 (8s.6d.) including postage and packing.

NOTE :—Full price refunded in case our Wonderful PLANCHETTE does not work according to our advertisement.

To be had of THE MAGICAL CO, JHANSI (INDIA).

FULL PRICE REFUNDED IN CASE OF FAILURE.

SAVE DISAPPOINTMENT AND BUYING USELESS ARTICLES.

Now is the time to test our wonderful PLANCHETTE.

REMARKABLE PRESS OPINION.

The "Kesari," Volume II. No. 20, Thursday, October 26, :—"We have received a wonderful Planchette from Prof. Kotie for Review. Really it is a wonderful pattern of Prof. Kotie's invention. We are very much pleased to see its wonders. A person puts a question mentally or verbally and the Planchette moves on the paper and writes the answer neatly. Questions regarding the Past, the Present, and the Future may be put and answers obtained in any language. Anybody may send for this Planchette from the Magical Co., Jhansi, and see the wonders."

A FEW TESTIMONIALS MORE.

H. Simon, Esq., of Messrs Brown & Co., Ltd., writes from Hatton (Ceylon) on the 15th Sept. 1922 :—"I got one of your Planchettes from a friend of mine who came here from India. I can say that it is a very wonderful thing. During my entertainments I am in success every time with your Planchette."

I. B. Boomwarkar, Esq., of the Eastern Bank, Ltd., writes from Bombay on the 23rd September 1922 :—"I am glad to inform you that I am successful in getting answers from the Planchette that I bought from you recently."

ADDRESS YOUR ORDERS TO:—

The Manager, THE MAGICAL CO. Dept: B

Jhansi, INDIA.

BAL GANDHARVA.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Your correspondent Mr. G. N. T. has tried to soften his attack on Balgandharva's recent dresses by giving him one among other compliments which has to be objected to. The objection to that particular compliment is without prejudice to the gifts of Balgandharva. Even since his debut towards the end of 1905, Balgandharva has been the most lovable and loved of all Marathi Actors. Why should it be necessary to clog him with all sorts of compliments is, however, not intelligible. He is an actor and that is all. He has the necessary limitations of an actor whose business is to please. He is bound to pay attention to that class of the people who visit his plays oftenest and purchase the costhier seats. Why some persons should go out of the way to heap on him compliments which do not affect his value as an actor or his popularity passes understanding.

The compliment which has to be objected to is the one contained in G. N. T.'s remark: "Gandharva fashion is a by-word which rises to the lips in describing the most up-to-date Deccani lady." Nothing could be wider of the mark; nothing could be farther from the truth. There is no means to ascertain whether G. N. T. is himself a Maratha and if he be a Maratha whether he is an indigenous Bombay Maratha or a real Deccani Maratha. I must say that there is a world of difference between the fashion of the two or three communities that have their homes in Bombay and the vast Deccani community that lives in Deccan and Konkan and sends a large number of workers—both intellectual and manual—to Bombay. It has to be stated that the only communities of Marathi speaking population whose female fashionable world takes Balgandharvas their model and mirror may be the indigenous Bombay communities. The Poona Lady will never accept him as either her model or mirror but does rather entertain a revolting sensation about his dresses so faithfully described by that great artist Harindranath Chattopadhyaya. It is a palpable misrepresentation or an ignorant universalisation to assert of the Deccani community as a whole what may be true of a particular geographical unit. Those ladies—whether Brahmins, Marathas, Kayasthas or Saraswats—who hail from outside the town and island of Bombay resent the dresses of Balgandharva and would loudly protest against the non-Marathas carrying impressions about their ways and conventions from what the non-Marathas see on and about Balgandharva. Really Balgandharva does not trouble himself about these compliments which some of his neo admirers appear anxious to shower on him. He is a gifted actor and there his role as well as anxiety ends.—Yours, etc.,

A SPECTATOR FROM DECCAN.

BENGAL JAIL [illegible]STRATION

INFLUENCE OF N-C-O CONVICTS ON ORDINARY PRISONERS.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 8.

Some interesting facts have been disclosed in the administration report on Bengal jails for 1921. More or less coinciding with the Prince of Wales' visit, says the report, 5,302 non-cooperation prisoners were admitted, Calcutta alone being responsible for 3,667. This necessitated the opening of a temporary jail wherein 1,721 men were admitted. Presidency Chittagong, Rangpur and Faridpur jails were highly taxed to find room. A great majority of these prisoners, says the Inspector-General of Prisons, true to their creed gave much trouble in several ways. No deaths occurred amongst these prisoners. At the same time detention of political prisoners in ordinary jails had a very bad effect upon discipline. A number of juvenile prisoners under sixteen years reached 337 a maximum. It is not too much to say, continues the report that in England not one of these young men could have been committed to prison. They would have been dealt with in a dozen other ways.

The Inspector-General draws attention to the following most urgent needs of jail department:—(1) a reformatory home and industrial school, (2) a jail for habituate something is done now to separate this class of convicts but a separate jail is very necessary, (3) foundation of aid and other societies for discharged prisoners, (4) voluntary help of workers of religions and otherwise giving personal touch which often means so much in reclamation of a convict. During the last year there were 669 escaped among the convicts. Of these 652 were from the Rajshahi jail where there was a mutiny on the 24th March, 1921. This mutiny was successful owing to misplaced leniency and failure to enforce ordinary discipline shown by Superintendent Dr. Fox. The report further states that Dr. Fox failed to gauge the trouble and when serious events occurred, he took no adequate steps to deal with the mutinous convicts made bolder by the failure of the Superintendent to enforce discipline. Apart from this, convicts reflected a spirit of unrest exhibited elsewhere and they are no longer as docile and obedient as of yore.

SIR ALI IMAM'S RESIGNATION.

NIZAM'S FIRMAN.

(Associated Press.)

SECUNDERABAD, Sept. 8.

The following is a translation of the *Firman* issued to-day by H. E. H. the Nizam dated 12th Moharram 1341 :—"As owing to certain reasons, Sir Ali Imam has asked to be relieved of his duties I have accepted his resignation. I take this occasion to express my appreciation of the loyal devotion with which he has carried on the duties of his high office for the past three years. I command Sir Faridoon-ul-Mulk temporarily to act as President of my Executive Council, as he has sometimes done before, in the absence of Sir Ali Imam until permanent arrangements are made for filling up the appointment.

I also hereby order that payment should be made to Sir Ali Imam through the Imperial Bank of India of his honorarium at the rate of seven thousand rupees per mensem for the two years that still remain to be completed out of his term of office of five years and a formal receipt obtained.

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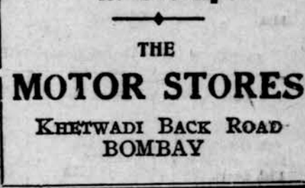

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RE. PRE-PAYMENT OF FREIGHT ON PUBLIC COAL BOOKED FROM STATIONS ON THIS RAILWAY.

AS previously notified pre-payment of freight on public coal booked from stations on this Railway, will be compulsory from 1st October, 1922. Firms dealing in coal in large quantities should correspond with the undersigned in regard to the pre-payment of freight being arranged either by credit notes or cheques instead of in cash.

D. S. BURN,
General Traffic Manager.

Victoria Terminus,
Dated 4th September, 1922. C14243

NOTICE.

THE BARSI SPINNING & WEAVING MILLS, COMPANY, LIMITED.

IN pursuance of a Resolution passed by the Board of Directors of the above Company, an Ad-Interim Dividend of Rs. 100 per Share (Free of Income Tax) will be paid on the 18th September, 1922, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on the 18th September, 1922.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 18th September to 25th September 1922, (both days inclusive.).

By Order of the Board of Directors,
Y. H. DESAI & CO.,
C14196 Secrs. Treas. & Agents.

MINERVA MILLS LTD.

NOTICE OF SECOND CALL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a Meeting of the Directors of Minerva Mills, Limited, held on the 9th day of August, 1922, a call of Rs. 15 per share, being the Second Call, was made and it was resolved that such call should be paid to us as the Managing Agents of the Company on or before Monday the 16th day of October, 1922. at the Registered Office of the Company, Henshaw's Building, 9, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, and that if such call was not paid on such date interest at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum would be charged from the 17th day of October, 1922, up to the date of actual payment.

It was also resolved that the Second Call should be made payable by those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on the 28th September, 1922, and that no applications for transfer of shares should be accepted after the 28th September 1922, unless such applications are accompanied by the Second Call moneys due in respect of such shares.

By Order of the Board,
N. SIRUR & CO.,
Managing Agents.

Bombay, 10th August, 1922. C14229

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE STANDARD MILLS CO. LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND at the rate of Rs. 130 per whole Share of Rs. 500, and Rs. 32-8-0 per quarter Share of Rs. 125, free of Income Tax, has been declared for the half-year ended 30th June, 1922, payable at the Registered Office of the Company, York Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on and after Wednesday 27th September, 1922. The Dividend Warrants will be posted to each Shareholder to his address last standing in the Register.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Tuesday 19th September, 1922, to Thursday, 28th September, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
Tata Sons Limited, Agents,
By their Constituted Attorney.
S. D. SAKLATWALLA.
C14170

THE DIVID MILLS CO LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND at the rate of Rs. 45 per Share, free of Income Tax, has been declared for the half-year ended 30th June, 1922, payable at the Registered Office of the Company, York Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay on and after WEDNESDAY 27th September, 1922. The Dividend Warrants will be posted to each Shareholder to his address last standing on the Register.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, 19th September, 1922 to THURSDAY, 28th September, 1922, both days inclusive

By order of the Board,
Tata Sons Limited, Agents,
By their Constituted Attorney,
S. D. SAKLATVALA.
C14189

KARACHI MUNICIPALITY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a qualified Lady Physician, holding degrees or diplomas of a recognised University or College for a Municipal Female Dispensary. Salary Rs. 200/- rising by annual increment of Rs. 20/- per mensem to Rs. 300/- with free unfurnished quarters.

No private practice will be allowed.

Applications with copies of testimonials stating age, nationality etc. should reach Undersigned before 2nd October 1922.

(sd) MEASHAM LEA.
O. B. E., Inst: C. E.,
Chief Officer & Chief Engineer,
Karachi Municipality

Municipal Office,
Karachi, 7th September, 1922. C14299

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

(Incorporated in England.)

AMALGAMATION OF CAWNPORE AND JHANSI TRAFFIC DISTRICTS, WITH HEADQUARTERS AT JHANSI. MOVE OF HEADQUARTERS OF DELHI TRAFFIC DISTRICT TO JHANSI.

THE OFFICE of District Traffic Superintendent, Cawnpore, will close at Cawnpore, at 12 noon on SATURDAY, the 16th September, 1922, and will be amalgamated with the present Jhansi traffic district. From that date and time the amalgamated Cawnpore and Jhansi traffic district will be known as the "Jhansi Traffic District No. 1" and all letters and telegrams relating to the two amalgamated district should be addressed to the District Traffic Superintendent, Jhansi (No. 1).

2. With effect from 12 noon on Saturday, 23rd September, 1922, the office of the District Traffic Superintendent, Delhi Sadr will be transferred to Jhansi. After this time and date all letters and telegrams hitherto addressed to the District Traffic Superintendent, Delhi Sadr, should be addressed to the District Traffic Superintendent, Jhansi (No. 2.)

D. S. BURN.
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 2nd September, 1922. C14220

LOSS OF BOMBAY PORT TRUST DEBENTURES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that three Bombay Port Trust Debentures as detailed below, originally standing in the name of The Alliance Bank of Simla, Ltd., and now standing in the name of Diogo D'Mello and Leonara Fernandez (both deceased) by whom they have not been endorsed, have been recently stolen, lost or destroyed. Payment of the said Debentures and interest thereon has been stopped, and duplicate of the said Debentures will be issued to the proprietors upon the expiration of three years from the date hereof. The interest accruing due on the said Debentures will also be paid to the proprietors thereof. Any person having any claim to the said Debentures or to the interest due thereon of any nature whatsoever is hereby required to forthwith make known the same to the said Port Trustees at their office in Bombay. All claims made after the expiration of the said period of three years will be considered waived and of no effect.

Dated the 6th day of May, 1922.
Before me.
JOS ALBAN D'SOUZA,
J.P. (Bom.).
Countersigned.
The mark of Verodianna D'Mello,
The mark of Mary Agust D'Mello,
Administrators to the Estate of
Leonara Fernandes.
J. TYERS,
Chief Accountant, Bombay Port Trust.
Before me.
FR. A. I. GODINHO,
Vicar of Taleigao.

Particulars of Bond mentioned above:—

No.	Year of Loan	Value Rs.
9489-9491	1913	1,000 each.

C4865

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SALE OF SURPLUS STORES.

THE Officer Commanding Detachment "A" Supply Depot Company, Bombay has surplus wines and spirits, articles of Hospital Supplies etc. available for sale.

Particulars of the articles to be sold can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

(sd) J. RICE, Captain,
for O.C. Dett: "A" Sy: Depot
Company, Bombay.

Bombay behind Town Hall
Dated 7 September, 1922. C14207

NOTICE.

POWER given by HAJI ALI MOHAMED SHIRAZI to MIRZA MAHMUD SHIRAZI in 1920, has been CANCELLED, and the only valid power is the one now given to HAJI FARAZ AGA SHIRAZI. R4836

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF ASOKA STORES.

THE SHAREHOLDERS of the Asoka Stores are requested to be present at any cost, in the general meeting of the Shareholders called by the Directors at the Asoka Stores Office, Chartered Bank Building at 12-30 p.m. (S. T.) on THURSDAY, the 14th instant and give their vote against the resolution.

Shareholders Committee.
Committee's Office,
11 Hurnum Street, Fort, Bombay.
C 14204

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we have sold our Concern, carried on at Saraswati Mahal, Carnac Road under the name and style of the West End Tailoring Company to MANGESH SABARAM PILGAOKAR and as from the 9th day of September, 1922, the said concern will be carried on by him on his own account and at his own risk. All liabilities of the said concern upto the 8th September, 1922, are to be paid by us and the Purchaser Mangesh S. Pilgaokar is not in any way liable.

Dated 9th September, 1922.

(Sd.) P. J. CHEMBURKAR,
(Sd.) BABURAO PANDURANG CHEMBURKAR.

True Copy.
MANGESH SHABARAM. R4884

BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO TRAMWAY PASSENGERS.

Re HANCOCK BRIDGE.

ON and from 15th instant and until further notice the Tramway Service across Hancock Bridge (Mazagaon Line) will be suspended as the G. I. P. Railway will from that date commence the rebuilding of the bridge. It will be necessary, therefore, for Tramway passengers to walk over the bridge to the waiting car on the other side.

The Company much regrets the inconvenience this will cause their passengers but it is unavoidable.

By Order,
C. LUCAS,
Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 7th September, 1922. C14289

NOTICE.

THE PIONEER RUBBER AND INDUSTRIAL CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on MONDAY, the 18th September, 1922, at 5 p.m. (Standard Time), at the Registered Office of the Company, 11 Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet for the period ending 30th June, 1922.
2. To appoint Directors in place of Directors who retire from the office, but are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact such other business as may be brought forward by the Directors.

By order of the Board of Directors,
MANU SUBEDAR & CO.,
Managing Agents.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 11th September 1922 to 23rd September 1922, both days inclusive. C14274

THE INDIAN AUTOMOBILE CO LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 320, Mint Road, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 29th September, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt Directors' Report and Audited Statement Accounts.
2. To confirm the nomination of a Director.
3. To elect Directors for the ensuing year in the place of the two who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

Notice is also hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 15th September to the 30th September, 1922, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
LAXMIDAS HARIDAS & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay. C14288

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE PRESIDENCY MILLS COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 36th Dividend of Rs. 25 per share will be paid at the Company's office, No. 9, Bank Street, Fort, on and after MONDAY, the 25th September, 1922, between 12 noon to 4 p.m. (S.T.), to those shareholders whose names are on the Register of the Company on 15th August, 1922.

RAGAUJU MAGANLAL & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 30th August, 1922. C14184

TENDERS.

LUCKNOW UNIVERSITY.

TENDERS are invited from approved contractors for the construction of the New Convocation Hall at Lucknow from the drawings prepared by Sir Edwin L. Lutyens, R.A., estimated to cost about Rupees Twenty-five lakhs.

Tenders are to be delivered in sealed covers accompanied by Rupees One thousand in Currency Notes as earnest money, before 12 o'clock on Tuesday the 31st October, 1922, at the office of Sir Edwin L. Lutyens R.A., Architect, Raisina, Delhi.

The Drawings and Conditions of Contract may be inspected at, and the Forms of Tender and Abstract of Quantities obtaintd from the office of:—

Mr. C. G. BLOMFIELD, F.S.I.,
Architect,
19, Alipur Road, DELHI.
TA C14282

READY WASTE FOR SALE

COTTON and YARN WASTES of different sorts accumulated in the Crown Spinning and Manufacturing Co. Ld., situated at Parbhadevi Road, Parel, are for sale. Offers and Tenders for same will be received in the Company's Office at No. 2, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay, up to 4 p.m. (S. T.) on MONDAY, the 11th September, 1922, along with a case deposit of Rs. 200 (Rs. Two hundred only) per each tender. The Company reserves to itself the right to accept or reject a tender or tenders wholly or in part. Tender Forms may be procured from the Company's Office during Office hours.

(Sd.) PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
TA 14215

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that one SHARE CERTIFICATE No: 1397 in respect of 20 Ordinary Shares Nos: 191504-23 of the above Company standing in the name of one of our clients has been LOST STOLEN or MISPLACED. The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the same and requested to give information, if any, about the same to the undersigned at their following adress:—

MANUBHAI & CO.
Solicitors
76, Tamarind Lane.
Bombay, 11th September, 1922. C14305

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 237 of 1918.

VALI MAHOMED LADUK ..... Plaintiff
vs.
SARABAI, widow of Laduk Haji. Defendant.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the sale of the immoveable property being land or ground of Foras Tenure situate at Grant Road in the City of Bombay, together with the messuage tenements or dwelling house standing thereon containing 4733 square yards or thereabouts which was fixed for 4th September, 1922, is POSTPONED and the said sale will take place at the premises on MONDAY, the 11th day of September, 1922 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

For particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan Attorneys for the Plaintiff herein at No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 6th day of September, 1922.
R. B. PATEL,
Acting Commissioner.
C14269

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

(Rule 20, Order V, Act V of 1908).

Civil Suit No. 42 of 1922.

IN THE COURT OF SENIOR SUB-JUDGE AT CHHINDWARA.

The NETRA MANGANESE COMPANY. Plaintiff.
R. S. KHEMJI KUNBARJI. Defendant.

CLAIM FOR RS. 1,000.

TO

R. S. KHEMJI KUNWARJI. Coal Merchant, resident of Bombay Tahsil and District Bombay.

WHEREAS Plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for Rs. 1,000, you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person, or by a pleader duly instructed, and able to answer all material questons relating to the suit on the 3rd day of October 1922 at 10 o'clock forenoon,

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 29th day of 8, 1922.

1st SUB-JUDGE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII OF 1913.

and

In the matter of the Swadeshi Felt Caps and Hosiery Manufacturing Co. Ltd. having its registered Office at 271-77 Shaikh-Memon Street outside the Fort of Bombay.

DHANJI MOWJI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Ghatkoopar and doing business at Katha Bazar, outside the Fort .....Petitioner.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition for the winding up of the abovenamed Company by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay was on the 7th day of September, 1922, presented to the said Court by Dhanji Mowji the abovenamed Petitioner, a creditor of the said Company and that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the Hon. Judge Sitting in Chambers of the said Court on the 13th day of October, 1922; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company, desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his Counsel for that purpose; and a copy the Petition will be furnished to any credior or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charges for the same.

Dated this 8th day of September, 1922.

109, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

MADHAVJI & CO.,
Attorneys for the Petitioner.
C14278

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. PALLONJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA, of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 76, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Freehold land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at 3rd Marine Street, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 68 3/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 727, New No. 3323, Old Survey No. 2 and New Survey No. 2/3310 and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 2643 and Street No. 42, and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Siddick Haji Sulleman, on or towards the West by the property of Jamshedji Rustomji Khambatta, on or towards the North by the sweeper's passage and by 2nd Marine Street and the property of Erachshaw Dadabhoy Karanjia and on or towards the South by the 3rd Marine Street.

Dated this 8th day of September, 1922.

UNWALLA PHEROZSHA & PAPA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C14281

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits standing in the name of NARAYAN LAXMAN TAVDE, a widower, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Dadar Kumbharwada in the City of Bombay ..... Deceased MAHIPATRAO LAXMAN TAVDE, also of Bombay Kashatriya Maratha Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Dadar, Kumbharwada, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of administration.

Witness Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 11th day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-two and in the Thirteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI, Registrar.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 11th day of August, 1922.

Mr. MAHIPATRAO LAXMAN TAVDE,
C14302 Petitioner-in-person.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the Matter of the Indian Companies Act, 1913

and

In the Matter of F. F. Gordon, Limited.

D. PUDUMJEE & CO. ..... Petitioners.

THE Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kemp has by an order dated the 1st day of September, 1922, appointed Mr. Nanabhoy Hormusji Moos of Bombay, Barrister-at-Law, provisionally Official Liquidator of the abovenamed Company with powers (inter alia) to forthwith take charge of and carry on the business of the Company and has adjourned the hearing of the Petition herein to wind up the abovenamed Company to the 16th day of October, 1922.

Dated this 4th day of September, 1922.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI, Prothonotary.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 4th day of September, 1922.

Messrs. KANGA & BAYANI,
Attorneys for the Petitioners.
C14297

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KARIM WAJID ALI KHAN, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claims against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 79, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims and the same if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All those three parcels of Fazandari land or ground and the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing on the said pieces and a narrow strip of land adjoining to them from the Bombay Municipality and which pieces or parcels were made up and formed into one parcel for the purpose of erecting the said dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the Western side of the passage called the Rippon Road, in the Registration Sub District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 617 square yards or thereabouts be the same more or less and registered with the adjoining lands in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 198, New No. A2/13720, New Survey No. 2AA/3540 and are registered by the Fazandar Manordas in his book under No. 19-18 and 20 and bounded on the East by the Mahomedan Street and now called the Rippon Road and the South by a piece of land originally leased to Mudar Torab but now in the possession of the Abdul Karim Pathan, on the West by a piece of land of David Sassoon but now forming the property of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust and leased to them by Abdul Karjama Thanawalla and Amiruddin M. Mushater and on the North by a piece of land leased originally to Soobhatra Alla but now in the possession of Vazirboo Mulla Mahomed and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Assessment under Ward E. No. 4024 (2) 4025 and Street Nos. 211-211A, 212 Rippon Road.

Dated this 11th day of September, 1922.

MALVI MODY RANCHODDAS & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C 14301

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

No. 3996, 6th September 1922.
E 3939, 1st September, 1922.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for probate of the last Will and Testament of Bai KASTURBAI, wife of Ranchhoddas Vallabhdas of Bombay Bhatia Hindu inhabitant ..... Deceased.

(1) JAMNADAS VASSONJI and (2) JETHABHAI MULJI, both of Bombay Bhatia Hindu inhabitants, residing at Mahalaxmi and Warden Road respectively, without the Fort, the Executors named in the Will of the abovenamed deceased ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 29th day of August, in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-two and in the thirteenth year of our reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI, Registrar.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 29th day of August, 1922.

Messrs. MADHAVJI & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
C14303

AUCTION SALE.

MISTRY & CO.

9, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 2921.

SALE TO COMMENCE AT 10-30 A.M.

AUCTION SALE of household furniture by well-known makers dining table, sideboard, crockery, glassware, cottage piano, hall marked silver toilet and manicure set, plated-ware, etc., etc.

On SUNDAY, the 17th September, 1922, at East Ville Kitridge Road, Colaba, 10-30 a.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MISTRY & CO., will sell by Public Auction very rich furniture, comprising of dining table, dining room, chairs, sideboards and dining waggon tea tables, drawing room cabinet, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, folding screen, jardiniers very slightly used cottage piano English hall marked silver toilet and manicure set, Englihs steel cash box, fancy writing tables and revolving bookstands, silver showcases, ornaments and pictures, hatstand, teapoys, folding screen, file cabinet, ice box, season wood almirahs, clothes presses, dressing chest of drawers, and marble top washing tables, glassware, crockeryware, and platedware, cooking utensils, etc., etc.

The property of G. H. Kennedy, Esqr., Asst. Secretary to the Agent B. B. & C. I. Railway and others.

Catalogues will be printed and property will be open to view four days before sale.

Property of another gentleman:—
1 English canoe shaptd victoria and bay water with new harness, complete turn out.

MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 12th September, 1922.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND

ESTABLISHED 1870.
No. 315, HORNBY ROAD.
Opposite J. N. Petit Library.

Funded Capital, Rs. 2,44,100.
Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.
Perfect Economy in Management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation, is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate, 3½ per cent. Surrender Value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.
Commission to Canvassers.
For details apply for a copy of Rules to—

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI.
Secretary and Treasurer.

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

NOTICE.

The sale of steamers on account and risk of Mr. A. M. Jivanji, advertised to take place on the 18th instant is POSTPONED until further notice.

On SATURDAY, the 16th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of Grey and coloured, piece goods, etc., etc.

At 3-30 p.m. (S. T.)

1 second-hand rubber tyred English Brougham.
1 second-hand rubber tyred Landaulette.
1 second-hand rubber tyred Victoria.
1 Arab horse going in harness.
By order of the Banks concerned.
13 cases glass churns.
25 cases Corn Emery.
On account and risk of The Asian Motor Company and Mr. B. M. Wadia.
3 cases Electric Appliances.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURERS AUCTION SALE OF BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURING MACHINERY.

Under instructions from Messrs. The Tata Industrial Bank Ltd., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 20th instant, sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S T.), at Lamington Road, near Lal Chimney, at Messrs. N. Panell and Co.'s godown, on account and risk of the Standard Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Co., all the machinary accessories, etc., of the Boot and Shoe Manufactury consisting of Louis Heel Splitter Columbia Beader, Improved Blake Machine Marker Bottom Scouver, Channel opener, Tap cutting press, Devy Pegger, 5—7 ft., Revo Press Plenet Sole Founder, Pluma Skiver for skiving stiffeners, Edge cementor and outfit, Leather Roller Turned Steel Shafting, Coils Pegwood, Dies, Punches, Universal Shigging wire, Seat wheels, etc., etc.

The above will be sold either in one lot or in separate lots to suit the requirements of the purchaser subject to reserve price. The above is on view from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. at the above address.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale and balance to be paid the next day's goods cleared away within a week from the day of sale in default of which rent at the rate of Rs. 100 per dozen will have to be paid.

All the undermentioned properties will be sold at Lot No. 1, Wellesley Road, Bungalow.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY,

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE WELL FURNISHED BUNGALOWS AT POONA AND AT KIRKEE.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mulla, & Mulla, Attorneys for the Executors of the late Mr. Sorabji Dadabhoy Dubash, Messrs BENNETT & CO., will put up for sale by Public Auction the under mentioned immoveable properties on the premises at Wellesley Road, Poona, on SUNDAY, the 17th day of September, 1922 at 4 p.m. (Standard time).

LOT NO. 1.

Bungalows known as Sangam Bungalow and Cebin Bungalow—will be put up for sale in one lot.

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Wellesley Road in Poona, Sub District Haveli with a Bungalow and outhouse standing thereon and containing by admeasurements 4 acres and 20 Guntha's and bearing New Survey No. 76, Municipal No. 30-31 and bounded on the North by the G. I. P. Ry. siding, on or towards the East by the G. I. P. Ry Goods siding on or towards the South by the said Wellesley Road, and on or towards the West by the G. I. P. Ry. siding with the furniture and two wells in the compound.

LOT NO. 2.

1. All that piece or parcel of land at Kirkee in Cantonment lines containing by admeasurements 10111 sq. yds., with a bungalow and outhouse standing thereon assessed under Old No. 33, New No. 2, and bounded on the East by Public Road called the Bombay Mail Road, on the West by vacant land belonging to Government, and adjoining thereto by the G. I. P. Railway lines, on the North by the property called "Casus Villa" belonging to Pestonji Cowsji and on the South by Vacant land of the Government and bearing house No. 25 in the Registration Sub District of Haveli.

LOT NO. 3.

All that piece or parcel of land in Kirkee Cantonment containing by admeasurements 9702 sq. yads., with a bungalow standing thereon assessed under Old No. 34, New 25 and bounded on the East by Public Road called the Bombay Mail Road, on the West by open ground used for Race course, on the North by the property called "Jamshed Hall" belonging to Pestonji Cowsji and on the South by Government land.

LOT NO. 4.

All that piece or parcel of land with the Bungalow out house and stables situate at Elphinston Road within the Cantonement lines at Kirkee containing by admeasurements 3855 sq. yds.: or. thereabouts bearing Old No. 31, New No. 37 and bounded on the East by open land of the Government, on the West by public Road called Elphinston Road and beyond that by Government Building, on the North by Government Building known as School Masters Bungalow and on the South by open Government Ground.

For further particulars and conditions of sale aply to Messrs Mulla & Mulla Attorneys for the Executors abovenamed or to the undersigned.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE FURNISHED BUNGALOW AT DEOLALI.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, attorneys, for the Executors of the late Mr. Sorabji Dadabhoy Dubash, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 29th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their rooms at 120, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:—

Lot No. 1:—All that piece or parcel of land with a Bungalow standing thereon situate at Deolali in the Nasik district bearing the following particulars:

Survey No.	Pot No.	Area. A. G.	Akar.
102	1	0-13	0-12-6
103	2	6-11	5-8-0
102	3	0-29	25-8-0
102	4	0-14	12-6-0
102	5	1-3	3-0-0

Lot No. 2:—All that piece or parcel of land with a Bunfalow standing thereon situatt at Deolali in the Nasik district and bearing the following particulars:—

Survey No.	Pot No.	Area.	Akar.
2	1, 2 and 6	1-4	2-1-4
178	5, 6	2-7	6-14-6
		6-13	6-14-6
		11-7	14-6-6
197		1-13	5-13-3
237	3		

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla at Gresham Building, Hornby Road or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,

Bombay 12th September, 1922.

AUCTION SALE.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
20, Apollo Street.
Tel. No. 2489.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE UNMOVEABLE PROPERTIES SITUATE AT GURUPDEO ROAD AND TANK BUNDER ROAD, WITHOUT THE PORT OF BOMBAY.

By order of and under instructions from the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors and pursuant to the power of sale given to the mortgagees under the Indenture of Mortgage dated 11th October 1919, and made between Hasanalli M. Gangriwalla and Abbasbhai Abdulali of the one part and the mortgagees of the other part and under the Indenture of further charge dated 9th February, 1921, and made between Lookmanji M. Gangriwalla and Abdealli M. Gangriwalla, Receivers of the estate of the deceased Hasanalli M. Gangriwa and Abbasbhai Abdulali of the one part and the mortgagees of the other part and under the second Indenture of further charge dated 1st October, 1921, and made between Nanabhoy Hormusji Moos, Receiver of the estate of the deceased Hasanalli M. Gangriwalla and Abbasbhoy Abdulali of the one part and the mortgagees of the other part Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on Monday, the 18th day of September, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises the undermentioned properties.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.

FIRSTLY—All that piece or parcel of Government leasehold land with the messuages, tenements and buildings standing thereon situate near Tank Bunder Road and on the East of Ghorupdeo Road without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1,572.2/9th square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 59, New No. B/16296, Old Survey No. 1/698 and New Survey No. 3 B/3712 and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the East partly by the property of Rawa Custnaji and another and partly by the property of Muncherji Hirjibhoy Cavarana on or towards the West partly by the property secondly hereinafter described and partly by the property of Rama Custnaji and another on or towards the North partly by the property secondly hereinafter described and partly by the property of Noormahomed Haji Janmahomed and on or towards the South partly by the property secondly hereinafter described, partly by the property of Rama Custnaji and another and partly by the Tank Bunder Road.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government leasehold land or ground with the messuages, tenements and buildings standing thereon situate, lying and being at the corner between Tank Bunder Road and Ghorupdeo Road without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 439 6/9th square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 101-New No. 16335, Old Survey No. 1/693 and New Survey No. 4/3712 and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the East by the property first hereinbefore described on or towards the West by the Ghorupdeo Road on or towards the North by the property first hereinbefore described and partly by the property of Noormahomed Jan-Mahomed and on or towards the South partly by the property first hereinabove described and partly by the Tank Bunder Road.

Both which premises firstly and second described are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under E Ward No. 7722 (1), 7722 (1A), 7722 (1B), 7722 (2), 7723 (1), 7723 (2), Street Nos. 2, 2A, 2B, 2AB, 4 and 4A.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the mortgagees at their office at Gresham Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES SITUATE AT GRANT ROAD, NEAR GRANT ROAD FREBE BRIDGE.

By order of and under instructions from Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal, Attorneys for the Mortgagte and on account and at the risk of the heirs and legal representatives of the deceased Mortgagor Bawa Babool Goolmahomed Messrs. J. S. MODY and CO., Auctioneers will sell the undermentioned properties by public auction on the premises on SATURDAY, the 16th day of September, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) pursuant to the Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortage dated 15th day of November, 1918 and made between the said Bawa Babool Goolmahomed (since deceased) of the one part and Hasonally Mahomedaly of the other part.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.

FIRSTLY—All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon, situate lying and being on the South side of the Grant Road Bridge in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 503 decimal point 68 square yards be the same a little more or less bearing Collector's Old No. 355, New No. B/13385, Old Survey No. 198 and New Survey No. 1A/7346 and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under D Ward No. 3646 (2-3) Street Nos. 4A and 4B and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the North by the property formerly belonging to Ebrahim Haji Esak and now to Bomonji Aderji Engineer on or towards the East by the leasehold land hereinafter secondly described, on or towards the South by the property of Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit and on or towards the West by the property of Mahomed Rowji.

SECONDLY—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground situate, lying and being at Grant Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Rtgistration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 20 decimal point 66 square yards be the same a little more or less and bearing Collector's New No. A/16998 and New Survey No. 6A/7347 and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the North by portion of leasehold land near the Frere Over Bridge on or towards the South by the property belonging to the estate of Nuserwanji Maneckji Petit on or towards the East partly by the property of Runchordas Tribhowandas and partly by the land of Hussonally Sullemanji and on or towards the West by the property firstly hereinabove described.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal, Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their office at No. 26 Ash Lane, Fort or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 12th September, 1922.

The Bombay Chronicle Press
IS EQUIPPED WITH UP TO DATE QUICK-SERVICE AND LABOUR SAVING MACHINES.
PROSPECTUSES ARE PRINTED WITH UTMOST EXPEDIENCY.

AUCTION SALE.

MUSSAJEE JAFERJEE.

NOTICE.

Under the kind instructions received from the Chief Ordinance Officer Kirkee Arsenal, Messrs. Mussajee Jafferjee Goverament Auctioneers will hold a public auction at the Kirkee Arsenal, on THURSDAY, 14th September 1922 at 2 p.m. of the following Stores:—

Lead M.H., mixed, and pure pigs, Brass, nickel cupro, Pewter, copper, aluminimum Ingots old, Brass, copper, aluminimum scrap canvas bucket, cells electric, cover canvas, Tents I. P. Flies and Walls, Helves of sorts, Chains, Ropes, glasses, Pumps, cable Electric, Lamp old, Stoves, Axespick heads, Felt old, Leather old, Watches, clocks, water bottles, Tubs, Shovels old, Gunny old, Cannas old, Tinold, Vices, locks, Durries, Barrowswheel, Blankets old, Anvels old, cordage cotton old, Tape old, Mamcotics, Cordage Hemp, Enamel ware, web old, Jhools, Steel Cost Scrap, Iron wrought, Steel Mild Scrap, Tools, Bellows, Rags old cloths, wheels, Boxes of sorts, Mattress cases, sheets, Buckets, ground sheets, carts of sorts, Knives, Forks, Pipe hose old, Docsootie old, tanks, Balances spring, Camp kettles, Machinery of sorts, Drums, Bicycles, wool, cotton old, etc.,

Conditions of sale will be read over on the spot.

Messrs. MUSSAJEE JAFERJEE,
Government Auctioneer.

36 Main Street, Camp Poona.
R4866

INSURANCE.

THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LD.

113, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

CHAIRMAN.
Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy, Esq.

Attractive Plans for Life Insurance with lowest rates and with special advantages.
For particulars apply to—

JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
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THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. LTD.
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The Company pays all incidental expenses—you pay the premiums—The Company pays you on maturity or your heirs if death occurs earlier.

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Speedy settlement of claims.

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BOMBAY.

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1. Policies kept up automatically. No fear of 1 and forfeiture lapse.
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K. C. VIDYARTHI,
Manager, Head Office.

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H. H. the Maharaja of Cooch Behar, K.C.S.I.
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Maharaj Kumar Victor N. Narayan of Cooch Behar.

Because
No Company combines so many advantages:
It is a purely Indian Company.
Under expert and most efficient management.
It guarantees positive protection.
Cheapest Rates of Premium.
Premiums payable by small instalments.
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Policies are automatically protected from forfeiture.
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For Particulars apply to the HEAD OFFICE or to LOCAL SECRETARY, 68, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

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Tel. 2710. Telegraphic:—"LODGE."
THE ONLY BEST AND COMFORTABLE HOME.
FOR RAJAHS AND HIGH CLASS HINDU FAMILIES.

Shri Narsinh Hindu Lodge.

VITHAL SAYANA BUILDING, LOHAR CHAWL
Decent boarding and lodging accommodation guaranteed

For charges.:—	Monthly	Daily
Special Class for kings	200—0	10—0—0
1st Class	75—100	5—0—0
2nd Class	50—70	3—8—0
		3—0—0
		2—8—0

STUDENTS GRANTED FOR CONCESSION UPPER CLASS.

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.

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NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL-MAATSCHAPPIJ.
(Incorporated in Holland.)
Established by Royal Charter 1825.

CAPITAL PAID-UP F. 80,000,000 £8,888,888
RESERVE FUND F. 59,139,240 £4,928,270
HEAD OFFICE AT AMSTERDAM (Holland).
Agencies at ROTTERDAM and THE HAGUE.
Head Agency at BATAVIA.
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Bandoeng,	Pontianak,
Cheribon,	Semarang,
Djember,	Soerabaija,
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Langsa,	(Delhi),
Macassar,	Tegal,
Medan,	Telok Betung,
Padang,	Tjilatiap,
Palembang,	Welteverden.

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.—Singapore, Rangang.
BRITISH INDIA.—Calcutta, Bombay, Rangoon.
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CHINA—Shanghai, Hongkong.
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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest showed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance up to Rs. 1,00,000. If the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Re. 10 no interest will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed on terms to be ascertained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT DRAFTS issued on the above Agencies, the principal Continental places, South Africa, America and Australia.
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Actg. Agents.

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"DIABETES SPECIALIST"
Over 20 years' experience and awarded Gold Medals.

Of the numerous testimonials accorded by patients as well as Chemical Analysis, the following are taken at random:—

Miss BANOO, F. Poacha and Mr. W. H. Gandar, Grant Road, Bombay, write:—"We are pleased to inform that Dr. S. R. Iyengar, Specialist in Diabetes, cured, Mrs. Framji Dadabhoy Poacha of Raipur, who was suffering from Diabetes for the last 5 years. When she commenced Dr. Iyengar's treatment, the percentage of Sugar in the Urine was more than 5 per cent. as examined by Dr. Billimoria, M.D., Bombay. After the treatment it was found at the Municipal Laboratory, Sugar, "Nil." We are all exceedingly sorry that we did not consult him earlier. I and my mother wish him, good health and prosperity and thank him for removing sugar in her Urine entirely."

Consultation Hours:—8 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 7 p.m.
Address:—"GHIA BUILDINGS," Khetwadi Main Road.
Opp. Girgaon Post Office, Bombay.
Telegrams:—"DIABETES," Bombay.

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AMUSEMENTS

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-MORROW AT 6-30 P. M.
"THE MORE EXCELLENT WAY"
featuring
ANITA STEWART AND CHARLES RICHMAN.

THE EXCELSIOR.

Direction: Madan Theatres, Ltd.
Genl. Man. (Bombay Circuit) James McGrath.
TO-DAY TUESDAY AT 9-30
For a short Season only
A GREAT DRAMATIC EVENT!
Bandman's Eastern Circuit, Ltd. presents
ROBERT COURTNEIDGE
AND
W. E. HOLLOWAY'S LONDON CO.
in the Latest London Dramatic Successes

TUES. 12th Sept. at 9-30 prompt.
Geo. Zucco and Leslie Graham in
THE MAN FROM TORONTO
From the Duke of York's Theatre, London.

WED. 13th Sept. at 9-30 prompt
Claude Allister, Geo. Zucco and Cherry Hardy in the Great Drury Lane Triumph:
"THE GARDEN OF ALLAH"
BY ROBERT HICHENS.

THURS. 14th Sept. at 9-30 pro
red Permain, Leslie Graham and Cherry Hardy in
"AMBROSE APPLEJOHN'S ADVENTURE"
The Comedy Breaking All Records at the Criterion, London.

FRI. 15th Sept. at [illegible] prompt
W. E. HOLLOWAY
IN
"ABRAHAM LINCOLN"
the beautiful historical play by John Drinkwater.

SAT. 16 Sept. at 9-30 [illegible]ompt
CLAUDE ALLISTER, CHERRY HARDY and LESLIE GRAHAM in Sir GERALD Du MAURIER'S GREAT SUCCESS
"BULL-DOG DRUMMOND"
From Wyndham's Theatre, London.
NO ADVANCE IN PRICES.
Booking at ROSE & Co., Ltd.

THE EXCELSIOR.

COMING! SEPT. 20TH.
THE AMAZING SUPER PICTURE.
MAN—WOMAN—MARRIAGE
MAN—WOMAN—MARRIAGE
MAN—WOMAN—MARRIAGE
featuring
DOROTHY PHILLIPS
and
Thousands of men and women, bare-back riders; Amazons, Barbaric dancers, Pagan beauties; thousands of horses, lions, tigers, chimpanzees and bears.

THE EMPIRE

TO-DAY at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN'S
Greatest Hit
THE KID
Featuring
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
and
JACKIE COOGAN
The world's Record Breaker.

ONCE AGAIN.

By the request of our numerous patrons, we are presenting again Hindoostan Cinema Film Co.'s Super production.
Ahiravan-Mahiravan Vadh.
An episode from the epic Ramayan, depicting Aryan life in ancient days; and recalling to our mind the heroism, courage and strength of the Aryan race of that time
AT
CINEMA MAJESTIC
POPULAR PRICES.
4 SHOWS DAILY.
Holidays Extra Show 3-30.
NEXT WEEK
PITRODHAR
OR
THE REDEEMER
A New Brilliant, Production of THE STAR FILMS, Ltd.

AMUSEMENTS.

GLOBE CINEMA

SANDHURST ROAD. PHONE 3455.
THE COOLEST PICTURE HOUSE IN BOMBAY.
UNDER AMERICAN MANAGEMENT.
TO-DAY at 5, 6-30, 8-15 and 10-15 p.m.
PEARL WHITE
IN
THE SENSATIONAL PATHE SERIAL
"THE QUEEN SEEKS DISTRACTION"
CONTINUOUS EPISODES OF
THRILLS——DANGER——MYSTERY
FIRST INSTALMENT TO-DAY
WITH SNUB POLLARD COMEDY.
SPECIAL MATINEES:
SATURDAY, SUNDAY AND HOLIDAYS AT 3-30.
NOTICE—Soldiers in Uniform admitted to Dress Circle at Half Price.

THE EMPRESS

TO-DAY 6-30, 8-15 & 10 P. M.
A PARSI SOCIAL SKIT
featuring
The late Miss Gohur and Master Mohun, Mr. Ohhapgar and Mr. Daliba Sarkari.
"BOODHA BOOBUKH"
Written by the well-known Gujrati Writer, Mr. GULFAM.

!! FOR ONE WEEK MORE !!
OWING TO THE DEMAND OF THE GENERAL PUBLIC
IMPERIAL
PRESENTS
AN EXTRA SUPER PRODUCTION
MALTI-MADHAV
TOGETHER WITH
A REEL OF CHARMING DANCES
BY
Miss Lina Velentine
BOTH PRODUCED BY
Kohinoor Films Co.
DAILY 4 SHOWS—5,—7,—8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
EXTRA SHOWS ON SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS AT 3-30
ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW.

THIS WEEK. [illegible] THIS WEEK.
The Gaiety Theatre
FORT.
Wed. 13th Sept. } 9-30
Friday. 15th Sept. } p.m.
Dr. ALVARO
Dr. ALVARO
Dr. ALVARO
N.B.:—Seats booked at the Theatre.

Here's a NOVELTY for You!
(Late "Star" Cinema)
Re-Opening under entirely New Proprietorship and Expert management of the "Imperial" proprietors in the name of
THE
NOVELTY!
CINEMA
Tram Terminus, Grant Road.
A Special Select Picture for the opening week
"THE CARNIVAL CHILD"
"THE CARNIVAL CHILD"
A "PATHE" Superb Comedy drama
together with
"PATHE" GAZETTE and a
"SNUB POLARD" Comedy.
Shows daily—5-15, 7, 8-45 & 10-30. Saturday Sunday & Bank Holidays, Extra Matinee 3-30.
POPULAR PRICES: Rs. 2, 1, As. 12, 8, 6, 3
SPECIAL
SEPARATE ARRANGEMENT
for Ladies, Children & Family in Balcony
Reserved Seats at specially reduced
Concession Rates As. 12 only.

WEST-END CINEMA

TO-NIGHT AND THIS WEEK
A Superb Robertson-Colt Million-Dollar Super-Production
"KISMET"
A magnificent Oriental Drama of the glories and beauties of Baghdad—featuring the greatest actor of America
OTIS SKINNER
The Opening First five parts are screened this week—the remaining four parts will be screened next week
KISMET
The interesting story of Haji, the beggar of Baghdad a thousand years ago and his terrible revenge on his persecutors.
The Programme includes a Billie Rhodes Comedy
To-night:—5-30; 7; 8-45; & 10-30; p.m.
(S.T.)
WEST-END CINEMA
(New Churney Road.

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE
IN AID OF
THE MAHARASHTRA FREE LIBRARIES ASSOCIATION.
LALITKALA DARSHA NATAK COMPANY
will stage "SHAHA-SHIVAJI" in
THE BOMBAY THEATRE
Wednesday 13-9-22 at 8-30 p.m.
All are cordially requested to help the Free Libraries movement by attending the drama.

SALE OF TREASURY BILLS.

A Government of India, Finance Department, notification dated 11th instant runs as follows:—

The Government of India hereby give notice that tenders will be received at the office of the Controller of the Currency, Calcutta, the Deputy Controller of the Currency, Bombay, and the Accountant-General, Madras, on Thursday, the 4th Septtmber, 1922, up to 1 p.m., for six months' Treasury Bills to the amount of 50 lakhs.

The Bills will be in amounts of Rs. 5,000, Rs. 10,000, Rs. 25,000, Rs. 50,000, Rs. 1 lakh, Rs. 5 lakhs and Rs. 10 lakhs. They will be dated at the option of the tenderer on any date from Monday, the 18th, to Saturday, the 23rd September 1922 inclusive, and will be payable at six months after date.

The Bills will be issued and paid at the Local Head Office of the Imperial Bank of India at Calcutta, Bombay and Madras.

Each tender must be for a multiple of Rs. 5,000, the lowest tender admissible being for Rs. 10,000. Each tender must specify the date on which the Bills required are to be dated and the net amount per cent. (in rupees and annas) which will bt given for the amount applied for. Tenders at rates containing a fraction of an anna will not be accepted. Tenderers will have the option of taking an accepted tender in a single Bill (of any of the values mentioned in paragraph 2 above) or in a number of Bill of smaller amount aggregating the total tender.

The persons whose tenders ore accepted will be informed of the same on Saturday, the 16th September, and payment in full of the amounts of the accepted tenders must be made to the Imperial Bank of India not later than 12 o'clock noon on the day on which the relative Bills are dated. If tenders are received in excess of the amount offered a proportion of rejecting the tender.

The Government of India reserve the right of rejecting all tenders.

Tht Controller of the Currency will announce on Saturday, the 16th September, the rate at which further six months' Bills, if any, will be offered for sale during the ensuing week. The rate for such intermediate Bills will ordinarily be higher than the average rate accepted for tenders. These intermediate Bills will be available for sale at the Local Head Offices of the Imperial Bank at Calcutta, Bombay and Madras, and at the branches of the Bank at Karachi, Rangoon, Cawnpore, Delhi and Lahore.

Brokerage at the rate of 1/16 per cent will be paid on accepted tenders, paragraph 4 of they bear a recognised broker's stamp. No brokerage will be paid on Bills tendered for direct by Banks.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, Saturday, Sept. 9th.

Total in Sight	771,600
Egyptian Visible Supply	303,000
East Indian ,, ,,	117,000
American ,, ,,	1,667,000
Other ,, ,,	297,000
Total Sales	41,000
East Indian Sales	600
Total Speculation	—
,, Export	—
East Indian Export	—
,, ,, Stock	29,000
,, ,, Forwarded	700
,, ,, Actual Export	—
,, ,, Imports	1,400
,, ,, Speculation	—
American Afloat	51,000
East Indian Afloat	7,000
Total Afloat	115,000

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 9th.

Oct.	21 72
Dec	21 95
Futures at New York,	
Jan	21 85
Mar	21 99

London, Sept. 9th.

Telegraphic Transfers	1/3 21/32 Steady
Bar Gold	—
Bar Silver Spot	35 1/8 Steady

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Sept. 9th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	30,000
,, Exports to Great Britain	9,000
,, ,, to Continent	—
Futures at New York Oct.	21 72
,, ,, ,, Dec.	21 95
,, ,, ,, Jan.	21 85
,, ,, ,, Mar.	21 99
Spot Cotton, at New York	22 00+30
,, ,, at New Orleans	21 38+63
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	21 26+35
,, ,, at New Orleans Jan.	21 43+35
Fair Rio Office (No. 7 quality)	10 7/16
Demand Bills	—
Silver Commercial U. S. mint	99 1/4
Do. Foreign	69 1/2

MONEY MARKET.

London, Sept. 9th

Banks 3%	61 1/2
Bar Silver Spot	35 1/8
,, ,, 2 months hence	35 1/8

Closing Tone of silver:—Sittle China Selling. Indian is small Buyers Steady.

Interest day to day loans	2
,, 7 day Market loans	1 1/2
Discount, Bank of England Rate 3 p/c. since 17th July 1922.	3

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Sept 9th

WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe 62 1/2 lbs. Aug.-Sept paid Sellers	45/9
Barletta Russo 63 lbs. Aug.-Sept. Sellers	44/9
Australian 61 lbs. Aug, paid Sellers	50/6

Tone:—Firm.

Wheat afloat to N, K.	17	50 Qrs,

SHARES.

Chartered Bank	£ 17 3/4
Hongkong	£ 116 3/4
National	£ 43 3/4
P. & O. Banking Corp.	£ 14 5/8
Eastern Bank	£ 5 1/4

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferospore real Bold Sept-Oct. Sellers	£ 17
Rapeseed, Yellow General, 416 lbs. ex-Ship	—
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship Sept-Oct. Value	£ 16

Tone of Rapeseed:—Firmer

Linseed, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Aug.-Sept. Nominal	—

Tone of Linseed:—

Cottonseed, Bombay sound delivered per ton Sept.-Oct. Sellers	£ 8 1/4

Tone Rapeseed Sept.-Oct.

Value	£ 17 5/8
Linseed, Argentine Sept.-Oct. Paid	£ 17 1/8
Buyers	—

Tone:—

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	68
Standard Copper G. M. B.	63 1/4
Copper Braziers	83
Yellow Metal	8 3/16
Hard Spelter	24 7/8
Corrugated Sheets	£ 16 3/8

WAR LOANS, ETC.

Funding Loans 4% 1960/90	£ 86 3/4
Victory Bonds 4%	£ 88 1/4
War loan 5% 1929/47	£ 99 15/16
Consols 2 1/2%	£ 46 7/8
Rupee Paper 5 1/2%	37
Indian Stock 3 1/2% (Sterling Loan)	68
Govt. Securities 5%	87
7 p/c. Indian Loan	£ 115

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure, Oct.-Nov	10 1/2
Plantation First Latex Crepe Sept. Paid	7 3/8
Freight of Coal, Cardiff to Bombay	19/6

Tone:—Firmer.

JAVA SUGAR.

Brown Sugar 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Sept.-Oct. Sellers	19/7 1/2
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Sept.-Oct. Sellers	20/10 1/2
Do. Do. Oct.-Dec. Sellers	21
Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay Oct.-Dec. Sellers	21/7 1/2
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi Oct.-Dec. Sellers	21/9

Tone:—

SHARE REPORTS.

BANKS.

Name	Paid up Amount	Face Value	Div. paid	Last Div.	Quotation to buy
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Allahabad Bank	100	100	Feb-Aug.	9%	120
Alliance	100	—	Jan-Aug.	7%	190
Baroda	50	100	Jan-July	17½%	15
Imperial	500	500	Jan-July	40%	1347/8
,, Contributary	126	,,		10	270
India	50	100	Jan-July	7½	113
Central	25	50	Feb-Oct.	7½	34 xd
Nats Bank	22 1/2	75	,,	as. 8	15/12
Chartered Bank	—	£5	£5 Apr-Oct.	13/3	£ 17
Eastern	—	£5	£5.10 ,,	5	
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	—	$125	$125 ,,	£ 3	£ 115
Mercantile Bank of India	A £ 12 1/2		,, ,,	10%	£ 28/4
Bank of Morvi	—	10	25 Feb-Oct	2%	7 5

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Dholka	—	100	100	Mar-Sept.	9 3/4%	120
Ahmedabad Pratnij	—	500	500	,,	11 1 2%	340
Amritsar Patty		100	100	,,	8 1/4%	100
Central Provinces		100	100	,,	6%	88 xd
Chaparmukh Silghat	—	100	100	,,	2%	55
Dond-Baramate		100	100	Feb-Aug.	2 1/2%	52
Khulna Bagirhat	—	100	100	,,	4%	108
Larkhana	—	100	100	,,	6%	52
Mandhra Bhon	—	90	100	Feb-Aug.	4 7/8%	88 xd
Pachora Jamner		100	100	Feb-Aug.	2 1/2	90
Sara Sirajgunj	—	0	100	Mar-Sept.	1/4%	65
Sialkote Narowal	—	100	100	Apr-Oct.	5%	78 x
Sindh Light		100	100	Jan.-Jan.	11%	110
Tapti Valley		500	500	Mar-Sept.	8 1/2%	585
Upper Sindh Light	—	100	100	Feb-Aug.	—	66

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Portland	—	10	10	July	3 10	39
Bamankua	—	5	—	,,	—	4
Central mining	—	10	—	,,	32 1/2%	38
Indian Cement		250	250	,,	20	273
Katni Cement ord.	—	100	100	,,	10	238
,, Defd	—	40	40	,,	184 10	1160
Shivrajpur	—	10	10	,,	4-9-4	29

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Ah. Advance	500	500	Apr-Oct.	150	3000
Alliance cotton	100	100	,,	40	520 n
Appollo	50	50	Feb-Jan.	8	71/4
Birla mills	100	100	Apr-Sept	8	87/8
By. Cotton	500	500	Sep-Dec.	100	1040
By. Dyeing	250	250	Mar-apr.	96	1450
Bradbury	250	250	June-Nov.	100	975
Bombay Industrial	100	100	,,	15	78
Century	100	100	Apr-Sep.	72	767/8
Cent. India	500	500	May-Nov.	225	47
Colaba Land	700	700	March	130	2140 xd
Coorla	100	100	June-Dec.	35	260
Crescent	100	100	July-Dec.	53	470
Currimbhoy	250	250	,,	110	—
David	250	250	Apr-Sep.	45	—
Dawn	250	250	Mar-Apr.	80	1100
E. D. Sassoon United	7 1/2	10	Sep.	as. 8	4/12
Edward Sassoon	200	200	Mar-Aug.	25	460
Elphinstone	100	100	June	25	130
Fazulbhoy	250	250	,,	120	1220
Framji Petit	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	200	2100
Globe	100	100	Mar-Sep.	20	125
Gokak	100	100	,,	30	232/8
Indian Bleaching	100	100	May.	10	205
Indore Malwa	100	100	Aug-Feb	65	592/8 xd
Jamshed Mfg.	250	250	May-Oct.	60	410
Kastoorchand	500	500	July-Dec.	50	800
Knatao	100	100	Apr-Nov.	35	555
Kilachand mill's	25	25	Aug-Jan.	1 1/2	16/12
Kohinoor	500	500	Mar-Aug.	80	2390
Luxmi Cotton	1000	1000	Apr.-Oct.	500	6850
Madhavrao Scindia	100	100	,,	28	215
Madhowji	100	100	July-Dec.	30	600
Mathuradas	500	500	May-Nov.	50	700
Manekji Petit	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	400	4700 n
Meyer Sassoon	100	100	Mar-Aug.	30	280
Morarji	1000	1000	Apr-Nov.	400	780 xd
New Great	200	200	Mar-Sep.	70	610 xd
New City	100	100	,,	80	952 8
Paban	250	250	,,	90	760
Pearls	250	250	July-Dec.	90	942/8
Phoenix	100	100	Mar-Aug	100	830
Premier	100	100	May	,,	135
Planet	100	100	Dec-Aug.	15	220
Presidency Mills	125	125	Aug-Jan.	25	290
Sassoon Cotton	100	100	Apr-Aug.	16	130
Shapurji	102	101	Aug-Sept	20	210
Sholapur	1000	1000	Apr-Oct.	1800	15,000
Simplex	250	250	Jan-Dec.	70	710
Standard	500	500	Apr-Sept.	130	2475
Swan	250	250	Mar.-Aug.	70	1100
"Swadeshi"	500	500	Apr-Oct.	200	4800
Tata Mill	500	500	May-Oct.	90	1050
Vishnu Cotton	500	500	Apr-Oct.	200	2400

ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

Ahd. Electricity	188	100	,,	8 o/o		130
Andhra Valley	1000	1000	,,	2		785
Bombay. Electric Supply & Tramway	52	52	,,	5	116/4	
Tata Hydro	1022	1022	Jan.	30		780

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock	—	102	125	,,	50	475
B. Burma T. Corpo	—	125	125	,,	25	492/2
B. Burma N.I.		50	125	,,	10	135
By. Flour	—	500	500	Jan-Aug.	15 o/o	1500
Bt. Burma Pet	—			Mar-Oct.	as 3,	7/10
By. Steam	—	250	250	Oct. Rs.	41/2%	210
Kemp & Co.		200		July.	20	140
Marsks	—	100		,,	12	82
New India Insur.	—	25	250	,,	,,	13
Oriental Govt. Life	—	50	200	April	30%	
Phillips	—	40		July	10%	
Port Canning		1000		Sept	5%	65
Scindia Steam		30	50	,,	,,	7
Tata Iron & Steel-Ord.		75	75	Sept.	4 o/o	59/12
Defd	—	30	30	Sept.	25	193/12
N. Ord.	—	75	75	,,	4	—
N. Def	—	400	400	,,	5	—
Tata 6%	—	100	100	,,	6	87/4
Thackar Co.		50	50	Sept.	6	183

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BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Sept. 11.

To-day a further advance of 30 points is reported in New York futures. The market advanced on Bull support and short covering. The New York market is very steady. Crop accounts still continue unfavourable. We would advise buying on any good break. The ginners report till 1st September, 1922, is 817,000 bales as compared with 481,788 bales last year.

The Marwari Bazar opened this morning for F. G. M. G. Broach April-May at Rs. 480½ and eased to Rs. 476 on offers selling, the rate at 4 p.m. ruled Rs. 476. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 476½. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 476½ and closed at Rs. 474½. Fine M. G. Oomra September opened at Rs. 488 and declined to Rs. 486 on general selling. On buying by Bull operators the prices improved to Rs. 489 and the rate at 4 p.m. was Rs. 488. While Oomra December-January opened at Rs. 425 and went down to Rs. 421½. F. G. M. G. Bengal December-January was Rs. 354 nominal.

Our market for ready cotton maintained a quiet tone on Friday last. Bonafide buyers were not in the market.

To-day tenders for Oomra September are as follows:—

Berar	.....	10,500 bales.
Central Provinces No. 1	.....	1,400 bales.
Central Provinces No. 2	.....	2,500 bales.
Total	.....	14,400 bales.

Total up-to-date as under:—

Berar	.....	133,200 bales.
Central Provinces No. 1	.....	44,300 bales.
Central Provinces No. 2	.....	36,300 bales.
Total	.....	213,800 bales.

COLABA CLOSING QUOTATIONS (6 P. M.)

Bombay, Sept. 11th.

				Rs.
F. G. Broach	—	April/May	—	474 1/2
Fully Good Bengal	—	Dec./Jan.	—	353
Fine Oomra	—	Dec./Jan.	—	420
,, ,,	—	Sept.	—	487

E. I. C. A. QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 11th.

				Rs.
F. G. Broach	—	April/May	—	476
Fully Good Bengal	—	Dec./Jan.	—	353
Fine Oomra	—	Dec./Jan.	—	422
,, ,,	—	Sept.	—	488

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 11th.

Description, Super Fine F, Good Good Fine					
M. G. Bengal and Sind Punjab	375	355	335	...	
M. G. Oomra's No. 3	490	470	455	...	...
M. G. Central P. No. 1	530	510	495	...	...
M. G. Oomra's P. No. 2	515	495	480	...	...
F. G. Broach	...	...	505	495	485	...

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p. m. on 11th Sept, 1922.

Cotton	1151	Bs.
Wheat	156	Cwts.
Linseed	80	,,
Rape, etc	183	,,
Gingallyseed	528	,,
Poppyseed	Nil	,,
Groundnuts	485	,,
Cottonseed	528	,,
Rice	2913	,,
Myrabollams	993	,,
Cottonseed	888	,,
Mowraseed	324	,,
Gram	533	,,
Jowar	468	,,
Masur	Nil	,,
Barley	Nil	,,
Bajra	852	,,
Coal	1893	Tons

ESTIMATED COTTON STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Bombay, Sept, 8th.

WEEKLY REPORT.

	1922-1923 Rs.	1921-1922 Rs.
Receipts for the week ending 7th Sept. 1922	9,372	22,679
Receipts from 1st September 1922 to 7th Sept. 1922	9,372	26,030
Shipment for the week ending 7th Sept. 1922 Europe	7,694	
China, Japan and Coast Ports	9,352	
Total	17,046	
Afloat in Harbour Europe	4,784	
,, ,, China, Japan and Coast Ports	3,409	
Total shipments from 1st September 1922 to 7th Sept. 1922 Europe	7,694	19,350
In China, Japan and Coast Ports	9,352	21,865
Total	17,046	41,215

Total exports by rail from 1st Sept. 1922 to 7th 1922 Sep ... 1,140 Bs.

Balance stock of cotton held by Exporters, Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 7th Sept. 1922 929,220 Bs.

POONA RACING SEASON.

4TH DAY—1ST BIG MEETING.

DUNBAR WINS THE GOVERNOR'S CUP

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

It is fortunate the Governor's Cup day coincided with a public holiday which enabled a large number of people to attend this popular day, the biggest event of the Poona racing season. The weather was fine throughout the afternoon the traditional shower that always fall on a Governor Cup day did not even fall. All the stands were filled with an enthusiastic crowd eager to enjoy the good sport provided in thorough holiday fashion. The Parsee element was particularly conspicious it being their New Year holiday. Owing to the death of H. R. H. the Duchess of Albany H. E. the Governor did not drive to the race course in state. His Excellency did not even the attend races. The public missed the spectalurar effect I off the picturesque drive in State such a day. It is unfortunate that it was a day of terrible upset as only three favourites won. This had the effect of damping the enthusiam of people very greatly. The three divisions of the New Castle Plate, 6 furlongs, were handicap events for horses in the 2nd Division; in all large fields started. In the 1st Division there were 17 runners. Braganza and Like Magic shared favouritism; Meg Merriles and Mary's Lamb also had a large following—Like Magic, who placed 3rd in the Monsoon Plate of 1 mile, at the 3rd Extra Meeting and 4th in the 2nd Division of the Visitors' Plate on the 2nd instant, beat Bouillottee (pronounced Boo Yote) and Hiron River placed third. The 2nd Division of the same plate saw sixteen starters out and in this crowd Ila's Fancy, First Grade and Britomort were fancied. Towards the end First Grade became a hot favourite. He was nowhere in the race and great surprise was felt as he did not even get a place. The last time Some Scribe was out, was in the 3rd Division of the Visitors' Plate when he was a favourite carrying 662 tickets. In this race he won nowhere and consequently nobody gave him a chance a week after. Yet he won in convincing style showing that he must have made wonderful progress in a week's time. He beat Carton Pierre who last time ran in the Baldoyle Plate of 6 furlongs on the 30th ultimo. In that race she ran nowhere.

The 3rd Division of this plate was also won by an outsider, My Eva, who beat the favourite Nurse Bobs. My Eva ran only once this season and this was in the 2nd Division of the Lincoln Plate of 3 furlongs on the 30th ultimo. Horses are getting fit very rapidly at Poona nowadays and the public would do welel to rank outsiders now.

The Poona Country Bred St. Leger was a disappointment as all but three declined. The presence of Zovial and Zora scored away an already poor fieled on the programme. The W. I. T. C. who is endeavouring to encourage the breeding of Country Breds must have been disappointed at this poor result:—

The Paddock Plate of 5 furlongs a Handicap for horses in the 2nd Division was an open race as many good performers ran —Joy Girl, Whitweek, Mimi, Chummy, Trostan, Dialect and Flight Errant were all fancied. Chummy who is a very fast Sprinter won from Mimi who made up her mind to run yesterday after he three last attempts when she ran once fourth and twice unplaced. She must have found the distance last Wednesday too far.

A large field of nineteen Arabs started in the Governor's Cup. In this race Mr. Heath's bracket was fancied, and Apollo was also a strong favourite. Many gave a chance to Kusra, Tipperary, Desert Flower and Union Jack, but hardly any body noticed even the presence of Dunbar in this field. This horse ran four times this season before yesterday's race. He never even secured a place and the last time he ran was in the Seistan Plate as recently as last Wednesday when he again ran nowhere. Who could give him a chance in the Governor's Cup? Yet he came and won paying a sensational dividend of Rs. 900. After this people still believe in the fidelity of race horses, especially Arab horses. Ishallah beat his Stable companion for place.

The Stand Plate of 1 mile was another upset for this was annexed by Nout but well who has already run three times unplaced; the last time as recently as Wednesday last when he ran nowhere. No one gave him the ghost of a chance against Quarryman, Simon Choice Verge and Marcodia. He too came and caused a surprise and paid a large dividend. After this result one should have heard the kind remarks of a disgusted public on matters racing. Yet, who will take a lesson? The Devil secured second place and the unfortunate Quarryman again missed a bracket—Simon Choice disappointed a large following and some were very rash enough to back Owen Roe in a mile race with such a weight.

The Poona Cesarewitch of 2½ miles a Handicap for Horses is always a puzzle to the public. This year saw a good field of 15 started and Bridgend Silver Saint and O. C. Honeymoon who are reputed to be long distance horses were fancied. Festivity received considerable support by those who were evidently in the know. Miss Goodenough was passed round as a very good thing as she carried 7-6 and in her own class she placed in 1½ miles with 9-1 on her back. But in this race she made no show which is a pity as she was well backed. Brigend and Silver Saint secured places. The winner turned out to be Festivity who evidently found a long distance race to his liking. He is of a long distance stock being by Holiday House. This race gave rise to bitter comments on the Stand and again in the train on the home Journey. Some people will have it that some horses that are will backed never win. This may be the usual lamentation of losers though a keen student of racing at Poona this season must have discerned a good deal of truth in this.

The consistent Amin dead-heated with Reeman in the Lawn Plate, the last event of the day. Bismarck, Waterloo and March Along were also well backed first race unplaced. The dead-heat was run off again and Amin won with ease.

Details:—

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Division I. Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500. A handicap for horses in the 3rd Division.

Mr Cannon's LIKE MAGIC 9-6 Barnett ... 1
Mr Thaddeus' BOUILLOTTE 8-12 Ruiz ... 2
Mr Kelso's HUON RIVER 8-12 Riley 3
Mr Sangidas Jesiram's BRAGANZA 8-9 W Huxley 4

Did not run:—Duet.

Also ran:—Paragua, Mary's Lamb, Meg Merrilies, Lishnasharragh, Glass Rock, Jadoo, Somali, Forward III, Percival, The Shah, Lady Loo, Seven Beams Jam, and Rueful.

The race:—A level start gave Mary's Lamb the lead, Bouillotte, Huon River and Like Magic as nearest attendants. Bouillotte was in command at the 4th furlong and was the first at the bend. In the straight Huon River was first, Bouillotte second. At the distance Like Magic came up with a spurt to win by half a length, neck second and third, half a length, third and fourth.

Time:—1 minute 14 4/5 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 57; Places Rs. 23/8, Rs. 36 and Rs. 69/8.

Favourite:—Braganza.

Trainer:—F. W. Fletcher.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; and third Rs. 500. A handicap for horses in the 3rd Division.

Mr Vernon's SOME SCRIBE 8-2 Morris ... 1
Mr Wesche-Dart's CARTON PIERRE 9-2 Barnett 2
Mr Cannon's RIGHT ROYAL 7-11 Thompson 3
H H the Maharaja of Cooch Behar's ILA'S FANCY 8-2 Ritchie .....

Did not run:—Lady Rita, Miss Glad Eyes.

Also ran:—Brittomart, Sospello, Olivine, Perfect Day, Anthracite, Wooral, Laranja, First Grade, High Road, Floral Fete, Vlinger, and Aulivia.

The race:—Sospello was the first to get away followed by Woorali, Vlinger, Laranja on the rails and Ila's Fancy on the outside. At the 4th furlong Sospello was to the front with Right Royal, Carton Pierre and Vlinger as nerest attendants. At the turn Ila's Fancy and Laranja were prominent. As they raced into the straight Some Scribe put in a fine run and pursued by Carton Pierre made a neck to race for home, Some Scribe gaining the verdict by a short head, head second and third, half a length third and fourth.

Time:—1 minute 15 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 172/8; Places Rs. 50/8, Rs. 69 and Rs 139/8.

Favourite:—First Grade.

Trainer:—T. Harrison.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Division III.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; and third Rs. 500. A handicap for horses in the 3rd Division.

H H the Maharaja of Nawanagar's MY EVA 8-0 Barnett .....
H H the Maharaja of Cooch Behar's NURSE BOBS 8-6 Ritchie 2
Mr Vernon's SILVER WEDDING 8-2 Morris 3
Mr Singhanee's LOMO 8-2 Hewitt 4

Also ran:—Blackwater, Gold Reef, Cyllian, Mirabelle, Bohea, Lively, Rakings, Balira, Milk Maid, Troop Leader, Cheery Girl, White Dart, White Poppy, and Pretty Margaret.

The race:—The field got away on excellent terms Gold Reef leading with Balira, Nurse Bobs, My Eva and Milk Maid. The order at the 4th furlong was My Eva, Milk Maid, Gold Reef, Lively and White Poppy who led to the bend on the outside. My Eva was the first to race into the straight with Nurse Bobs and Silver Wedding. At the distance My Eva increased her lead to win by half a length, neck second and third, one and a quarter lengths third and fourth.

Time:—1 minute 14 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 129; Places Rs. 46, Rs. 26 and Rs. 68.

Favourite:—Nurse Bobs.

Trainer:—C. B. Mahomed.

THE POONA COUNTRY-BRED ST. LEGER —Distance 1½ miles.

Winner Rs. 7,000; second Rs. 3,000; and third Rs. 1,500. For Country-Bred Colts and Fillies.

Mr Heath's JOVIAL 9-7 McPherson 1
Mr Heath's ZARA 7-8 Aldridge 2
H H the Maharaja of Kolhapur's BY JOVE 9-0 Hewitt 3

Did not run:—The Colonel, Applause, Margot, The Knut, and Bohemian.

The race:—By Jove took the lead and after covering a few furlongs he lost it to Zara who practically led into the bend. In the straight Jovial came strong on the outside and overhauling his stable companion won as he liked Won by 1 length, 10 lengths second and third

Time:—2 minutes 16 2/5 seconds.

1st Tote paid: Win Rs. 11/8.

Favourite:—Jovial.

Trainer:—S. Mahalla.

THE PADDOCK PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 2,000; and third Rs. 1,000.

Mr Garda's CHUMMY 7-12 Clarke 1
Mr Vaz's MIMI 8-4 Morris 2
Mr Cannon's TROSTAN 8-0 Barnett 3
Genl Raja Sir Harisingh's LOVER TRUE 7-12 Donnelly 4

Did not run:—Eudorette.

Also ran:—Zea, Cresset, Whit Week, Southern Beauty, Joy Girl, Starboard, Flight Errant, Dialect, Old Sport and Cerago.

The race:—Trostan showed the way to Southern Beauty, Mimi, Chummy and Dialect. At the 4th furlong Mimi took up the running with Chummy, Southern Beauty on the outside and Lover True on the rails. Mimi was the first to head into the straight locked together with Chummy and Trostan. After an exciting finish Chummy won by a head, neck second and third, head third and fourth.

Time:—59 4/5 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 45/8; Places Rs. 19/8, Rs. 19 and Rs. 24.

Favourites:—Chummy and Mimi.

Trainer:—E. C. Ramshaw.

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP.—Distance R. C. and distance.

Winner Cup and Rs. 10,000; second Rs. 3,500; and third Rs. 1,500. A handicap for Arabs in the 1st and 2nd Divisions.

Mr Cannon's DUNBAR 7-7 Thompson 1
Mr Sangidas Jesiram's ISHALLAH 7-8 Bullock 2
Mr Sangidas Jesiram's APOLLO 7-6 Purtoosingh 3
H H the Maharaja of Kolhapur's DARTMOOR 9-10 Morris 4

Did not run:—Dowlat.

Also ran:—Dilawar, Khaboor, Shahzada, Kelvin Boy, Kusra, Cessation, Tipperary, Union Jack, Mandil, Rosehill, Hakum, Winning Post, Desert Flower, Lamington and Brindisi.

The race:—The field were sent away after a third attempt. Khaboor taking the lead followed by Rosehill, Ishallah, Dartmoor, Cessation. At mile and a half the order was Winning Post, Rosehill, Ishallah, Dilawar, Cessation, Mandil and Apollo being last. At the mile Cessation, Hakum, Winning Post, Issallah, Lamington and Rosehill were to the front. As they raced past the 7th furlong Khaboor came out and running prominently headed the field by lengths to peter away at the bend. Racing into the straight Mr. Sangidas' bracket flattered his supporters and looked a winner when Dunbar freed himself from the bunch and by a determined run won a very fine race by three quarter lengths, three lengths second and third, 2 lengths third and fourth.

Time:—3 minutes 6 2/5 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 900/8; Places Rs. 160, Rs. 188/8, and Rs. 32.

Favourites:—Khaboor and Kusra.

Trainer:—F. W. Fletcher.

THE STAND PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 15,000; second Rs. 5,000; and third Rs. 3,000. A handicap for horses in the 1st Division.

H H the Maharaja of Cooch Behar's NOUTBUTWEEL 8-7 Ritchie 1
Mr Thaddeus' THE DEVIL 8-8 Ruiz 2
Mr Sangidas Jesiram's QUARRYMAN 9-2 W Huxley 3
Mr Heath's MARCODIA 8-4 McPherson ... 4

Did not run:—William the Beau, Brendan, Marmion, and Charlie's Smile.

The race:—An excellent start with The Devil and Simon Choice to the front, Quarryman and Marcodia behind. At the 6th furlong The Devil was still in command, Simon's Choice second and Quarryman a handy third. At the turn Quarryman and Marcodia were together with The Devil and Simon's Choice, the latter dropping out in the straight. At the distance Quarryman drew out and looked winner, but Noutbutweel suddenly made his appearance opposite the Grand Stand and running splendidly snatched the verdict by a head, three quarter length second and third, one and a quarter lengths third and fourth.

Time:—1 minute 41 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 168; Places Rs. 41, Rs. 32 and Rs. 16.

Favourite:—Quarryman.

Trainer:—C. Jennings.

THE POONA CESARWITCH.—Distance 2½ miles.

Winner Rs. 10,000; second Rs. 3,000; and third Rs. 2,000.

Mr Gahagan's FESTIVITY 7-11 Townsend 1
Mr Goculdass' SILVER SAINT 9-0 Lambert 2
Mr Tarrant's BRIDGEND 8-7 Dobie 3
Mr Heath's O C HONEYMOON 6-12 Ritchie 4

Did not run:—Undies.

Also ran:—Plaxtol, Thunder, Cally, Sunstroke, Magical Mike, Southwell, Eccleston, Miss Goodenough, Dori, Balline, My Patsey.

The race:—Plaxtol, Magical Mike, Sunstroke, and Thunder were in front of the field, Silver Saint lying last. Racing past the stand Miss Goodenough, Magical Mike and Thunder was the order. At the mile Dori, Sunstroke, Magical Mike, Plaxtol, My Patsey and Thunder were running together. At the half mile Southwell, O C Honeymoon and Bridgend joined the field, Cally lying last. At the bend Plaxtol, Magical and Silver Saint were prominent. Silver Saint was the first to enter the straight pursued by Bridgend. Nearing home Festivity shot out from the back and won a good race by three quarter length, three quarter length second and third, two and a half lengths third and fourth.

Time:—3 minutes 58 seconds.

1st Tote paid:—Win Rs. 59/8; Places Rs. 25, Rs. 18 and Rs. 23/8.

Favourite:—Bridgend.

Trainer:—A. Templeman.

THE LAWN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 6,000; second Rs. 2,000; and third Rs. 1,000. A handicap for Arabs in the 1st and 2nd Division.

Mr Jarulla bin Talib's REEMAN 7-0 .....
Mr Khairaz's AMIN 8-3 Burn 1*
Mr Goculdass' MENTOR 8-9 S J Meekings
Messrs Shamlan and Mahomed's KARIKATA 8-9 McPherson .....

*Dead-heat.

Also ran:—Silver Streak, Bismark, Waterloo, Dublin, March Along, Marshal Petani, Pride of Iraq, and Dowlat.

The race:—A good start saw Waterloo take the lead followed by Dublin, Marshal Petani, Dowlat. At the 5th furlong Marshall Petani was leading with Waterloo, Silver Streak, Reeman and Bismark bunched, Amin behind. Silver Streak was prominent at the bend with Amin who had moved up on the outside. Silver entered the straight first but was soon overhauled by Amin and Reenan who made a neck-to-neck race to dead-heat at the winning post, two and a half lengths second and third, one and a half lengths third and fourth.

Time:—1 minute 22 seconds.

1st Tote paid: Win Rs. 61/8; and Rs. 33/8. Places Rs. 30/8, Rs. 31 and Rs. 53/8.

Favourite:—Marshal Petani.

Trainer:—Owner and M. Ryan.

CALCUTTA RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept, 9.

MEDIUM PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Mr. Dees' SAVVY 9-9, Sleigh 1
Mr. Dees' GLASSINGTON 10-1, Harrison 2
Mr. Glaustaun's LILY OF THE VALLEY 9-11, Walker 3
Raikut of Baikuthoore's DYNAMO 8-7, Andas 4

Totalizators paid.—Win Rs. 37-½, Rs. 22-½ and 19 for places.

NEWMARKET PLATE.—Distance about 1 mile 1 furlong.

Mr. Lindsay's TYCOON 9-4, Higgins ... 1
Mr. Blair's CYLARITY 7-0, H. McQuade 2
Mr. Gregory's JAZZ BAND 8-9, Northmore 3
Mr. Galstaun's TANYEUN 9-0, Walker 4

Totalizators paid.—Win Rs. 90½, Rs. 44, Rs. 51 and Rs. 26/2 for places.

SANDOWN PLATE.—Distance about 6 furlongs.

Mr. Thoma's LOUGH CORRIB 9-0, Obrien 1
Mr. Galstaun's DARA 8-12, Walker 2 ... 2
Mr. Pogose's SMOKE WREATH 8-9, Northmore 3
Mr. Sandford's WARDENSTOWN 7-0, Japheth 4

Totalizators paid.—Win Rs. 46½, Rs. 17, Rs. 20½ and Rs. 23½ for places.

KEMPTON PLATE.—Distance about 1 furlongs.

Mr. Dees' SIMPLE SIMON 8-8, Harrison 1
Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad's WITTY SCOUT 9-0, Sleigh 2
Mr. Thoma's GALLEY LAW 8-2, Obrien 3
Mr. Galstaun's TETE MONTEE 10-2, Wallace 4

Totalizators paid.—Win Rs. 39/2 Re. 25 and Re. 29 for places.

SANDOWN PLATE.—Division 1.

Col. Sandford's LUANA 7-5, Vick 1
Mr. Mulliur's VERLAND ROSE 8-4 Bland 2
Mr. Harvey's SHERWOOD BELLE 8-8, Sleigh 3
Mr. Dass' BHISTOR 7-9, Northmore 4

Totalizators paid.—Win Rs. 73, Rs. 30, Rs. 59 and Re. 26 for places.

JUMPERS FLAT RACE.—Distance about 1 mile 3 furlongs.

Mr. Ghose's ONE TOO MANY 11-2, Bloss 1
Mr. Mullik's MARBLE ROCK 10-1, Baker 2
Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad's WELL OVERADA, Mr. Fawcett 3

Messrs. Pugh and Harvey's READY CASH 5-10, Pearuon 4

Totalizators paid.—Win Rs. 39, Rs. 26, and Rs. 36 1/2 for places.

POONA INTER COLLEGIATE ATHLETIC SPORTS 1922.

The sports commenced on 4th September and will go on till the 15th instant. There are in all 23 events and all the Colleges are well represented. The games include individual events like Long and High Jump, Hurdles, Swimming, Cycling, Running, Walking, Wrestling, etc., and team competition such as Atya-Patya. Kho-Who, Relay Race, Volley Ball, Tug-of-War, etc. The prize distribution will take place on the 17th instant, when Lt.-Gen. Sir William Marshall, will preside and Lady Marshall will give away the prizes.

RACING.

PRINCE EDWARD HANDICAP.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Result of Prince Edward Handicap was Double Hackle (8—4) 1; Sailor Son (100—15) 2; and Manton (100-8) 3. Won by length. Length and a half between second and third. Eight ran.

ST. LEGER PROBABLES

LONDON, Sept. 9.

St. Leger probables:—Argo (Shatwell); Bucks Hussar (Childs); Ceylonese (Frank Bullock); Coryian (Carslake); Fred Power (Donoghue); Gallio (Spear), Harpenden (Jellis); Preston Grange (Archibald) Recho (Herbert Jones); Silurian (Gardner), Villars (Beary); Carpathus (Ledson); Guarisanker (Winfield), Dunks Green (J. J. Brennan); Cales (Lane); Galway Prince (Clark) and Werwolf (Griggs).

The following have not yet had jockies appointed:—Backwood, Royal Lancer, Diligence, Irish Battle, Lord of Burghley, Ramus and Norseman.

ST, LEGER BETTING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.

St. Leger betting is as follows:—Vellars 6-1, Preston Grange 8-1, Fred Power and Ramus 13-2, Dilligence 10-1, Bucks Hussar 100-8 and Corcyrian 100-7.

ANGLO-AMERICAN YACHT RACES.

Oyster Bay (Long Island.)—Four English and four American six metre yachts competed in the first of the six team races for Anglo-American Cup to-day. The Americans scored twenty-six and the English ten points.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

To-day's Association Football results are as follows:—

LEAGUE DIVISION 1.

Cardiff City 4, Arsenal 1.
Aston Villa 2, West Bromwich Albion 0.
Manchester City 0, Birmingha m1.
Everton 2, Blackburn Rovers 0
Bolton Wanderers 1, Sunderland 1.
Tottenham Hotspur 1, Burnley 3.
Chelsea 1, Middlesborough 1.
Stoke 2, Huddersfield 2.
Preston Nor End 1, Liverpool 3.
Newcastle United 3, Shtffield United 0.
Oldham Athletic 2, Notts Forest 0.

LEAGUE DIVISION 2.

Barnsley 3, Southampton 0.
Blackpool 3, Bradford City 0.
South Shields 0, Burp 2.
Clapton Orient 2, Leicester City 0.
Coventry City 1, Port Vale 2.
Crystal Palace 0, Fulham 0.
The Wednesday 0, Derby County 0.
Notts County 0, Hull City 1.
Leeds United 2, Stockport Country 0.
Wolverhampton Wanderers 0, Manchester United 1.
West Ham United 4, Rotheram County 0.

LEAGUE THIRD DIVISION, NORTHERN SECTION.

Barrow 1, Wrtxham 0.
Bradford 2, Halifax Town 2.
Darlington 1, Ashington 1.
Durham City 0, Grimsby Town 3.
Hartlepools United 1, Southport 1.
Lincoln City 0, Rochdale 1.
Nelson 1, Stalybridge Celtic 0.
Tranmere Rovers 4, Ascrington Stanley 1.
Walsall 0, Chesterfield 1.
Wigan Borough 1, Crewe Alexandra 1.

SOUTHERN.

Aberdare Athletic 0, Portsmouth 2.
Norwich City 0, Brentford 2.
Luton Town 1 Brighton and Hove Albion 1.
Bristol City 2, Newport County 0.
Reading 0, Bristol Rovers 1.
Queen's Park Rangers 2, Gillingham 1.
Plymouth Argylle 2, Merthyr Rown 0.
Millwall 1, Swindon 1.
Northampton 1, Watford 1.
Swansea Town 1, Southend United 0.
Exeter City 0, Charlton Athletic 0.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Aberdeen 2, Hibernians 0.
Airdrieonians 1, Greenock Morton 0.
Heart of Midlothian 2, Albion Rovers 2.
St. Mirren 0, Allos 1.
Partick 2, Ayr United 1.
Celtic 3, Raith Rovers 0.
Kilmarnock 4, Clyde 1.
Motherwell 3, Dundee 4.
Falkirk 2, Glasgow Rangers 0.
Third Lanark 2, Hamilton Academicals 0.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 11.

Bars gold ready Rs. 26/14/6
Bars gold forward Rs. 26/14/6
Bars gold 2nd settlement Rs. 26/15/6
Bars silver ready Rs. 92/7
Bars silver 1st stttlement Rs. 92/7
Bars silver 2nd settlement 92/9

EXCHANGE.

B C Rate:—
Bank's selling T T 1/3 1/2
Bank's selling D D 1/3 17/32
On London:—
Bank's selling T T 1/3 19/32
Bank's selling D D 1/3 5/8
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/3 25/32
Bank's buying T T 1/3 21/32
Bank's buying D D 1/3 11/16
Tone of Exchange—Quiet Market.
On Paris:—
Bank's selling D D Frcs 370
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs 390
Bank's buying D D Frcs 380
On Japan:—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 167½
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 162½
On Hongkong:—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 200
On Shanghai:—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 270
On Singapore:—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 180
On New York:—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 349
London gold ready sh 92-5
London silver ready d. 35-2
London silver forward d. 35-2
Tone of silver—steady, India and China bought.
Cross rates on London to the pound sterling.
American Exchange dol. 4.45-3/4
French Exchangt Frcs 57.60
Swiss Exchange Frcs 23.50
Belgium Exchange Frcs 50.90
Italian Exchange Liras 102-00
German Exchange Mrks. 6100

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent Paper Rs. 57/8
5 per cent War Loan 83
4 per cent Terminable Loan 98
4 per cent Conversion Loan 78
5½ pt rcent War Bonds due 1922-100
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1928-100/12
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1926-100/6
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1932-100/6
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935-103/12
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974-65
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930-95
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974-65
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929 to 49-95
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974-65

The share markt is closed to-day.

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Managing Director.

THE WEATHER.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS	24 Hours to 8 a.m. of 11th Sept 1922	Total since 1st June.	June 1st to 11th Sept.	
			1921	1920
	In. Cs.	In. Cs.	In. Cs.	In. Cs.
Colaba (Observatory) ..	0.19	65.82	76.28	57.02
Fort (St George's Hospital).	0.07	61.10	78.98	--
Esplanade (Gok. Tej. Hospital)	0.11	61.45	72 06	41.52
Byculla (J. J. Hospital) ..	0.40	65.57	77.68	41.43
Kamp & Co. (Cambolla Hill)	--	--	--	--

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Monday, Sept 10th

Hours of observations taken at 8 a.m. 11 a.m. 2 p.m. 5 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr. Inches		29.716
Temperature of Air	Degrees	80.6
Wet Bulb Thermometer	--	76.4
Dew Point	--	74.9
Relative humidity at 8 a.m.	--	0 829
Extent of cloudy sky (0 means no clouds—10)	--	5.0
Maximum temperature on the	--	84.5
Minimum do do	--	76 8
General direction of wind from midnight to midnight		SW,BE.SW
Movement of wind do	miles	292
Fall of Rain	Inches	0.15
Total fall since March 1st	--	12 85
Do. do. Fcs.	--	65 63
Maximum fall of	11th	0.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Monday, the 11th September 1922, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded and humidity is nearly normal or in slight excess. Day temperature was below normal at Lahore. Night temperature was higher than usual over the division.

The United Provinces.—Cawnpore reports 0.21 in. of rain. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded and at Mainpuri humidity is in excess. Temperature was nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Mount Abu reports a light fall of 0.15 in. of rain. Skies are clear in upper Sind and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect at Jodhpur and n excess at Mount Abu. Day temperture was below and night temprature above the average at Jacobabad.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Indore reports 1.15 in of rain while Surat had 0.28 in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and at Dessa humidity is in excess. Day temperature was below normal at Bhuj and Surat.

The Central Provinces.—All stations report rain. Nagpur had a heavy fall of 6.89 in., Chanda of 3.98 in., Amraoti of 3.82 in. and Khandwa of 2.84in., while Jubbulopore, Saugor, Hoshangabad, Akola and Raipur had 0.46 in., 0.12 in., 0.70 in., 1.58 in., and 0.73 in. respectively. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and humidity is nearly nomal or in slight excess. Day temperature was below normal in the east Central Provinces.

The Konkan.—Bombay and Rantnagiri report 0.19 in. and 0.32 in. of rain respectively. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nizamabad and Hyderabad respectively report 0.65 in. and 0.50 in. of rain Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Day temperature was above normal at Ahmednagar and Sholapur and below it at Nizamabad and Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—The depression from the Bay has moved to the west Central Provinces and has given heavy rain in the south and east of that province. It is likely to move further westwards. Rainfall has been nearly general in the Central Provinces and local on the west coast of the Peninsula and in Hyderabad, south Gujarat and Central India West. A few fall have occurred in the United Provinces and south Rajputana. Nagpur reports a very heavy fall of 6.89 in., Chanda of 3.98 in., and Amraoti of 3.82 in., other falls exceeding an inch amounting to 1.58 in. at Akola, 2.84 in. at Knandwa and 1.15 in. at Indore. Day temperature was below normal in the east Central Provinces and east Hyderabad and night temperature was above it in the Punjab and upper Sind. The sea has become rough at Colombo.

Forecast.—An extension of rain is likely in Gujarat, Kathiawar and the north Bombay Deccan.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 10th September 1922.

The depression in the north of the Bay is passing inland and is less marked to-day. The monsoon has strengthened in Hyderabad and the Central Provinces but has weakened elsewhere. The western disturbance is now beginnng to affect the frontier. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Orissa, the east Central Provinces, the Konkan and north Hyderabad and local in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Chota-Nagpur, the east United Provinces, Central India East and Coorg. A few falls have also occurred in Bihar, the west UUnited Provinces, the Central Punjab northeast Baluchistan, Gujarat, the west Central Provinces, Malabar, the Bombay Deccan and Southeast Madras.

The chief mounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Mergui, Myitkyina one and a half inches; Pachar one, Alalasore one and a half; Cuttack, Madura one.

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FROM

The Bombay Chronicle Studio

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HOURS ON MONDAY, THE 11TH OF SEPT. 1922.

Stations.	Temp. in shade.		Humidity	Rainfall.		
	Actual.	Mean of day.	At 8 hours.	Past 24 hours.	Total 1st June to date.	Departure 1st June to date.
PRAS. GUJ.—						
Bhuj ..						
Do. 7th ..	92.0	84.1	66	--	0	—0.01
Nash ..	91.6	81.5	77	--	0	—0.08
Muskat ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. 7th ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan ..	102.6	86.6	66	--	0.53	—3.56
Rawalpindi ..	93.7	76.1	75	--	17.16	—2.98
Lahore ..	92.0	80.4	77	--	11.97	—1 88
Hissar ..	97.4	82.2	75	--	12.62	+2.61
Ambala ..	94.6	9.2	81	--	20.80	+4.49
Delhi ..	94.0	1.0	86	--	17.68	+2.47
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra ..	93.1	81.2	81	--	23 61	+1.80
Mainpuri ..	93	80.4	82	--	30 60	+0.77
Jhansi ..	92.0	7 5	87	--	32.50	+2.95
Cawnpore ..	88.2	1.4	86	0.21	41.4	+18.15
Allahabad ..	92.4	81.4	82	1	38.91	+6.43
RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad ..	93.1	84.0	64	--	0	—3.15
Karachi ..	86.2	79.6	88	--	1.64	—4.10
Ajmer ..	90.8	77.4	69	--	10.53	—6.40
Jaipur ..	87.6	76.2	70	0.04	..	..
Kotah ..	92.6	79.4	76	--	24.38	+7.11
Mount Abu ..	71.2	66.4	97	0 16	45.86	—2.82
GUJRAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA						
West—						
Bhuj ..	87.0	75.1	84	--	10.61	—1 56
Dwarka ..	84.3	78.3	85	--	6.10	—0 69
Veraval ..	83.2	29 3	85	--	6.15	—0 60
Rajkot ..	87.8	76 4	80	--	19.47	—0.10
Bhavnagar Para ..	88.2	76.2	85	--	12.66	+0 44
Surat ..	85.4	76.6	87	0.28	52.21	—2 19
Ahmedabad ..	89.2	77.3	80	--	26.67	+1.14
Deesa ..	88.8	76.6	81	0.01	26.40	+3 44
Neemuch ..	85.9	73.8	88	0.05	32.89	+0 24
Indore ..	87.1	73.3	90	1.15	31 59	—3 99
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore ..	87.8	74.7	84	0.46	49.04	+4.03
Saugor ..	87 4	74.0	93	0.12	41.69	+4.67
Hoshangabad ..	88.5	6 8	85	0.70	38.51	—2.17
Khandwa ..	88.7	72 9	88	2.84	41.85	—11 50
Akola ..	87.9	73.5	93	1.58	36.57	+2.26
Amraoti ..	87.1	72.9	94	3.82	36.9	—0.04
Nagpur ..	84.7	73.8	89	6.89	38.14	—3.03
Chanda ..

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

DISCUSSION OVER RENT ACT.

MR. PATEL'S STRONG PLEA FOR EXTENSION OF PERIOD.

A meeting of the Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Mr. M. A. M. Khan presiding. On the motion of Dr. Dadachanji a resolution of regret and condolence was passed on the death of Sir V. D. Thackersey, who was both a member and president of the Corporation.

The Rent Act again came in for discussion at the fag end of the day, and some more amendments were moved. Two of them were not seconded at all and fell to the ground. The third was that of Mr. V. J. Patel which asked that the present Rent Acts should be further extended by a period of five years, without any increase in the standard rent already fixed. He said there could be no half-way houses. They must either repeal the Acts, or keep them. There could be no sort of compromise, he said, agreeing with Mr. Dabholkar. Before coming to a decision the house adjourned.

At the outset a resolution expressing the Corporation's deep regret at the death of Sir V. D. Thackersey was passed.

RENT ACT.

The Corporation then considered the Bill to amend the Rent Act. The following were the motion and amendments moved at the previous meeting:

Proposed by Dr. Accacio G. Viegas, seconded by Mr. Khurshed F. Nariman—

That in view of the proposed amendment of the Rent Acts, the President be requested to represent to Government the desirability of so amending the existing Rent Acts as (1) to allow not more than 20 per cent increase on the rents of 1916, and (2) to extend the operation of the Acts thus amended for a period of five years from the 1st of September 1923, during which period, it is hoped, adequate housing accommodation will be provided for the middle and poorer classes of the population, especially in the North of the Island. That Government be requested to take all possible measures to expedite the development of the North of the Island and of the suburbs by throwing open, as early as possible, sites for building on terms likely to stimulate the erection of new houses.

Dr. R. N. Ranina had moved an amendment to this, adding the following, duly seconded by Mr. J. B. Boman-Behram:

To exempt from the operations of the Acts all Housing Associations or Societies or Funds or Trusts or other Institutions in the City which are conducted on fully charitable or semi-charitable lines or which have limited the rates of rents to be charged to their tenants in accordance with certain fixed and recognised rules.

Dr. D. B. Master had moved, and Dr. J. Cursetji seconded, the following amendment:

That in connection with the present Rent Acts, Government be requested to take steps to exempt from the operations of the Acts all Housing Associations or Societies or Funds or Trusts in Bombay run either on fully charitble or semi-charitable lines or to make such special provisions in those Acts as to obviate the difficulties in the administration of benevolent or charitable institutions which arise at present owing to the existing provisions of the Acts being made applicable to the properties.

Mr. V. A. Dabholkar had moved the third amendment, which was seconded by Mr .S. K Barodawalla, referring the whole matter to the consideration of a committee named by him.

Dr. R. T. Nariman moved the following amendment: That in view of the proposed amendment of the Rent Acts, the President be requested to represent to Government the desirability of so amending the existing Rent Acts as (1) to allow not more than 15 per cent increase on the rents of 1916 in case of those premises, which are solely used as residential quarters and in increase of 33 1/3 per cent on the rents of 1916 in case of those premises, which are used purely for trade or business purposes, such as offices, shops, godowns etc. (2) to extend the operation of the Acts thus amended for a period of three years from 1st September, 1923.

The compromise he had suggested in his amendment would please both the landlords and the tenants, said Dr. Nariman.

The incomes of the middle and the lower middle classes had not increased and any increase in the rents would tell on these people. He had no objection to the increase of 33 1/3 per cent on the rents of 1916 for buildings used for commercial purposes, and he hoped the Corporation would agree to it.

For want of a seconder, the amendment fell to the ground.

HOUSING DIFFICULTIES.

Mr. Gulabchand Deschand moved an amendment to Dr. Viegas' proposition, by changing the period to three years, instead of five years. He said they were more concerned with the housing problem than the Legislative Council and it was for them to think of the interests of the public. The present was a good opportunity to the Corporation for refuting the suggestion that they were a capitalistic body. The housing difficulty was as great to-day as it ever was during the war, and, therefore, he thought the measure should not be treated as a war measure and repealed. The population had increased but the houses had not increased, in a corresponding measure. Mr. Dabholkar's attack was altogether devoid of any reason or argument, or constructive suggestion. The whole burden of his song was that the Rent Act should go and he strongly protested against such an attack. He did not think that the housing problem could be solved by the application of the principle of supply and demand. As he thought, the term of five years proposed by Dr. Viegas, was too much, he had proposed a period of three years.

The amendment dropped, as there was no seconder.

MR. PATEL'S AMENDMENT.

Mr. V. J. Patel then moved:

"That in the opinion of this Corporation the operation of the existing Rent Acts should be extended without any modifications in the provisions fixing the standard rent for a further period of five years from 1st September 1923. That the President be requested to communicate this opinion to Government."

He said he did not mind what amendments were introduced in the Acts, but he did not want the amount of rent to be paid to be increased in the least and he wanted the period to be extended by five years. There could be no half-way in this matter. The rent act must either go or stay. The question was whether the time had arrived for repealing the Act, consistent with the interests of the public. They were merely wasting their time, for Government had not asked for their opinion. There was a time when Government were in mighty fear in introducing any measure without consulting the Corporation. But they were now living under the reformed regime and Government did not care what their opinion was. There was the Minister and other officers, and the Corporation did not come anywhere. Even the most important measures concerning the welfare of the public were introduced against public opinion, and Government had not in this matter asked for their opinion at all. They were merely wasting their time and as he was there in the Corporation, he would also join in wasting the time. He could understand the arguments of Mr. Dabholkar, but not of the other movers of amendments. He could understand that the Rent Acts sho go, but he could not understand the argument that only a particular amount of increase should be given. No case had been made out at all for any increase in the rents. The three most important things required were food, clothing and housing accommodation. Government had already prohibited the exportation of foodstuffs in the interests of the public. The cloth imports and prices had not been controlled, because it was not possible. Coming to the question of housing accommodation, he said, the prices of building materials had gone down since the passing of the Rent Act. Government had said that in the preamble to the Bill and that was the sole ground on which this measure was opposed by Mr. V. A. Dabholkar. He thought the measure was most inopportune, for retrenchment was the cry of the day. It was not only the trouble of the Government employee: the private firms had also been asking their servants to leave their service. If the Corporation were to take a referendum in the city, they would find out the real opinion of the people for after all it was the majority that ruled. If they took a referendum in the city, the majority would agree with the speaker's amendment. This house had a very heavy responsibility on it. After all they were in the Corporation under the present constitution which had merely given votes to the landlords and the rent payers were nowhere. And as a matter of a fact they were the representatives of land-owning classes and the rent payers had no representation at all. That being so, was it right that they should sit there as the representatives of the land-owning classes and decide upon a measure which vitually affected the people, whose representatives were excluded from the house? Dr. Viegas' proposition was a compromise and Mr. Dabholkar was right in saying that they did not want any compromise. It was not right that they should barter away the rights of a large number of people, whose representatives were not in the Corporation. "Let us stand here for truth and justice and take the consequences" said the speaker. He asked Dr. Viegas to accept his own amendment, and he entirely agreed with Mr. Dabholkar that no compromise was possible on the question.

Dr. Vorha seconded, and while he was speaking, the Corporation adjourned to Thursday next.

SERIOUS FRACAS OVER A DOG FIGHT.

SHOTS FIRED.

A fracas occurred between a mob consisting of about two hundred mill-hands and a number of Parsis, residing in the bungalow of Sir Dhunjibhoy Bomanji, in Bhoinada Cross Lane, Parel, about 6 o'clock on the evening of the 10th instant, resulting in injury to two Parsis and their watchman and eleven of the mill-hands. From enquiries made it appears that the trouble arose over a dog-fight. A mill-hand residing in that locality, it appears, possessed a dog, which used to fight with a dog kept by a Parsi gentleman. On the 10th instant there was a fight and the Parsi gentleman's watchman separated the animals and the mill-hands went away with their dog.

Shortly after, however, the mill-hands returned with about thirty others and brought another dog and another dog-fight ensued. The Parsi gentleman remonstrated with the mill-hands for creating a nuisance by setting the dogs to fight. It is alleged that some of the mill-hands started throwing stones at the Parsis. One stone struck the Parsi on his head, when the watch-man hit a mill-hand with his stick across the back. The watchman received a cut on his head in return and a *melee* followed. One of the mill-hands was pulled into the compound and the gates were shut. This infuriated the mob who rushed the gates which swung open. A general stone-throwing at the bungalow started and a large number of window panes were broken. One of the Parsis, it is alleged, brought out a revolver and fired some shots in the air. But this had no effect. A shot-gun was, then, brought out and after a few shots were fired in the air, which failed to frighten the mob, shots are alleged to have been fired on the mob.

FIRE ALARM GIVEN.

In the meantime, somebody broke the pane of the street fire-alarm and a fire-brigade arrived on the scene. On seeing the advent of the police, the mob dispersed.

Eleven persons were found to have been injured. Their injuries were only skin-deep and they were treated at the Sir J. J. Hospital and allowed to go home.

QUADRANGULAR CRICKET.

PRESIDENCY vs. PARSIS.

LATTER'S 295 RUNS IN FIRST INNINGS.

	Runs.
PARSIS—First Innings (all out)	295
PRESIDENCY—First Innings (no wkt.)	20

The first contest of the Quadrangular Cricket Tournament began at Poona yesterday when the Parsis, going in first, made 295 runs, Gandhi contributing 93, "Dolly" Kapadia 58 and D. D. Driver 41. The first innings of the Parsis came to an end at 5-15 p.m.

The Europeans launched on their first venture, with Messrs. Wall and Phillips as the first pair. After a few minutes' play, when the total stood at 20, stumps were drawn for want of light.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Sept. 11.

Ideal weather conditions ushered in the commencement of the Tournament, the first round of which was begun yesterday between the Presidency and the Parsis. The match however attracted no great assemblage of spectators, and public interest seemed to be very limited, so far as attendance went. The Parsis, winning the toss, decided to have the first lease of the wicket, the conditions of the pitch justifying this choice. The respectable score of nearly three centuries which the Parsis have succeeded in piling up was due not so much to the fast wicket, however, as to the complete want of sting in the Presidency bowling. Changes after changes in the attack were effected, sometimes even before the displaced bowler had succeeded in finding his length. Another reason which brought on the high figure was the faulty allocation of the field during the initial stages. The fielding as such however left very little to be desired, though two fine chances were palpably missed.

On the batting side the outstanding display was that of Gandhy, though Kapadia had a merrier career and was decidedly unfortunate in his dismissal. Gandhi might well have played a more confident game and Kapadia might well have blended restraint with pace.

Among the bowlers Simpson's analysis of 6 wickets for 73 runs deserves attention.

On the whole, the Parsis have nothing to regret at the day's doing, except that the correctness of Gandhi's dismissal is questioned in certain quarters.

The Presidency have opened exceeding well and in spite of rain just when they got into possession—an event which was in favour of the bowlers, both Wall and Phillips managed to hold their own, and both are going strong with 12 and 8 to their credit, respectively.

Commencement was made with the Quadrangular Tournament to-day punctually at the scheduled time, the Parsis getting the first knock on a plumb wicket. The Gymkhana ground was encircled with tents and *shamianas* in which attendance was very poor for the better part of the afternoon. Col. Mistri and Driver came out to face the Prsidency attack, which was entrusted to Cox and Capt. Cooper. The batsmen opened their account in convincing fashion, a run being notched off each of the first three deliveries. Driver registered the day's first boundary off the opening bowler. Mistri early got the measure of the bowling and hit true and fast; Driver also showing himself no less in the same vein.

Runs came easily, the score mounting to thirty in the half hour, forty in as many minutes and the half century being hoisted at ten to one amidst applause.

It was clear the bowling had no sting, it being further emphasised by Cooper being relieved by Travers when thirty-two, the latter himself giving over to Simpson after three overs. The last change at once proved effective, Mistri being dismissed by the third ball, Hosie bringing off an easy catch.

The elements seemed to smile on the plodding trundlers and Mistri's fall provoked further speculation on this moot point, for the meteorological conditions that indicated a coy compromise between King Sol and Father Jupiter at the start, soon assumed a pluvious complexion, thus proving the hollowness of such truces at all times. Humidity actually descended below dewpoint. A few drops softened the kicking wicket. The sum total of all this disturbance culminating in the return to the pavilion of the Parsi skipper to the very third ball of Simpson as stated.

Col. Mistri played in his characteristic confident style respecting neither bowler nor ball. He contributed a useful 26 to the 51 of a first wicket stand, which might go a long way in the moulding of the Parsi fortunes. (51—1—26.)

S. N. Gandhi now became associated with Driver and played up wonderfully well. He sighted the ball soon and got into form early, but Driver was particularly aggressive, and forced the pace, 70 appearing on the board at 12-20. There were hurried changes in the bowling, Robertson displacing Cox and sending down the first maiden of the day, while Cooper again went on in place of Simpson. This was the sixth change in the course of less than 90 minutes, but it was the costliest change so far, as in a single over no less than eight runs were annexed, faulty allocation of the field being responsible. One redeeming feature of Cooper's bowling, however, was the capture of Driver's wicket, this well-set batsman being given out for obstruction. This was the second appeal and it was upheld. The out-going batsman played an invaluable innings for his 41 runs, which included three 4's and one 5. Thus two wickets were down for 89 at exactly 12-25, by no means a damping start.

CENTURY STROKE BY "DOLLY."

"Dolly" Kapadia filled this vacancy and began, with scant courtesy, banging Simpson who had again relieved Cooper to the long boundary, following it up immediately with another which crossed the ropes unobstructed. A couple of minutes more, and Kapadia hoisted the century with a smart single amidst cheers.

This furious frolic continued till an adjournment was made for luncheon at 1 p.m., Kapadia punctuating his boundaries with plucky singles. At this temporary cessation the total stood at 124, of which Kapadia contributed the last two digits with five 4's, Gandhi being at 22. (124—2—22—24.)

AFTER LUNCH.

Resumption after lunch was made at two, and the same brisk pace of the forenoon was maintained. The opening bowlers of the morning were again in charge, but failed to make any impression on Gandhi, still less on Kapadia. The arrangement of the field was also of a standard to match. Singles and twos were converted into boundaries, as there were none to save them. 25 runs were added in 20 minutes, and 150 appeared on the board in an amazingly short time.

There was again a flutter, the field was carefully re-arranged, and the charge of the leather was transferred to Travers and Major Tillard. This change was attended with the requisite result, and the next ten minutes were almost blank of scoring. The immediate inspiration for this recasting however was a double life conceded to Gandhi, who had a fat slice of luck when he was 37. He skied the ball twice, the first just beyond the slips which went untouched by hand, while the second time Robertson dropped a sitter at mid-on Cooper being the suffering bowler on both occasions. After this both Kapadia and Gandhi played a more careful game, and slowly carried the score to 180 after as many minutes of the total play. Nine runs more and the splendid partnership was ended by Simpson. "Dolly" Kapadia, who was again just returning to his wonted form tried to play forward to a good one from Simpson, missed, and, turning round, found a spread-eagled pair of stumps behind him.

END OF "DOLLY'S" MERRY CAREER.

Kapadia had treated the spectators (who had increased in numbers at this stage) to an exhilarating display of cricket in his best style. The Gandhi-Kapadia partnership produced 106 runs, of which Kapadia had 58 including eight boundaries. Although his display was not exactly chanceless, his was certainly the most attractive innings among those in the pavilion so far. (189—3—58.)

The next batsman in was Vajifdar, but although he is one of the mainstays of the Parsi batting he had an exceedingly short career at the wicket. He opened indeed in none too convincing style, and before he had survived two overs (but not ere he had opened his account) Robertson, who had relieved Tillard, broke past his defence with a ball which beat him all over the wicket. The retiring batsman has this year put in the lowest quota of runs he has till now done in these matches. (190—4—0.)

S. H. Colah was the next person in, and if there is anything particularly noteworthy in his next shortest stand at the wicket it is that he hit the shot that brought the second century up. He had gathered nine when Cummings, the Presidency stumper, snapped him up behind the wickets off Cox, after he had been once let off in the same place. The total now stood at 206, Gandhi at 70. (206—5—9.)

Bhappoo, the Parsi bowler, now came in to join Gandhi. When half the side was down after 3 hours and 45 minutes of play, Bhappoo gave an appearance of making another stand with Gandhi, but after batting ten minutes and contributing twelve he fell to a simple catch in the country by Cooper off Simpson. (232—6—12.)

Gandhi stood at 75.

Tea interval was here taken in, it being 4 o'clock.

On the resumption of play at 4-20, Gandhi broke his passive role for a brief spell, lunged out and put the ball to the ropes in quick succession. Kalapesi, who had bridged the last gulf, took the hint and roughed the bowling, the fifth half century being signalled at 4-30, i.e., ten minutes after the re-start. Matters were becoming more lively, but a disaster was in store for the Parsis, and a disappointment to Gandhi, for ten runs later and when only seven runs short of a "century", Cummings terminated his career at the crease by a smart catch behind the wickets, off Cox.

GANDHI OUT AT 93.

Gandhi's innings of 93, scored as the result of the play of 3 hours and a half, was the most memorable achievement of the day's play. Among his chief strokes were 15 boundary strokes, hit all round the wicket, his happiest strokes being the glances to fine leg. (260—7—93.)

B. E. Kapadia, the Parsi wicket-keeper, filled the void, and Cummings could have immediately afterwards boasted of giving three successive batsmen their passports from behind the wickets, if he had not dropped the in-comer at the very first ball. Unruffled, Kapadia drew a straight bat, and, in the next ten minutes, 270 were telegraphed. The end was not far in sight, however, and 20 minutes after Gandhi went, the side was out for 295, all told. Kalapesi played on to a ball from Simpson, Kapadia was caught by Travers at mid-on off the same bowler. Kapadia contributed 20, and Kalapesi 16.

Daruvala and Jamshedji, the bowlers, then came in, but the former batsman after annexing two to his account, offered a hot return to Simpson off his own ball which was well held, the Parsi first innings thus coming to a close at 5-15 for 295 runs.

PRESIDENCY BATTING.

At fifteen minutes to six the Presidency launched on their first venture, Phillips and Wall coming out to face Bhappoo and Daruvala. Both batsmen played in exceedingly free style, each annexing a boundary off Daruvala. Two more singles and the first decade was registered. Phillips, who was especially aggressive right from the start, drove Bhappoo to the boundary, Wall following it up with a couple of singles. Just after the second decade was signalled, however, an appeal was made for want of light, which being upheld, stumps were drawn.

Mr. Wall is included *vice* Mr. Brooks who was incapacitated by a sprain in a recent club match. Tillard, the sixth bowler, is the 11th man, which place was left blank in the first Presidency list.

The score:—

PARSI BATTING.
1st Innings.

Col Mistri, c Hosie, b Simpson	26
D D Driver, l-b-w, b Cooper	41
S N Gandhi, c Cummings, b Cox	93
D K Kapadia, b Simpson	58
Vajifdar, b Robertson	1
S H Colah, c Cummings, b Cox	9
Bhappoo, c Cooper, b Simpson	12
B K Kalapesi, (played on), b Simpson	16
B E Kapadia, c Travers, b Simpson	20
P H Daruvala, c and b Simpson	2
R Jamshedji (not out)	0
Extras	17
Total	295

PRESIDENCY BATTING.
1st Innings.

Wall (batting)	12
Phillips (batting)	8
Extra	1
Total (for no wicket)	21

BOWLING ANALYSIS.
1st Innings.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
H R Cox	31	77	9	2
Capt Cooper	12	47	0	1
F G Travers	15	39	4	0
Capt Simpson	22.3	73	3	6
Robertson	14	35	5	1
Major Tillard	4	7	2	0

(1 no ball.)

Runs at the fall of each wicket:—1/51, 2/89, 3/189, 4/194, 5/206, 6/232, 7/260, 8/284, 9/295, 10/295.

QUADRANGULAR CRICKET PRIZES

Mr. Nusserwanji Engineer, the proprietor of Cinema Precious, has offered to give a present of a silver bat to any Parsi player who may make a century in the Quadrangular Cricket Tournament at Poona this year. Mr. Engineer will also give a silver ball and other suitable silver presents to those Parsi players who may make a good "show" provided the Parsis win the Tournament. The silver bat prize for the century will be awarded whether the Parsis win or lose.

U. S. AMATEUR GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

SWEETSER BEATS 'CHICK' EVANS.

LONDON, Sept. 11.

Brooklyn (Mass) Sweetser defeated 'Chick' Evans by three up and two to play in the final of the open Amateur Golf Championship of the United States. British competitors including Hunter and Tolley had been eliminated in the earlier rounds.

INDIAN CHRISTIAN WEDDING.

On Saturday evening before a large and representative gathering representing all communities of Bombay an Indian Christian wedding was celebrated at the Ambroli Church, Bombay, by the Rev. R.B. Douglas, of the United Free Church Mission of Scotland. The bridegroom was Mr. Jacob Mackwan of the Editorial staff of "The Bombay Chronicle," while the bride was Miss Sarah Manorama Lazarus, daughter of Mrs. and the late Dr. Lazarus, Medical Missionary for over 40 years at Thana. After the marriage service, the guests retired to the spacious hall of the Wilson High School, where the toast of the bride was proposed by Rev. Mackenzie, Principal, Wilson College, which was carried midst cheers. After the bridegroom's toast was carried midst shouts of cheers the guests retired after partaking of sumptuous refreshments.

MAGICIAN AND CAIRVOYANT.

DR. ALVARO AT GAIETY THEATRE.

On Thursday night at the Gaiety Theatre, Dr. Alvaro, the famous Spanish magician, gave his second performance before a fairly large gathering. The first part of the programme consisted of sleights of hand like making things vanish into thin air and bringing them out from nowhere. Interesting though they were the gathering must have witnessed many such performed by the Indian conjurer. Mention may, however, be made in this connexion of the real stunt of making a glass of water pass through the bottom of a hat placed over it, when to all appearances it was sinking below the stand. The solid through solid trick was also perplexing in the extreme.

From the physical plane, Dr. Alvaro came down or rather ascended to the mental plane. Slips written on pieces of paper were secured in small bag and the clairvoyant read and answered them correctly. The queries covered all subjects one from the audience wanting, to know when his wife would bring forth twins. The last item was the Houdini trick. Throughout the entertainment Dr. Alvaro kept the audience lively with his sallies of wit.

This week Dr. Alvaro is giving two performances at the same place, at 9-30 p.m., the first to-morrow (Wednesday) and the second on Friday next, also at 9-30 p.m.

BETTING FOR POONA RACES.

37 PERSONS CHARGED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. B. N. Athavle, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Smith charged (1) Balaram Anandram, (2) Nandlal Damodar, (3) Grajlal Ramji Mehta, (4) Shamalal Motilal Shah, and 33 others with gambling in Satta Lane; Pydhoni and the Gaiety Theatre, where they were taking bets on the 9th instant at 12 noon.

Mr. Smith made an application for postponement with a view to go through certain documents and to make further enquiries.

His worship granted the application and postponed the case till the 20th instant.

"TAJ" STRIKE.

The strikers met as usual on Saturday at about 5 p.m. at Wellington Mews. After the Rosary and the Litany of the Saints the men discussed ways and means to carry on their work as before. A committee of trustworthy men from every department at the Taj and the Greens was appointed. The question of finding work for the men was also discussed. It was, however, left for the committee to decide. They then knell-down and offered prayers to the Bless Virgin Mary to guide them. And dispersed after paying a visit to the Church of the Holy name at about 8-15 p.m.

SITUATION ON SUNDAY AND MONDAY.

The strikers met in larger numbers than usual at the Wellington Mews on the evenings of Sunday and Monday. They said the Rosary and the Litany of the Saints and offered special prayers to St. Michael the Archangel the Patron Saint of this month.

Yesterday, they had a secret meeting of the Committee appointed on Saturday, and thereafter the men discussed the situation, knelt down and said the Angelus. They then dispersed to their quarters after paying a visit to the Church of the Holy Name of Jesus.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Parsi New Year: Yezdezardi 1292.

Parsi New Year gathering, at the Empress Cinema, 10 a.m. Mr. E. B. Paymaster to preside.

Prize distribution of the Lokmanya Rastriya Kanyashala Gandharva Mahavidyalaya, 6 p.m.

Memorial meeting re. late Sir V. D. Thackersey, the Sir C. Jehangir Hall, Mayo Road, 6 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, September 13.

Benefit performance in aid of Maharashtra Free Libraries Association, by Lalitakala Natak Co., 8-30 p.m.

FRIDAY, September 15.

English mail steamer Kaiser-i-Hind, due at 7 a.m.

Domestic Occurrences.

MARRIAGE.

MACKWAN—LAZARUS—At Ambroli Church, Bombay, on Saturday, 9th September, by Rev. R. B. Douglas, M.A., United Free Church Mission of Scotland, Mr. Jacob Mackwan (of Editorial staff, "Bombay Chronicle") to Miss Sarah Manorama Lazarus, daughter of Mrs. and (late) Dr. Lazarus, Medical Missionary, U. F. C. Mission, Thana.

DEATHS.

MRS. VASANJI NARANJI BHIMJI, J. P., on Saturday, the 9th instant in evening.

D'AYAM—Mahomed Munim (31), son of K. B. Hakim Mahomed Dayam, on Saturday last, at his residence in Surti Moholla.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

Gentlemen of the Common Jury summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court to-day (Tuesday) morning the 12th instant at 11-30 o'clock (S. T.).

Gentlemen of the Special Jury summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on Thursday morning the 14th instant at 11-30 o'clock (S.T.).

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.

Deferred telegrams for United States of America and beyond are accepted now via north Atlantic cables.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The mail steamer Kaisar-i-Hind with the English mails of the 31st ultimo is expected to arrive in Bombay at 7 a.m. on Friday next.

INDIAN MAILS.

The mail steamer China which left Bombay on the 26th ultimo arrived at Marseilles on Saturday, the 9th instant.

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE.

The Lalitkalalarsha Natak Company will stage "Shaha-Shivaji" in aid of the Maharashtra Free Libraries Association to-morrow (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m. in the Bombay theatre. The Hon. Secretary requests all lovers of education to help the Free Library movement by attending the drama. Tickets can be had at the Bombay National Union, opposite Mr. Majestic Cinema, Girgaon Road, and at the Company's residence in Khetwadi.

BAND NOTICE.

The Band of the 1st Bn. G. I. P. Rly. Regt. A. F. I., will play at the Esplanade Band Stand to-day commencing at 6 p.m. (weather permitting).

LUXMI CINEMA.

Mr. Nusserwanji Engineer, the proprietor of the Cinema Precious (Lamington Road) is starting a new Cinema at Parel, styled the Luxmi Cinema. The foundation ceremony of this new Luxmi Cinema was performed yesterday, before a large gathering by Rao Bahadur Sunderdas Narandas, Solicitor.

TO-DAY'S MEETING.

SIR V. D. THACKERSEY MEMORIAL MEETING.

A public meeting of the citizens of Bombay will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.), at the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall, Mavo Road, to honour the memory of the late Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey, and to devise measures to perpetuate his name in a suitable manner. The Hon. Dr. Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar, will preside.

Special seats will be provided for ladies The following, among others, would be the speakers at the meeting:—

Sir Gokuldas K. Parekh, Sir Fazulbhoi Carimbhoi, Dr. Sir Stanley Reed, Mr. K. Natarajan, Principal Tannan, Mrs. Ramabai Ranade, Mr. Otto Rothfeld, Mr. G. K. Devadhar, Prof. H. L. Kaji, Mr B. F. Madon, Mr. Gulabchand Devchand, Mr. S. K. Bole, Mr. D. G. Dalvi and others.

AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF RAILWAY SERVANTS.

Under the auspices of Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants of India and Burma, there will be a meeting (to-day) Tuesday the 12th instant, at 6 p.m. (S. T.), in the National Hotel Hall, Poona, near the Railway station, when Mr. Narayen Rao Kulkerney will deliver a public lecture on "Advantages to members of Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants on mutual benefit system and benefits of Railway Employees Cooperative Insurance," under the Presidentship of Mr. B. Jagtap.

FORTHCOMING MEETINGS.

SALLE FRANCHAISE: A LECTURE.

On "India and Humanism," by Dr. Sylvain Levi, will be given 6-30 p.m. to-morrow (Wednesday).

CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM WORKMEN'S INSTITUTE.

The annual general meeting of the members of the Pearl Mill Women's Co-operative Credit Society, Ltd., will be held to-morrow (Wednesday), at 6 p.m. in the Central Hall of the Institute. Mr. G. K. Deodher of the Servants of India Society will preside.

BHULESWAR CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The Honorary Secretary of this Committee writes:—All members of the above Committee are requested to call at the office at Princess Street to-morrow (Wednesday), between 9 to 11 and 4 to 6 (S. T.), to give their votes for 13 candidates for 11 vacancies from the Ward in the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee. The candidates are Messrs. (1) Govindji Vasanji, (2) Trikumdas Chakubhai, (3) Mohamed Jakaria Maniar (Zakir), (4) Kantilal Mohanlal, (5) Chunilal Shankerlal Parikh, (6) Harilal Keshidas, (7) Valabhdas Vasanji Jerazani, (8) Kersondas Raghavji, (9) Naranji Dayal, (10) Chimanlal Lallubhai, (11) Yesvant Krishna Parulkal, (12) Haji Fatehmamad Maniar, and (13) Ebrahim Haji Esmail Mayavala.

MAHARASHTRA P C. COMMITTEE.

MR. J. M. MEHTA SUCCEEDS MR. KELKAR AS PRESIDENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

At a special general meeting of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee held in Poona, Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta was elected President of the Provincial Congress Committee by 46 votes against 2, in place of Mr. Kelkar resigned.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Tuesday, September 12, 1922.

ENGLAND'S ATTITUDE.

What will be England's attitude in view of the successes of the Turks? That is the burning question in the East to-day, and by the answer given to that question in the sequel of events the fate of England in the East will be decided one way or the other. Will her rulers, who rejected two tremendous warnings —the collapse of Czarist Russia and the fall of Venizelos—that their policy was built on false assumptions, reverse that policy upon this final demonstration of its fallacy, or will they still continue to be partisans of the Greeks, haggling in the interests of their defeated proteges? Will they recognise the French, in their support of the Kemalists, as leaders in a wise—nay, an inevitable—change of policy, or will they regard the success of Mustafa Kemal Pasha's army as a victory of French diplomacy over British, and try to minimise it and frustrate it to the utmost of their power? A year ago we should have had no hesitation whatsoever in predicting that the latter course would be adopted by the British Government, but now it seems to us almost an even chance, so far as England only is concerned. The Government of India, by decided action, could easily convert that even chance into a certainty. A year ago the pan-"Christian" party completely dominated English public opinion—the party which considers it the duty of Great Britain as a "Christian" Power to support "Christian" peoples in their aims against non-"Christian" peoples, without inquiry as to right or wrong in any case, on the assumption that "Christians", ipso facto, must be always in the right of it, non-"Christians" always in the wrong. To-day opinion is more evenly divided.

The Greeks, as Greeks, were never popular with Englishmen, especially ex-soldiers, despite their momentary vogue as "Christians" and "Crusaders." We have often heard the expectation publicly expressed that the Turks would wipe them off the face of the earth, and we have heard the disappointment when the Greeks obtained successes expressed by the man-in-the-street who failed to realise that the Greeks were dealing with a people previously disarmed and had every moral—or rather immoral—support which the Zaharoff-Lloyd George combination could give to them —active support, which fell short only of belligerence. The man-in-the-street came to think that the Turks were played out, and so accepted the Greek policy with disillusionment. But the Turkish resistance ending in great victories has now revived his faith in his own judgment and he says plainly what he thinks about the Greeks. Then victory itself makes many converts. There has always been in England a little band of men who know the East which has held that the Czarist, and later the Greek, policy of the British Government was clearly ruinous and that the proper policy for England must be one of reconciliation with Islam and Asia. These, formerly derided, now get friendly hearing. The Government of India's famous cablegram, emphasised as it was by Mr. Montagu's resignation, impressed upon the public the significance of the Turkish Question for the British Empire and threw into relief the pro-Greek leanings of the British Government, with the result that to-day there does exist in England a large and growing body of opinion favourable to Islam. On the other hand, the Pan-"Christian" party is still active and the rulers are, so far as we know, still in sympathy with its object which is to support Christians against non-Christians by every available means, as far as possible, in Eastern lands. The thinking heads of the party, would now, probably, admit that the project of destroying Turkey as a nation by the hand of Greece has been shown to be impossible. Still, they will try to see that Greece does not lose all that they intended to confer on her, that she gains something by the unjustifiable and cruel war of conquest which she undertook with the approval and support of the rulers of England. With this object they are sure to use the catchwords of their own invention, which they have disseminated and supported by unscrupulous propaganda during half a century, and which the average English newspaper reader has, by force of repetition, come to view as truisms: "The Turks have proved themselves unfit to govern other races," "No Christians liberated from the Turks can ever be returned to Turkish rule", and so on. It is their policy to represent Islam and the Muslim Turk as mercilessly hostile to Christianity; whereas the historical truth is that Islam is tolerant of Christianity, and that the Muslim Turk has treated his Christian subjects better than the neighbouring Christian rulers treated their own Christian subjects. "Christianity", upon the other hand, has been the relentless enemy of Islam, and instead of appreciating the religious toleration of the Turks the Christian Powers have used the privileges granted to their Christian subjects as a weapon for the spoliation and destruction of the Muslim realm. There would never have been any trouble between Muslims and Christians in the Turkish Empire, that Empire would have developed naturally into a federation of free States, as Moltke in the early nineteenth century predicted, if it had not been for the corrupt intrigues of European Governments. The tragedy of Muslim Turkey has been the fault of "Christian" Europe", first and last.

Where misconceptions are so prevalent, we think it right to state quite clearly on behalf of Muslims that the Turks are asking only what is due to them of right. Greece sought to conquer Turkey, but Turkey does not seek in turn to conquer Greece. She only asks for peace and independence within her national boundaries. There is not the least desire in any Muslim's mind to attack or injure any Christian country. They only ask that they shall be safeguarded from attack and injury. As for the Christian subjects of the Porte, the Turks have never punished them as Christians, they have punished them as rebels aiming at the ruin of the State and the extermination of their Muslim neighbours; and they have punished only those who did rebel—always at the instigation of some Power of Europe. The best way, therefor, to secure the welfare of the Christian subjects of the Porte is to refrain from interference in their favour, which has been a cause of great injustice to the Muslim population, and to cease from subsidising their seditious movements. Let the Christians of the East once know that Europe will no longer pay them for embarrassing the Turkish Government, and they will speedily become the best of subjects. Those who see—or feign to see—in the Revival of Islam a danger, know nothing of the spirit behind that revival. The Muslims have been and are fighting only for fair play —a fair chance of progress on their own lines, the lines of so-called "Christian" progress having proved unsuited to them. When the Khilafat has been reestablished with sufficient power for its defence, the Muslims will not think of conquest but of education and development on lines compatible with their religion. England stands at the cross-roads now. She has to choose between support of Asiatic progress and attempted repression of that progress. A whole-hearted acceptance of her own professed ideals of self-determination, freedom, justice, applied impartially to every country and to every race within her sphere of influence would make her the most honoured Power in the world, beloved and trusted. An attempt to repress the Asiatic Revival, on the other hand, is certain to prove as futile and disastrous as an attempt to stop the rising tide. It is time to set aside the precepts of routine, to stand clear of the maze of European politics and think not in months but centuries. It would be pitiful if England took the wrong road at this juncture for no better reason than that France had chosen the right road.

GURU-KA-BAGH.

In the face of impartial accounts of eye-witnesses like Prof. Ruchi Ram Sahni of Lahore, it is difficult to believe that the conduct of the police at Guru-ka-bagh in the Amritsar district was such as to elicit commendation from the Punjab Government. We are aware that the Punjab Government—and all Provincial Governments for a matter of that—have shown a disposition to support their subordinates, whether in the Police or any other department, including jails. The white-washing communique issued by the Punjab Government justifying the violence used by the police on the Akalis as the minimum force necessary to preserve law and order, lends support to our view. The Government have disposed of the serious allegations against the police as exaggerated and emanating from interested sources, and, undoubtedly on the *disinterested* reports of their own subordinate officers concerned, state that the amount of force used did not exceed "the necessities of the situation." Indeed the so-called "necessities of the situation," must, according to the Punjab Government, have been so great that on every occasion when the police resorted to the use of force against the Akalis, who have remained strictly and absolutely non-violent, they went on mercilessly beating the Aklis until they were rendered unconscious. Prof. Ruchi Ram, who was an eye-witness on one of these occasions, of the conduct of the police, writing in the "Tribune," says that "*heartlessness* is the one word which comes to my mouth in connection with what I saw. Even after the men (Akalis) had been stretched flat on the ground they were not allowed to be attended to there on the road. The King's highway must be cleared immediately. So the men were dragged by the legs and arms and some people said also by the hair—(held sacred by the Sikhs)—over heaps of 'kunker' on one side and thrown into low-lying grounds on their side of the road. I personally also saw a few people, not more than three or four, being lifted up and *thrown into the ditch*, on the side from which the police originally came, with less regard than one would show to men who were declared dead." Another gentleman, Malik Lal Khan, who had accompanied, the Professor thus describes what he saw—

"What I saw then with my eyes cannot be adequately described in words. I am a villager and I have seen how people in villages beat grains from the stalks and ears. That scene came before my eyes. The non-violent, peaceful Akalis were beaten in a singular manner. The *Dunda* Police appeared to contain mostly the inhabitants of Jhelum and Rawalpindi side. The drummers also appear to belong to the same locality. So long as the drum continued to beat the policemen remained engaged in their heroic exploit. The Akalis lost consciousness and then they were lifted up, and hurled like gunny-bags of sand on the roadside and in the drain. If any Akali regaining consciousness lifted his head, blows were again showered upon him till he once more swooned away."

It is such conduct as this that the Punjab Government, acting on the disinterested information of their subordinate officers, would fain justify before the bar of public opinion. From the statements made by Government, the Shiromani Gurudwara Prabandhak Committee and many other unquestionably disinterested and highly respectable persons, it is evident that the Akalis have, in their brave struggle for purifying their places of worship, been made to suffer considerably and that they have borne their sufferings in all humility and spirit of submission that ought really to make the heart of a stone melt. The Punjab Government, in the chagrin at their own failure to "samjav" the Akalis and induce them to accept a timid and halting measure of pseudo-reform in full satisfaction of their aspirations, have overlooked the dictates of forbearance and humanity in dealing with the Akalis. It is in the nature of an impertinence even to suggest, in the face of the overwhelming testimony of independent persons, that the Akalis, pledged to the strictest non-violence, were guilty of attacks on the police. We can understand why this allegation is being made against the Akalis. Beyond dispute the general body of the Akalis have been distinguished throughout the Guru-ka-bagh episode by their non-violent character. Were it otherwise and had they been guilty of the least violence, as has been alleged by the Punjab Government, we should have perhaps heard a great deal more of denunciation than Mr. Lloyd George's diatribe against the Turks. It is to be deeply regretted that the Punjab Government have distinguished themselves by the lack of sense of proportion and strict impartiality, which alone can commend the administration to the confidence of the public. They have now realised, it seems, the folly of the Police methods of dealing with the non-violent Akalis. For, a press communique says that the Deputy Commissioner of Amritsar has decided in consultation with the local Government to discontinue the practice of stopping and forcibly dispersing, on the Amritsar-Ajnala Road, Jathas attempting to reach Guru-ka-Bagh. But this, we are told, does not mean that Government has "abandoned or modified its intention of maintaining the law and protecting the rights of private property." We have seen, however, what methods the Police have adopted in carrying out the laudable intent of Government. The whole of India sympathises with the Akalis whose spirit of non-violence and determination to vindicate a righteous cause have not been thwarted by the unrelenting repression to which the Punjab Government have resorted.

Notes of the Day

A Thought for the Day.

"We must not forget that political parties fail and die: religious parties never die, except when the victory is won, when their vital principle has attained its full development and become identified with the progress of civilization and of morals. Then but not till then, in the heart of the people or in the brain of some individual, powerful by virtue of genius and love, God plants a new thought, vaster and more fruitful than that which is passing away. The centre of faith advances a step and only those who gather around it constitute the party of the future."

—MAZZINI.

A Threat.

The Council of State made an ignoble surrender in regard to the resolution about the Premier's speech, a result at which even the "Bengalee" is not surprised. "The Council of State," our contemporary says, "has betrayed the interests of India by rejecting Prof. Kale's resolution: but this does not surprise us. This Council has been constituted with the undisguised object of preserving intact the power and prestige of the Indian bureaucracy in the Central Government, and it has only served its purpose by adopting a hostile attitude towards Mr. Kale's resolution." The Assembly, with its eye on the electorates, has, however, mustered courage enough to resist official "pressure and persuasion," though it greatly weakened the force of the original resolution of Mr. Agnihotri by accepting a halting amendment. But even in doing so, it has, to use the insulting words of Sir William Vincent, bitten the hand that feeds it. That Sir William Vincent should have dared to speak thus in an assembly which professes to represent the people is a measure of the reality of the reforms. Sir William Vincent and Sir Malcolm Hailey exhausted all the resources of subtle intimidation, but in doing so they only exposed the hollowness of the "Reforms" which not long ago were advertised in that same Assembly as ushering the doom of autocracy. They could ill conceal their wrath at the unusual spectacle of docile Indians presuming to criticise the speech of the great "Little Welshman." "In Home politics," "Sir Malcolm Hailey said ludicrously enough, "the Englishmen might talk in whatever view they liked about themselves but the British people would resent an outside attack on such a great leader as Mr. Lloyd George holding a unique position in Europe." Forsooth! Indians must quietly submit to every humiliation; nay, not only submit without protest but sing the praises of those who humiliate them. For is it not through the grace of the latter that they will continue to get crumbs of reform from time to time? This was the burden of the official speeches which also contained threats. Now that the Assembly has refused to follow the example of the Council of State, it must be prepared to see the wrath of the Prime Minister, Parliament and the British people fall on the devoted head of India. But India now knows how to deal with such threats.

What Next?

According to a correspondent, who professes to have heard from esoteric circles in England, there will be Public Services Commission appointed shortly to enquire into the pauperised conditions of the Imperial Services. Is it to follow the largesse sanctioned by the Macdonell Committee? The salaries of the Services are a non-votable item and the Assembly is expected to enter a harmless protest after the event. Our correspondent is also responsible for the unauthenticated news that Mr. Sastri is likely to be a member of the Commission, if not the Chairman of the show. If the chairmanship is alloted to him, it may "fire the imagination of India," besides providing him with a place for a couple of years and a couple of voyages. Is this all the Government can do?

Protecting the Police.

The "Pioneer," which is blessed with the Simla inspiration, is suddenly anxious about the fate of "the Bill to provide a penalty for spreading disaffection among the police." It is perturbed because, four out of the thirteen members having qualified their signatures by votes of dissent, the Bill may not have "even now" an easy passage through the Assembly. Our contemporary is at pains to prove that "any action taken *bona fide* to procure in a lawful manner the absence from duty or resignation of a policeman for the purpose of bettering his prospects," is immune from penalties, and indulges in some talk about safeguards. Indian public opinion is not likely to be deceived by such "safeguards" after the experience of the Indian Press Act and the Defence of India Act. In these days of bureaucratic intolerance, when ordinary laws are abused and their provisions prostituted for political purposes, can any sane Indian ever feel satisfied with illusory safe-guards or give his consent to special measures such as the Bill to protect the Police? "Spreading disaffection among the Police" is too dangerous a term to admit of any definition—and legal definitions under political necessity lose their value, and ultimately all things tend in India to approximate to Justice Stratchey's notorious dictum: want of affection is the same as disaffection; and with people refusing to recognize the jurisdiction of British Courts and the validity of their proceedings, need we wonder how the proposed law for the protection of the Police, like the one for the protection of the Princes, is liable scandalously to be misused by a bureaucracy which pays but lip service to constitutional safeguards?

Mr. Horniman.

Mr. B. G. Horniman wishes us to express his very great appreciation of the kindness of all those friends of his who took part in the meeting on his birthday, and assisted at the concert given by Miss Gauhar Jan on his behalf. He writes: "It is impossible for me to put into words my very deep feelings, and how much the warmth and affection shown by the Bombay people, especially, has cheered me. I do not wish to make indivious distinction, so will not mention anyone in particular though I am fully aware of the great efforts made by certain individuals." Those efforts, we feel certain, will not cease till Mr. Horniman is restored, a free man, to the country which he loves so well.

IRISH FREE STATE.

NATIONAL PARLIAMENT ASSEMBLES.

DEMONSTRATION BY IRREGULARS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Sept. 9.

The Free State's first National Parliament was opened in Dublin to-day and unanimously elected Professor Michael Layes its speaker and Mr. William Cosgrave its President. The only anti-Treaty representative present was Mr. Laurence Ginnell, the Dail's envoy to the Argentine, who was forcibly removed after constantly interrupting the proceeding. The other Irregular deputies had decided not to challenge the Government's threat of arrest, and had appointed Mr. Ginnell their spokesman.

Mr. Ginnell at the outset circulated a notice of a motion repudiating the authority of the Assembly and accusing the Provisional Government of starting civil war. He disregarded repeated warnings not to interfere with the election of the Speaker.

After his removal Mr. Cosgrave was elected President on the motion of General Mulcahy who said the session would be short and the business would be to establish the constitution in accordance with the Treaty and find means of defeating internal enemies.

NEW DAIL CABINET.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Dail Eireann has assented without comment to the composition of the new Dail Cabinet, previously forecasted, as follows:—

Mr. W. Cosgrave President of Dail Eireann and Chairman of the Provisional Government.
Mr. Ernest Blyth .....Local Government.
Mr. Desmond Fitzgerald...Foreign Affairs.
Mr. P. J. Hogan .....Agriculture.
Mr. Joseph McGrath Commerce and Labour.
Mr. Richard Mulcahy .....Defence. (Commander-in-Chief.)
Professor John McNeil .....Education.
Mr. Kevin O'Higgins .....Home Affairs.

TREATY OF SEVRES CONDEMNED.

VIEWS OF U. S. AMBASSADOR.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Mr. Henry Morgenthau, who is the American Ambassador to Turkey, in the course of an outspoken article in the *Sunday Times* to-day, refers to America's solicitude for the safety of Christians in Asia Minor.

Mr. Morgenthau criticises the Treaty of Sevres, which, he declares, should not have given Smyrna and part of the interland to Greece. The Turks should definitely have been relegated to Asia Minor; while the Dardanelles should have been internationalised under the protection of the League of Nations.

Mr. Morgenthau concludes that there may yet be time for France and Britain to suspend their jealousies and prejudices and fix up a mutual agreement on these lines.

QUESTION OF REFUGEES AND DESERTERS.

LONDON, Sept. 8.

Smyrna.—Thousands of refugees and deserters are arriving and the question is becoming grave as practically no steps have been taken regarding sanitation or food supplies. It is estimated that the homeless refugees exceed 200,000. Many British subjects are remaining in Smyrna and the outlying villages. Fears are entertained for the security of British properties.

REFUGEES FROM ASIA MINOR.

LONDON, Sept. 8.

London.—The United States' Consul-General at Constantinople, who is the Chairman of the United States Relief Association, has undertaken to render all possible assistance to the refugees from Asia Minor both at Constantinople and Smyrna.

REFUGEE PROBLEM IN SMYRNA.

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PROMISE OF AMERICAN ASSISTANCE

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Sept. 8.

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REFUGEES TOTAL UP HALF A MILLION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Sept. 9.

A telegram received in London states that, half a million refugees from the interior have arrived at Smyrna in a pitiable condition, and the situation in Smyrna is very grave Bands of Greek soldiers, Armenian and Turks are indulging in incendiarism, pillage and murder. The Allied fleets have a concerted plan of action in the event of the arrival of Kemalist troops.

The above message was despatched before the capture of Smyrna by the Kemalists was known.

The death is announced of Mr. Wilfred Scawen Blunt in his 83 year.

KEMALISTS' VICTORY.

PRAYERS ALL OVER INDIA

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, Sept. 9.

The Mahomedan residents of Calcutta are jubilant over the Greek reverses and last night they celebrated the Turkish victory. Yesterday after Juma prayers thanksgiving services were held in all the principal mosques of the town, where an unusual large number of Mahomedans congregated. Besides Indian Moslems, Arabs, Beluchis, Afghans and other Mahomedans of Central Asia and Persia staying in Calcutta joined in the ceremony. After nightfall the Mahomedan quarters of the city, shops, houses, mosques and streets were illuminated, alms distributed, special prayers offered and speeches made urging Hindu-Mahomedan Unity.

There is a widespread belief among the Moslems of Calcutta that the news of the death of Enver Pasha is not correct.

Calcutta celebrated the Victory of Ghaz Mustapha Kemal Pasha in a befitting manner. Such jubilation as was witnessed last night had never been seen in the memory of the present generation. Shops in the Indian quarters were tastefully decorated the illumination was superb. Procession after procession with bands headed by Hindus and Muslims went round the city and came in quick succession to the office of the Calcutta Khilafat Committee to offer their greetings with shouts of "Allah-o-Akhbar" At the exact time Moslems in congratulation prayed fervently to Almighty God for th success of the Turkish arms. A deputatio of office-bearers and workers of the Calcutt Khilafat Committee went round the city and suburbs to offer their greetings to the subordinate committees and were all along received with ovations.

AT GAYA.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)
GAYA, Sept. 9.

As announced by the Central Khilafat, Bombay prayers were offered at the Juma mosque yesterday both after Juma prayers and at 9 p.m. At the time of the world celebration prayers were attended by an unusually tremendous gathering, who prayed devoutly for success of Islam and Ghazi Mustafa Kemal Pasha. Long before the appointed time small parties representing each *Mahalla* were noticed marching to the mosque singing songs with banners and gas lights in hands . Exactly at 9 p.m. Gazi Ahmad Hoisain, Secretary, District Khilafat Committee offered soul-stirring prayers moving the audience to tears. There upon Mr. Mahmood Sher, Editor, "Rajiya", Patna, delivered a short but impressive speech pointing out how Indian Moslems had been responsible for the temporary defeats of Turks and how Turks bore consequent miseries with patience never losing hope and continued the struggle with redoubled energy, finally ending in the recent victories He asked Muslims to mar from this example how God helps those who help themselves. The celebrations closed amidst great acclamation.

PRAYERS AT POONA.

The Secretary of the Khilafat Committee Poona city, wires:—Under instructions from Seth Chotani, President, Central Khilafat Committee of India, prayers were offered for the victory of Mirjahidin Angora and success of Mustafa Kemal Pasha in every mosque in Poona city and camp, Kirkee and Wanorie, etc., at 9 o'clock on the night of 8th September. The mosques were highly crowded and were illuminated. Besides, in many of them "Milad" and "Waz" ceremonies were performed.

After the prayers telegrams were sent from this office to Satara, Sholapur, Ahmednagar, Lonavla, Junner, Mancher, Khed, Talegaon, etc., advising offer of prayers. Seth Dost Mohomed Pir Mohomed and Vasted Gulam Dastagir Khansahib have been taken great interest in this work.

AT DELHI.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)
DELHI, Sept. 10.

Prayers were offered in all mosques at 9 on the 8th evening and a mass meeting was held on the 9th, when a resolution was passed congratulating the Kemalists on their decisive victory in Asia Minor.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
PUBLIC MEETING.
DELHI, Sept. 10.

At a public meeting held last evening to congratulate the Turks on their victory in Asia Minor, it was unanimously resolved to despatch a cable to Mr. Lloyd George viewing with deep apprehension and resentment the pro-Greek policy of his Government and pointing out that Britain alone would be responsible for any grave situation that might arise in the Moslem world as a result of his pro-Greek attitude.

AT CAWNPORE.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)
CAWNPORE, Sept. 11.

News of occupation of Smyrna by Turkish nationalists was received at Cawnpore with great jubilation. Many houses and shops in the city were illuminated and celebrations on a grand scale are being arranged to-day.

AT ALIGARH.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)
ALIGARH, Sept. 9.

About four thousand Mohammedans assembled in the Jumma Mosque and prayed most fervently at the exact time for the glorious victories of Mustafa Kemal Pasha's armies. Moulana Mohamedali Shah Sindhi lead the prayers.

AT LUCKNOW.

At Lucknow the service was held in the Central Mosque, near Hardinge Bridge.

AT ALIGARH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
ALIGARH, Sept. 11.

Friday last was observed as a prayer day in the *Jamia*. In the evening the staff and the students both Hindus and Muslims joined together and offered prayers for the success of the Turks. The Principal, Mr. Khwaja and Dr. Azim subscribed Rs. 450 and Rs. 250 to the Angora Fund, besides the students and the staff members are doing their bit. The news of the capture of

(Continued in column 5.)

FALL OF SMYRNA.

GREEKS EVACUATE ASIA MINOR.

ENTHUSIASTIC SCENES IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

POSSIBILITY OF A REALLY JUST PEACE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Sept. 9.

The Nationalists have occupied Smyrna.

EVACUATION OF SMYRNA COMPLETED.

LONDON, Sept. 11.

Athens.—The Minister of War has returned from Smyrna and announces that the Greek evacuation of Smyrna is complete.

ATHENS, Sept. 9.

The Greek troops in the Brusa sector are being evacuated via Mudania on the Sea of Marmora.

SMYRNA HANDED OVER TO ALLIES.

HURRIED EVACUATION BY GREEK TROOPS.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Up to the present, the Greeks have not officially admitted the fall of Smyrna but the latest direct messages from Smyrna give the text of a proclamation of midnight on the 8th. September, which declared that the Greek administration had ended and that the town had been been handed over to the Allies, whose Consuls, after a conference had been held, had despatched a wireless message to Mustapha Kemal, in which they asked him to fix up a meeting for the purpose of discussing a peaceful entry and occupation by the Turks.

Armed British, American and French patrols were landed and distributed throughout Smyrna. The Greek's were working furiously to evacuate their troops before the enemy's arrival. They had succeeded in transporting fifteen thousand of the worst casualties to Greece. Six thousand fresh Greek troops, who had arrived from Thrace, were rushed up to the front to cover the evacuation. The Greek headquarters have been moved to Mitylene whence operations will be directed.

Previous Reuter messages regarding the progress of the Turks were as follows:—

JUBILATION IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

CONGRATULATORY MESSAGES TO ANGORA

LONDON, Sept. 11.

Constantinople.—The population is enthusiastically celebrating Kemalist Victories. Congratulatory messages have been sent to the Angora Assembly.

ENTHUSIASTIC SCENES IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

ANXIETY IN BRITISH CIRCLES.

LONDON, Sept. 11.

Constantinople messages describe the wild enthusiasm of the populace following on the news of the fall of Smyrna. For the first time in the history of Islamism mosques were lighted up and illuminated texts were swung between the minarets. Twenty thousand worshippers filled the Mosque of St. Sophia and overflowed into the courtyard, which was decorated with historic flags. The service was succeeded by chauvinistic speeches which were vociferously applauded, but hitherto no untowards incident has occurred.

Anxiouseyed Greeks who in the past few days have thronged the churches scanning the military communiques now stay indoors. The entente troops are confined to barracks. The British Colony and others are by no means free from anxiety, but have been considerably reassured by the publication of a telegram from London affirming British determination to resist violation of neutral zones. Up to the present only a few Christian refugees have arrived in Constantinople.

FRENCH AND BRITISH VIEW-POINTS

FRANCE NO PARTY TO "PRO-GREEK CRUSADE."

LONDON, Sept. 10.

If the French Press comments are an indication, the Anglo-French Entente was never in greater danger than to-day as a result of the Kemalist victories. The Paris papers continue to talk of Mustapha Kemal Pasha's successes almost as if they were British defeats.

The "Petit Parisien" urges French troops to be immediately despatched to Bigna and other districts on the Eastern shores of the Sea of Marmora, where it alleges British contingents have replaced the Greeks. The newspaper patronisingly suggests that if the Kemalists advance northwards to the attack, these British contingents latter will doubtless welcome the intervention of French troops and that the Turks are unlikely at French request to refrain from attack on the British.

The "Matin" referring to the reports that Kemalists were surreptitiously equipped with French arms asserts, that certain Greeks an year ago supplied Mustapha Kemal Pasha with machine guns and rifles. It declares that the British government must be disillusioned, if it thinks, that French soldiers will participate in the pro-Greek crusade. It says "All we can give Britain is advice that terms must be made with an enemy one cannot beat."

KEMALISTS AS "DICTATORS."

There are indications however that others beside the "Action Francaise" sentiments yesterday are alive to the danger of the Kemalists dictating terms to the Allies in Constantinople, as indicated by the Kemalist envoy Ferid Bey. The "Echo National" draws attention to the danger to Beirut from Turkish occupation of Smyrna and says that France must not forget Turkey's attitude in the Great War.

The "Temps" says it is unthinkable that Turks should try to force the hands of the Allies as regards Constantinople and the Dardanelles or raise the threat of Turco-Bulgarian co-operation in Thrace.

Another factor making for triumph of

(Continued on next Page.)

FALL OF SMYRNA.

THE TURKISH NATIONALISTS HAVE AT LAST SUCCEEDED IN EJECTING THE GREEKS FROM ASIA MINOR. THE SHADED PORTIONS OF TERRITORY IN IONIA AND THRACE REPRESENT THE ILL-GOTTEN GAINS OF GREECE THROUGH THE UNRATIFIED TREATY OF SEVRES.

BELGO-GERMAN NEGOTIATIONS.

GERMAN PAYMENT TO BELGIUM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Sept. 11.

The failure of the Belgo-German negotiations is not being taken as a tragedy in Berlin, partly, no doubt, owing to the prospect of their being resumed at an early date.

The "Vorwaerts" hopes that the Reparations Commission will not now automatically enforce its decision that, if Germany failed to reach an agreement with Belgium, she should secure her financial obligations to the end of the year by depositing gold abroad.

The "Germania" is convinced that Belgium will accept an extension of six months on Treasury Bills if the Reparations Commission has no objection.

This possibility, however, is not admitted in the Allied capitals as necessitating that other Allies should consent to forego their share in the Reparations after the end of the year; and this is regarded indeed as being most unlikely, especially in view of the phrase in M. Poincare's speech at Meaux yesterday in which he reiterated the determination to recover the debts from Germany, in which connection he would, if necessary, take a strong independent action.

The present alternative seems to be a deposit of gold abroad, which is regarded unfavourably in London as heralding a further depreciation of the mark.

(Continued from column 2.)

Smyrna reached by wire last evening and this morning the students and the staff met and offered thanks to God for the victory. This evening prayers of thanks will be offered in the University.

The following message has been sent to Usmania University by the Principal of the National Muslim University:—"*Jamia Millia Islamia* offers heartiest congratulations and fraternal greetings on the occasion of the first meeting of your senate. May the Jamia Usmania flourish under the benign regime of His Exalted Highness."

AT OTHER PLACES.

We regret lack of space prevents us from publishing in extense reports of prayer meetings received from the following among other places:—Cawnpore, Khamgaon, Nagpur, Jalgaon, Karachi, Nagina, Patna, Lucknow, Agra, Khamdwa, Vanthali, Gaya.

INDIA'S GOODWISHES ACKNOWLEDGED.

TELEGRAM FROM DJELALUDDIN ARIF BEY.

The Central Khilafat Committee has sent the following for publication:—

Seth Chotani has received the following cablegram from His Excellency Djelaluddin Arif Bey, Rome (Italy):—

Rome, Sept. 4 p.m.—Forwarded congratulations and good wishes from Khilafat Committees and India to Ghazi Kemal Pasha and the army. All Muslim communities, particularly united India, contributed to victory. Present to all Indian brothers—Muslims as well as Hindus—our expression of gratefulness. Am communing at this moment with you in thought of the immense services and common cause of Ali Brothers and Mahatma Gandhi. Hope Islam, i.e., Asia united against injustice will tighten still more fraternally common bonds, which only could guarantee their liberty and rights. May Allah continue His divine protection to His humble servants.—Djelaluddin Arif."

The following cablegram has been sent to His Excellency Djelaluddin Arif Bey:—

"Your cablegram to Seth Chotani conveying united India's unbounded joy over brilliant Islamic victory. Alhamdu Lillah. Prayers observed on 8th instant throughout India. Muslims of all sects joined whole-heartedly displaying on the unique occasion harmony and unity for common cause. Telegrams are being received from all parts of India and Africa offering congratulations to His Excellency Ghazi Mustafa Kemal Pasha and victorious armies. Intimations of Islamic countries are expected. United prayers for the whole Islamic world to insure speedy and complete victory of Islam. Insha Allah.—Khatri."

INDIAN BATTALION ORDERED TO KURDISTAN.

LONDON, Sept. 7.

An Indian battalion has been ordered to the Kurdistan border from Basra. The situation is serious.—"*Englishman*" *cable.*

FURTHER ARRESTS OF MULSHI-SATYAGRAHI'S.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
POONA, Sept. 11.

Despite the arrests of Mr. Bapat and his fellow *satyagarhis* the volunteers at Mulshi have been continuing the *satyagarha* campaign. No further arrests had been made by the police till Saturday last, when all of a sudden the police reverting to their former attitude arrested six *satyagrahi* volunteers. Their trial will commence shortly. The *Satyagarha* Mandal it is understood is quite firm in its resolve to keep the campaign going on.

(Continued from column 6.)

only find food and clothing, but a permanent asylum, or else they will inevitably fall a prey to the lures of the Christian missionary or suffer terribly among revengeful and vindicative Hindu neighbours. Help us.

Act now and send your contributions to—

The Secretary,
Jamiat-i-Dawat-o-Tabligh-i-Islam,
Goldsmith Road, Calicut,
(S. Malabar.)

SUFFERING MOPLAHS.

APPEAL FOR HELP.

DUTY OF MUSLIMS.

We have received the following appeal for publication from Mr. Mohy-ed-Din Ahmed, Secretary, Jamiat-i-Dawat-o-Tabligh-i-Islam, an energetic worker among the suffering Moplahs of Malabar. The appeal reveals the terrible condition of the Moplahs, especially women and children. The need for help is very urgent and it is the duty of every Muslim to give his quota, be it big or small, to save his fellow-Muslims from misery and starvation. Will Muslims do their duty now or let the honour of Islam be tarnished? Do your duty 'to-day;' tomorrow it may be too late.

AN APPEAL FOR HELP.

It is a tragic mistake to suppose that the misfortunes of Malabar are fast coming to an end and that that unhappy land will soon enjoy the same prosperity and peace as it used to do before the notorious Martial Law regime. Nothing is remoter from the fact. On the contrary her misfortunes are daily multiplying with alarming rapidity. Only two figures are happy and busy in Malabar—The shadow of Death and the inveterate bureaucrat, while the Moplahs—men, women and children—are most unhappy, a very picture of misery and destitution, and present such a gloomy and dismal spectacle as to melt the heart of every human being. Old an incapacitated men, widows and orphans are drying by slow degrees for want of sufficient food, and capable youths and grown up men are being put into jails leaving their dependants in a terribly helpless plight. Indiscriminate arrests are still being made day and night. Most heart-rending scenes are witnessed daily.

To quote only a few out of them:—

1. In Manparam a Muslim woman died. For several days her corpse lay unwashed, uncovered and unburied, because there was no man in the village to carry her coffin to the grave, nay not even a boy of twelve, in the whole village who could go to the adjacent village to get help.

2. In Jirdaur we had issued tickets for free rations to 66 families last week, because there were no men to support and none but helpless and destitute women and children left, but this week we had to issue tickets to 35 more families as their womenfolk and children had also been reduced to a helpless and destitute state because all their men had been arrested and sent to jail in the course of the week.

3. In Mauna only 3 women and 4 children [illegible] are left out of a village of forty [illegible] fifty families and there is none to come to the relief camp to receive rations even.

4. But the worst form of tyranny is the tyranny of the Hindu neighbours who do not hesitate to play fast and loose with decency and morality even. Several cases have come to our notice where Hindus have at night-time raided the houses of poor helpless young women, broken open their doors, forcibly torn their dresses and veils and committed most shameful acts. The chastity and honour of Muslim women is not safe at the hands of their Hindu neighbours, who go to them and tell them "your husbands are in jails for so many years, we are now your husbands!" [illegible] the actual words used. This case has been brought to the notice of the authorities also.

5. Hindu-Muslim unity is openly flouted and scoffed at in Malabar.

Famine and starvation have reduced the Moplah to such a state of helplessness that those occupants of the harem who valued their honour and chastity above everything else in this world are now obliged to sacrifice it for one loaf or a handful of rice to save themselves and their children from the most cruel death—by starvation.

Nay, not even that, even the religion is being sacrificed at the altar of hunger. Could misery and destitution go further? But who, may we not enquire, is responsible for all this? The rich and the well-to-do people of India and especially the Muslims, who are quietly reclining in their armchairs and silently watching the enactment of this tragedy, ostrich-like, shutting their eyes to it and professing not to notice it at all. Their hearts are not perturbed at the sight of the gradual extermination of their brethren. They are all this time as unmoved as Roman wealthy men were when they witnessed the eating up of criminals by lions. It is time for them to open their purses and rescue a brave people from extinction. Only timely help can save the life, the honour, and the religion of Moplah women and orphans: otherwise the whole of India will stand eternally condemned before God and Humanity for the guilt of letting a brave and generous people die out for lack of doing their utmost to save it. Is it too much to expect that 8 millions of Muslims should contribute a few lakhs of rupees to relieve their distressed brthren in Malabar and rescue their honour and religion from being surrendered to their powerful neighbours in the fierce struggle with hunger and destitution? If the Muslims do not save them now and come to their help immediately, that time will not be far off when a Muslim in Malabar will be reckoned among the members of a forgotten and extinct species.

The Jamiat has been carrying on relief and reconstruction work since February last and has been distributing food and clothing to the needy. Famine has been checked through our efforts, but not stopped. *It would be disastrous to Islam*—and the Moplahs if our work were stopped just now for want of funds. The need for our work of relief and reconstruction is likely to continue for many months more. Help us. There are still hundreds of thousands suffering from the worst form of misery and helplessness ever known to India. There are thousands of orphaned children and widowed women for whom we must not

(Continued in column 5.)

PUNJAB GOVT. AND GURU-KA-BAGH.

RETURNING SANITY.

FORCIBLE STOPPING OF JATHA TO BE DISCONTINUED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 10.

A Punjab Government communique issued to-day states:—The Deputy Commissioner of Amritsar has decided, in consultation with the Local Government to discontinue the practice of stopping and forcibly dispersing, on the Amritsar-Ajnala Road, jathas attempting to reach Guru-Ka-Bagh. Government has not, however, abandoned or modified its intention of maintaining the law and protecting the rights of private property. Akali jathas and the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee are definitely warned that all unlawful intrusion on the Mahant's land at Guru-Ka-Bagh will be prevented. For this purpose Government has placed at the disposal of the District Magistrate sufficient forces of armed police to enable him to maintain the law and to deal according to law with all unlawful intruders.

ARRIVAL OF HAKIM AJMAL KHAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, Sept. 10.

The Akali Jatha on 8th instant undeterred by heavy rain started on its errand. It was stopped at Chhina bridge and administered beating, quite a number of men receiving severe injuries. The representative of the "Manchester Guardian" witnessed the scene.

The Ambala Jatha which left on the 9th instant had the honour of first free passage to Guru-Ka-Bagh without let or hindrance after fifteen days' grim and flawless Satyagraha in which hundred men went every day braving the gravest personal risks and receiving on their persons the severest beating that it pleased the agents of authority to administer in the name of law and order. The whole of Amritsar heaved a sigh of relief at the report that the Jatha had at last reached Guru-Ka-Bagh though later on it was partially marred by a subsequent report that at Guru-Ka-Bagh itself four batches of five men each who had gone to cut trees had been beaten and a number of the wounded had been removed to Amritsar.

Hakim Ajmal Khan Sahib, Swami Shraddhanand and Pandita Lajjawati have arrived this morning.

On September 9, seven more prosecution witnesses were heard in the case against Sardar Mahtab Singh and others.

SITUATION AT MULTAN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 10.

Reliable information has been received here to the effect that the situation at Multan is improving though great tension of feeling exists among Hindus and Mussalmans. It is reported that during the disturbance some people were badly disfigured with sulphuric acid and the women were roughly handled.

ESH-JATHA AT GURU-KA BAGH

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AMRITSAR, Sept. 10.

Yesterday a jatha of hundred strong representing Hoshiarpur and Lyallpur districts proceeded without hindrance to Guru-Ka-Bagh amidst great rejoicings. They were however prohibited by the police from cutting trees in Gurdwara Garden. Some of the Akalis are alleged to have received serious wounds in the scuffle with police. All the wounded Akalis have been removed to Amritsar.

SITUATION UNCHANGED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AMRITSAR, Sept. 10.

The Akali situation generally remains unchanged. Reports of Akalis being beaten still continue to come. Four lorries containing armed police have recently reached Guru-Ka-Bagh. It is understood another Jatha has proceeded this morning to Guru-Ka-Bagh.

AKALIS SENTENCED AT SHEIKHUPURA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 9.

Some 19 Akalis have been convicted in Sheikhupura under section 147 Indian Penal Code and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment for trespass upon land in the cultivation of certain Paolis and for assaults upon them on March 25th, 1922.

POLICE CONCENTRATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, Sept. 11..

The Shiromani Committee's latest communique says:—The Police seem to be concentrating at Guru-ka-Bagh. Four lorries of additional police with rifles and ammunition have reached the place. Several cartloads of military equipment were also seen going to Guru-ka-Bagh. The communique adds that the blockade round Guru-ka-Bagh has been loosened and people from villages are allowed to go in with rations. The number of wounded in the Committee's hospitals on September 8 were 936 besides about 200 in Guru-ka-Bagh. Ten more doctors and five compounders have volunteered.

POLICE EXCESSES CONDEMNED BY KARACHI PUBLIC.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

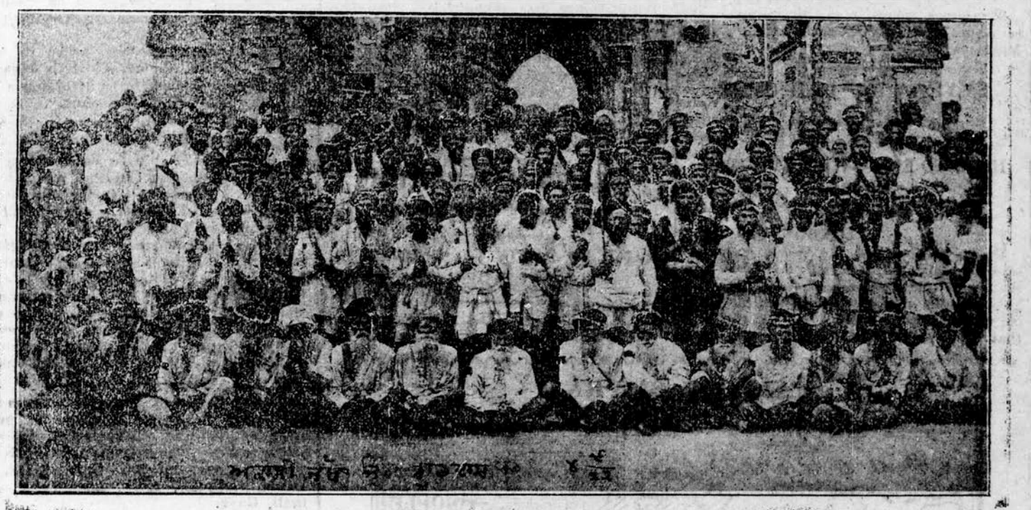
KARACHI, Sept. 8.

A mass meeting of the citizens held last night condemned the conduct of the Punjab police at Guru-ka-Bagh and congratulated the Sikh sufferers on their non-violence and fortitude in the struggle. The story of the sufferings of the Sikhs brought tears in the eyes of several Sikhs. The meeting was characterised by earnestness and indicated the strong feeling agitating the hearts of local Sikhs at this hour. The following is the text of the resolution adopted:—"This meeting of the citizens of Karachi expresses its sense of profound indignation over the cruel and heartless treatment meted out to the Akalis by the police and congratulates the Akalis upon their exemplary spirit of non-violence displayed there at Guru-ka-Bagh.

POLICE EXCESSES AT GURU-KA-BAGH.

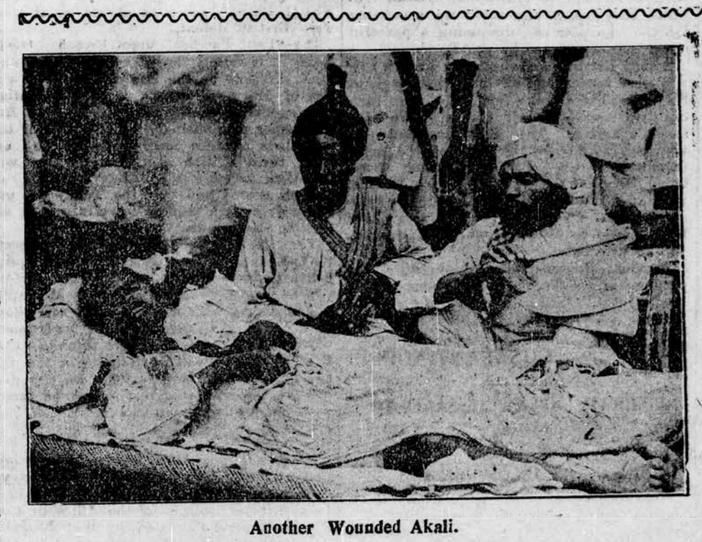
GURU-KA-BAG SATYAGRAHIS.

A Group of Wounded Akalis.



Akali Jatha of Gurdaspur District.

A Wounded Akali.



Another Wounded Akali.

SIKH COUNCILLORS' PROTEST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, Sept. 9.

Eight Sikh members of the Punjab Legislative Council have passed the following, among other resolutions, regarling the Guru-ka-Bagh affairs.

"From what we heard, read and saw about the doings of the police in connection with the Guru-ka-Bagh, Gurdwara and on the road leading to the Gurdwara we have come to the following conclusions: (a) the action of police is heartless, inhuman, illegal, unjustifiable and highly condemnable. (b) that the pulling of the beard and the dragging of the Sikhs by their sacred keshas is almost sacrilegious and intolerable to the Sikhs and unless the barbarities are stopped at once there is a danger of serious consequences. We strongly condemn the action of the police and local authorities and request His Excellency to visit the place of the scene personally, (c) that an urgent telegram be sent to His Excellency on behalf of the Sikhs members of the Council kindly to order the local authorities to discontinue the present inhuman action and to prevent the grave consequences. The following is the text of the telegram.

"Guru-ka-Bagh situation very grave. Sikh Councillors request your Excellency order local the authorities of Amritsar to stop present intolerable, unprecedented atrocities immediately."

It is resolved to convey our deeply felt sympathy with the sufferings of the panth for the sake of the religion and keenly appreciate the exemplary spirit of non-violence that the Sikhs have exhibitel inspite the great provocation offered to them every day.

Deputations were appointed to wait on the Governor and confer with the Shironani Committee and the Government was asked to hold a special session of the Council to pass a Gurdwara Bill acceptable to Sikhs.

SWAMI SHRADDHANANG ARRESTED.

PT. MALAVIYA'S EXHORTATIONS FOR PATIENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, Sept. 11.

Swami Shradhanand who arrived here from Delhi yesterday morning was arrested at Guru-ka-Bagh the same afternoon. He was accompanied there by Hakim Ajmal Khan and Lala Dunichand who were consequently delayed in attending the meeting. In closing the meeting Pandit Malaviya made the announcement and said he had just received news that Swamiji had been arrested under sections 147, 379, 447 I.P.C.. It was presumed the arrest was in connection with a speech he made at Akali Takhat in the morning. Pandit Malaviya did not know what Swamiji spoke there but he felt sure that Swamiji could not have said anything improper. Swamiji would doubtless consider it a piece of good fortune to have been removed from witnessing the conditions which he could not alleviate. Panditji said he had been just telling that gathering to bear up with patience the troubles that might be still coming. One such had already come and he urged them to endure it with fortitude and remain absolutely non-violent.

MR. MOAZZAM ALI PROCEEDS TO AMRITSAR.

The Central Khilafat Committee, Bombay, informs us:—

Learning of the serious situation at Guru-ka-Bagh through a special messenger from the Punjab Khilafat Committee, Mr. Moazzamali, Honorary Secretary, Central Khilafat Committee has proceeded to Amritsar with the object of examining the situation personally and rendering all possible medical and other assistance which the Khilafat organisation and the Muslim community can place at the service of their heroic and suffering Sikh brothers.

If the situation does not not ease down and the intolerable situation continues other Muslim leaders are likely to visit Amritsar for rendering every help which the situation may demand.

FALL OF SMYRNA.

(Continued from previous page.)

more sober views in France is the fear of her protege nations of the Little Entente of Turkish re-entry into Thrace.

SUSPENSION OF HOSTILITIES—A PRELIMINARY CONDITION.

That the character of the Venice conference will be radically changed is indicated in a note presented at the Quai D'Orsay yesterday by the Italian Charge d'Affaires, inviting France to co-operate with the Anglo-Italian Governments by sending representatives to Venice to discover the possibility of establishing preliminary bases of peace. According to Reuter's Paris correspondent, French diplomatic circles consider suspension of hostilities necessary before a conference can be held and that such suspension entirely concerns the opposing general staffs. As steps, however, have already been taken in Angora to secure an Armistice, it is hoped, the conference in Venice may open in the middle of September.

M. VENIZELOS IN PARIS.

In connection with the rumours that King Constantine may abdicate and M. Venizelos may be recalled, it is perhaps significant, that M. Venizelos arrived in Paris to-day from St. Moritz.

FRENCH PRESS COMMENTS.

PARIS, Sept. 9.

The press comments in exultant tones on the Kemalist successes. The *Echo de Paris* declares that peace is impossible failing an immediate understanding with Turkey. It hopes Britain will persist in her mistakes, which, it declares to be responsible for a perilous situation.

The *Action Francaise* dwells on the danger from the presence of the Turks on the Bosphorous and says the Allies who failed to avert the disaster which befell the Greeks must consider means of preventing a Turkish conquest of Constantinople similarly.

GERMAN PRESS COMMENTS.

BERLIN, Sept. 9.

The German press comments on the situation in Anatolia views the situation as more an Anglo-French than a Turco-Greek conflict. It fears the strengthening of the French position in the Near East will prejudice the Belgo-German reparations negotiations.

RETURNING GREEK ARMY.

"TINO'S" TRIBUTE TO THEIR "KNOWN VIRTUES."

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Troops returning from Anatolia landed at Piraeus in the most orderly manner. King Constantine in a proclamation exhorts the people to bear the terrible trial with patience and courage and refers to the glorious deeds of the army. He says "it is the King's will to do what the constitution allows and the Nation's interest imposes upon me. I confidently expect demonstration of your known virtues, patriotism and concord."

BRITISH CRUISERS LEAVE FOR SMYRNA.

MALTA, Sept. 8.

Rear-Admiral Tyrwhitt with the light cruisers Cardiff and Concord are leaving for Smyrna. Almost the entire Mediterranean Fleet is now concentrated in Near Eastern waters.

MEDITERRANEAN FLEET IN NEAR EASTERN WATERS.

LONDON, Sept. 8

Malta.—Rear-Admiral Tyrwhitt with the light cruisers "Cardiff" and "Conoords" are leaving for Smyrna.

Almost the entire Mediterranean Fleet is now concentrated in the Near Eastern waters.

NEW GREEK PREMIER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 8.

Athens.—M. Callogheropoulos has accepted the Greek premiership.

LATER.

Athens.—M. Triandafilakos is forming a new cabinet in succession to M. Calogeropoulos who has abandoned the task.

LATER. (LONDON, Sept. 11.)

Athens.—M. Callogeropoulos has taken the portfolio of Foreign Affairs in M. Triandafilakos' Cabinet.

A NOTE OF CONFIDENCE.

WILL ALLIES ARRANGE COMMON FRONT?

LONDON, Sept. 11.

Anxiety expressed in London papers as regards the Near East situation is tempered by a note of confidence that the Allies are bound speedily to arrange a common front in their own interests. They welcome the indications that the French Press is voicing the realisation of this fact. All agree that the situation demands swift and firm handling and foreshadow a rapid march of events in diplomatic quarters in the course of the next few days.

ENGLISH PRESS COMMENT.

The "Daily Telegraph's" military correspondent discusses the possibility of withdrawing the garrison from the Straits unless we are sure that the Allies will stand by us or we are able alone, or, with other help, to hold it ourselves.

This contingency is, however, nowhere else entertained; on the other hand, the unanimous opinion held is that the freedom of the Straits must be the cardinal point of British policy.

The "Daily Telegraph" insists upon immediate private conversations between the Allies before the Turkish peace terms are discussed. The paper anticipates that Kemal is too wise to advance extreme demands, but, it declares, the French attempt to distingaish between Thrace and Constantinople is a vain delusion, since the Turks' reinstatement in the former territory is bound to affect the control of Constantinople.

The "Daily News" says that the situation is calculated to appal wisest statesmanship. The powers are now unable to avoid coming to a definite decision if they wish to avoid another disastrous upheaval in the Balkans, and perhaps even beyond. The paper demands the giving of something more than paper security to the minorities whose miseries are a scandal to civilisation.

The "Daily Mail" declares that the problem is too critical to be handled any longer by amateurs. A sound policy must be followed taking into account the Imperial responsibilities and clear understanding with France.

Writing in the "Westminister Gazette", Mr. Spender champions M. Venizelos' original idea of a Balkan federation which would thus obtain a settlement through the peoples most interested, and who are alone to be relied upon to maintain it.

N.B.—The following telegrams were despatched by Reuter's before the fall of Smyrna was announced:—

TURKS ONLY 25 MILES FROM SMYRNA.

GREEKS RETREATING IN NORTH.

LONDON, Sept. 8.

The latest messages dealing with the fighting in Anatolia show that the Turks are continuing to advance and it is estimated that they are only about twenty five miles from Smyrna. This, however, does not entirely tally with the Turkish communiques indicating that the operations have been suspended for a "breather". The Greeks are still retreating in the North, but are apparently putting up a better fight.

FALL OF SMYRNA A QUESTION OF DAYS.

PARIS, Sept. 9.

Ahmad Ferid Bey, the Kemalist representative in Paris, interviewed, expressed the opinion that the fall of Smyrna was merely a question of days. The Turkish army a quarter of a million strong, would probably be before Smyrna either on Sunday or Monday. He considered that serious Greek resistance was impossible as they had lost most of their guns and their forces were demoralised.

He added "We want Constantinople, Adrianople and Thrace. We will clear the Dardanelles—whatever troops occupy them."

REQUEST FOR ARMISTICE.

PARIS, Sept. 9.

A telegram from Angora states that a request for an armistice has been received through the intermediary of the Allied Commissioners at Constantinople. The Kemalists, it is stated, will probably demand that Greece shall evacuate Asia Minor and Thrace and pay reparations for damage.

VENICE CONFERENCE.

ROME, Sept. 9.

Signor Schanzer has approached London and Paris with a suggestion that the Greeks and Turks should be invited to Venice to discuss a basis for peace as a preliminary to the Venice Conference proper.

Signor Schanzer considers that the Allies should limit their activities to urging to belligerents to cease hostilities.

GENERAL QUESTION OF PEACE.

PRESENT SITUATION WILL NOT AFFECT BRITISH GOVT'S. VIEW.

LONDON, Sept. 8.

It is pointed out in authoritative circles that the new Turco-Greek military situation will in no wise affect the British Government's views regarding the general question of peace between the Allies and Turkey. Nothing in the least affecting the freedom of the Straits will be tolerated. The British Government has again proposed the question of the protection of the minorities shall be referred to the League of Nations. The British policy is to obtain the best possible terms for the safety of the minorities.

KING'S CUP WON BY BARNARD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The air race round Britain for the King's Cup, for which twenty-one started yesterday, was completed when eleven competitors landed at Croydon this afternoon.

Barnard (D. H. 4a) was first. He covered the whole distance of eight hundred and ten miles in six and a half hours.

Raynham (Martinsyde) was second, arriving three minutes later.

Cobham (D. H. 9) came in third.

The weather was fine but overcast. Of the thirteen starters on the return journey, Courtney (who started scratch) and Payn (35 h.p. Baby Avro) gave up at Manchester. Tremendous crowds assembled at the various landing places and gave the aviators ovations.

Flying conditions throughout were difficult, so that the value of the performances are enhanced.

RESTRICTIONS ON JOURNALISTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, Sept 8

On the 8th undermentioned press representatives went to the place on road from Amritsar to Guru-ka bagh where Akali Jathas are daily beaten to witness todays proceedings. Three of them accompanied the Jatha and the fourth arrived a little later They were all stopped by mounted policemen acting under orders at over one furlong from the scene of the beating. They all have permission of the authorities to proceed and used to be allowed to witness the beating from a very near place.—(Sd.) Uttam Singh Gyani ("Akali," and "Pardesi"), Nanak Chand Nazar, ("Pratap," Lahore), Milkram, ("Bandemataram"), G. A. Sundaram, ("Independent").

IMPERIAL CITIZENSHIP.

EXTENSION TO INDIA

LORD MESTON'S VIEWS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Sept. 8.

Speaking before the British Association at Hull, Lord Meston dealing with the question of Imperial citizenship expressed the opinion that it was a matter of paramount political necessity that such citizenship should be extended to India at an early date.

PROFESSION AND PRACTISE

Lord Meston described India as a stratum in our Imperial section of the world, which was nearest to ouur own in civilisation, traditions and philosophy.

The belief prevailed in India that, helotry and not citizenship was the status designed for Indians in certain Dominions and the Colonies, but India's part in the War raised the question to another level. Lord Meston agreed that British statesmen recognised India as a partner in the Imperial Federation, but when Indian politicians tried to translate courtesies into terms of practical citizenship, they were faced with a different interpretation of India's status in certain Dominions and Colonies.

Lord Meston suggested that an impartial tribunal like a Royal Commission should be established to deal with such cases.

INDIANS IN KENYA.

WHITES NEW MOVE.

NAIROBI, Sept. 10.

A meeting of the Executive Council was held on the 9th September, presided over by Sir Robert Coryndon, when it is understood the final terms of settlement of the Indian question were discussed.

It is believed that the terms include common franchise subject to an education test; the greater part of the highlands to be reserved for Europeans, but with one Indian district; and very considerable restriction of the immigration of Indians

It is understood that Sir Edward Northey is returning to Kenya next March as a settler.

FUTURE OF ANGLO-INDIANS'

A REVEREND GENTLEMAN'S PLEA FOR POTENTIAL STRIKE-BREAKER'S

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Preaching at Westminster Abbey, Reverend Oswald Younghusband lamented the lack of interest in this country in Englishmen in India, whether they had gone out under covenant or were domiciled there or of mixed descend. He deprecated mixed marriages as unnecessary and as likely to raise serious difficulties. He claimed that the descendants of Englishmen who, under very different conditions a century or two ago had married Indian wives, should be regarded as English and declared that all along the line in competition with Indian boys, English boys were being left behind for want of proper educational facilities. Their schools needed financial assistance from England. It might not be desirable to press boys from England, to go out to India in their present reluctance to do so, but on the contrary there was no need for England to drive the most promising English boys from India by neglecting them. These boys were not prepared to remain indefinitely in India on the off chance that England might some day come to understand them. Many had already left India for Canada, United States, Australia and elsewhere. Englishmen educated in India had largely staffed the railways there and when strikes had arisen had worked their hardest to keep the railways running and safeguard British trade. He asked whether England would grasp the dangers of letting them go out of the country before it was too late.

RELEASED FROM SABARMATI JAIL

Mr Wamanrao Jathar, Editor of the "Rajhansa," Mr. M. S. Kamlapur, a College student and Mr. Joshi, a landlord who were sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment in the Dharwar case, were released on Thursday morning from the Sabarmati Jail. They arrived in Bombay on Friday on their way to Dharwar.

SAFES & LOCKS

During the last Disastrous fire in the Mulji Jetha Market. Only India Safe Manufacturing Co.'s Safes remained intact.

THE INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

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SHORT TIME FOR COTTON OPERATIVES

MASTER SPINNERS' ASSOCIATION DECIDES ON BALLOT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Sept. 9.

The general committee of the Federation of Master Cotton Spinners' Association has considered the question of short time and decided to take a ballot of the spinners of American cotton on the question of closing down at four o'clock on Saturdays and Mondays. The committee will meet on September 19th to consider the result. The committee did not consider the further sectionalising of the American cotton branch. This is regarded as indicating that the committee, far from intending to deal with the whole cotton trade on an organised basis, is not even dealing with the spinning section as a whole, as, if the sectionalising idea were carried out, it apparently would only be with the object of limiting the output of a portion of the mills of American cotton users namely, those producing more than they can satisfactorily sell. It is thus clear that the committee does not intend to invite other sections of the trade to join in reviving the old cotton control in a modified form.

BELGO-GERMRN NEGOTIATIONS.

BERLIN, Sept. 10.

The Belgo-German negotiations on the subject of reparations guarantees have been concluded, practically without having effected any result, owing to the Belgians' refusal to agree to the German request to extend treasury bills to eighteen months instead of six.

Nevertheless, an agreement has been reached on the minor points notably the Reichsbank guarantee. The Belgians are hopeful that the conversation will be resumed later.

Herr Stinnes' leading organ the "Allegemeine Zeitung," commenting on the failure of the negotiations, says that it is useless for Germany to promise what she cannot fulfil. She is not in a position to offer guarantees for payments. This hard fact must shatter all attempts to settle the guarantee question.

BELGIANS DISAPPOINTED.

BERLIN, Sept. 8.

The "Berliner Tageblatt" says that Herr Stinnes is discussing with the Belgian delegate, M. Bemelmanns, the question of extending Stinnes-Lubersac agreement to Belgium and also shipping matters are under consideration, especially regarding the port of Antwerp.

SCARCITY OF NOTES IN BERLIN.

LONDON, Sept. 8.

Berlin.—Crowds beseiged the Reichsbank to-day for hours trying to cash the Reichsbank cheques but were only able to get a fraction consequent on a scarcity of notes which was partly due to the note printers strike and in part to a hoarding of notes by the business houses for wages.

ANNSIVERSARY OF BATTLE MARNE.

LONDON, Sept. 11.

Meaux.—The eighth anniversary of the Battle of the Marne was celebrated by contingents of French and British armies yesterday. The town was beflagged and crowded despite the rain. After a reception at the Town Hall and service in the Cathedral, M. Poincare and Lord Ypres spoke at a banquet in the Town Hall. The former repudiated the absured calumny that France fought the war in order to substitute French for German Imperialism. Lord Ypres said joint sacrifices and victories bound the Anglo-French armies with indissoluble bonds.

CABLE ITEMS.

Washington.—The census of cotton ginned to September 1st is 817,000.

Washington.—The Senate has authorised an official investigation of the practice employed in marketing cotton. The resolution seeks to determine whether there is interference with the law of supply and demand

Despatches from Bagdad declare that, stimulated by the Turkish victories in Asia Minor, the Arabs in Palestine are ripe for revolt against the British mandate. Sir Herbert Samuel's so-called repressive measures are said to be merely fostering underground intrigues. The country is honeycombed with secret societies and there are vast stores of hidden arms.—"Statesman's" Special Cable.

Rio de Janeiro.—The first stone of Brazil's future federal capital was laid on the central plateau in the south of Goyaz.

Rio De Janeiro, Sept. 10.—In connection with the centenary celebrations, the President yesterday reviewed the assembled warships representing the different nations, including Britain and Japan. The British warship Hood, which was accompanied by the Repulse, was that the most formidable unit.

Paris, Sept. 10.—Receiving a deputation of the Federation of Seamen yesterday, M. Millerand announced the abandonment of the seamens' eight hours' day owing to the refusal of foreign nations to follow France's lead.

Beavais.—The death has occurred of the famous painter, Leon Bonnat.

M. Leon Bonnet was the President of the Societe des Artistes Francais and member of the Council of Legion of Honour.

A public meeting of the citizens of Muzaffarnagar was held under the presidentship of Hakim Mahomed Fatehkhan to place on record their sense of great appreciation of the services of Pundit Gangaram in the national cause and to bid him farewell on the eve of his departure for his Majesty's prison. It will be remembered that the Punditji had come out of jail only four months' back after one year's incarceration under section 129 A. The Punditjee had gone to Meerut for a few days on propaganda work and was there asked by the Magistrate to furnish one security of Rs. 2,000 and two securities of Rs. 1,000 each under section 108 for one year.

AIR RACE ROUND BRITAIN.

BARNARD WINS THE RACE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Sept. 8.

Thirteen competitors in the air race round Britain, who left Croydon according to handicap times this morning, have succeeded in reaching Glasgow. The distance is 394 miles. Barnard (flying a De Havilland) was fist in three hours, ewentyone minutes and twenty seconds. Raynham (Martinsyde) was second in three hours and fiftyeight minutes. Cobham (De Havilland) landed third. His time is not stated.

Courtney, who is flying a Siddeley-Sisken and who started scratch, reached Glasgow after three hours tweny-two minutes actual flying time. Payn, in a "Baby" Avro, who had the greatest start, landed last of the thirteen and was seven hours fortyfive minutes in the air.

Barnard started one before Courtney. The former's D. H. 4a is owned by Sir Samuel Instone. Two enormous Blackburn "Kangaroos" owned by Mr. Winston Churchill and Sir Walter de Frecq have abandoned the race.

DETAILS OF THE RACE.

In the air race round Britain, owing to mist and fog several competitors lost their course. Fifteen eventually arrived at Newcastle, all an hour overdue. The crowd at Newcastle narrowly escaped when Butler arrived in DeHavilland. He circled round the crowd and crossed over their heads on to landing ground at a very low height. A Crash seemed inevitable, but a slight lift took the machine over the heads of the crowd. Butler stated that he had lost his way in fog and had been "all round England."

The Results reveal that all the more powerful machines attained better relative positions than smaller powered ones. This is attributed to head wind which, it continue ought to help the latter to make up leeway on the return journey.

Enormous crowds, including the Lord Provost, Lord Weir, Lord Blythswood, Sir Thomas Lipton and Sir Hugh Trenchard witnessed the arrival of the machines at Glasgow.

Cobham, who came down third, was flying a D. H. 9. His timing was three hours forty-nine minutes flying time.

EXCELLENT FLYING CONDITIONS.

LONDON, Sept. 8.

The flying conditions were excellent and there were several women passengers Payn was the first to reach Birmingham at ten forty-three minutes fifty seconds. Major Carr arrived at eight minutes and twenty-six seconds past eleven. All arrived safely at Birmingham except four who made forced landings. The pilots were unhurt. The aviators left Birmingham at the scheduled time except Payn who was delayed by magneto trouble. The first arrival at Newcastle was Raynham on Martinside. He arrived at forty-seven minutes and fifty-two seconds past two. Cobham on De Havilland was the second, coming in at forty-eight minutes forty-eight seconds past two and Barnard on De Havilland was the third at fifty-two minutes seventeen seconds past two.

NEW U. S. TARIFF BILL

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.

It is understood that the conference between the Senate and House of Representatives has reached a compromise on the question of the valuation which forms the basis of the duties of the new tariff bill. The House of Representatives has, for the most, part, yielded to the Senate's proposed modified form of foreign valuation instead of the American valuation scheme.

U.S. FEDERAL COURT ORDER OVERRIDDEN.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.

A peculiar position has arisen owing to the Judge of the District Court, Columbia, overiding the Federal Court order restraining railway strikers from interfering with the operation of railroads which was granted on the application of the Attorney-General on the 1st September. The judge has temporarily enjoined the United States Marshal from interfering with the meeting of electrical workers' union officials or from doing anything to prevent the strike activities beyond the terms of the Federal order.

It is believed that this is the first instance when Labour interests have appealed for an injunction against the execution of an injunction.

TRADES UNION CONGRESS.

JAPAN CALLED UPON TO WITHDRAW TROOPS FROM SIBERIA.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The Trades Union Congress at Southport has been concluded. The General Council was elected to-day and the general constitution is practically unchanged, many leaders being returned unopposed.

The Congress passed resolutions in favour of the registration of theatrical employers; demanding the removal of the embargo on the importation of foreign cattle; and calling on the Japanese Government to fulfil the declaration at the Washington Conference to withdraw its troops from Siberia.

The first named resolution was moved by a member of the Variety Artists' Federation, who read typical letters offering employment. A notable letter was one which emanated from Malta, which he described as white slave trafficking.

PREMIERS SPEECH CONDEMNED.

MR. RANGACHARI'S AMENDMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Sept. 8.

The following, is the centimation of the Friday's proceedings in the Assembly:—

Mr. Rangachari moved his amendment that in place of Mr. Agnihotri's resolution the following following be substituted:—This Assembly recommends to the Governor-General in Council that he may be pleased to convey the message from this Assembly to His Majesty's Government through the Secretary of State for India that it views with grave concern the pronouncement made by His Majesty's Prime Minister in the House of Commons on the 2nd of August 1922 and it considers that the tenor of the whole speech and the sentiments therein are subversive of the Declarations made by His Majesty and His Majesty's responsible ministers and that it is calculated to destroy the faith of this Assembly and of the people of this country in the good intentions of the British nation both in the mater of attaining Swaraj and of the Indianisation of the services.

Mr. Rangachariar in urging the House to accept his amendments fully acknowledged the work of the British Civil Service and the necessity of British connection but objected to a British rule or a British Raj in place of Swaraj, a word sanctified by His Majesty the King himself in his message conveyed by His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught. If the Reform Scheme was an experiment, was not, he asked, British rule itself an experiment? It was in his opinion an experiment to put Indians on the path of Swaraj and help them to realise it but considering the circumstances of the Premier's speech and in view of the past history of Indianisation of services he (the speaker) would be failing in his duty if he did not express his opinion that the tenor and underlying sentiments of the Premier's speech were opposed to previous declarations and to the spirit of the Reform Act. It was true that the Goverenment of India had not committed themselves in the matter of the Indianisation of the services and they were perfectly right in stating in their memorandum to local Governments that the people of India attached far greater attention to the question of Indianisation of services than even to Swaraj. Indeed, the Indianisation of services was the ber-rock of Swaraj. It must not be understood that Indians were a nation of barbarians or of savages as to ignore the just claims of the British civil service in India. "But Sir, the Premier says that we Indians are to assist the British Government perpetually in order that they might govern this country. Was that the intention of the reformed constitution? If that is so let us have it fair and square, let us understand on what terms we are cooperating? If the terms are what the Premier says, then I for my part decline to cooperate (hear, hear and applause). We all know how India had been governed. Up till now the power was in the hands of the I. C. S. It is to break that power that the reformed constitution came into being. Let us face facts and not be dragged away by the irrelevant references of the Home Member who has clouded the real issues. I know, he is a clever administrator, but I did not know up till to-day that he is a clever advocate as well. If he had taken to law, he would be simply leading the bar with a roaring practice (laughter). Why should we shut our eyes to what has been stated by the Premier? If the sentiments of the Premier are allowed to remain without allowing us to express our views, then the effect will be disastrous. Most of the people have faith in the British nation although it was somewhat shaken after the Dyer debate. I have great faith in their sense of justice and real desire to improve the condition of this country and I, therefore, want to convey to the British Government the perverted feelings of this country. We want Swaraj but before that we want Indianisation of the services (low applause).

MORE AMENDMENTS.

Dr. Sarbadhikari then moved three amendments to the amendment of Mr. Rangachariar. He asked that instead of the words "subversive of the Declaration made by His Majesty" the words "in conflict with the declarations made by His Majesty" be put. In the place of the words "calculated to destroy the faith of this Assembly" he urged the substitution of the words "calculated to create serious apprehensions in the minds of this Assembly." Thirdly, Dr. Sarbadhikari wanted deletion of the words "in the good intentions of the British nation." Mr. Rangachariar accepted these amendments.

Mr. Rhodes urged upon Mr. Rangachariar to withdraw his amendment even as modified by Dr. Sarbadhikari as otherwise, it would mean a vote of censure on the head of the mother of Parliaments. He said, "you do require the support of the British civil service and support also of the non-official Europeans at least for some time. The recent appointments of Indians to high posts do not mean that there is any attempt at going back. You are all on the road to Home rule but moderation and a spirit of justice are necessary."

DHARWAR PATRIOTS.

DITERMINED TO CARRY OUT CONGRESS PROGRAMME.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)
DHARWAR, Sept. 8.

Mr. Govindacharya Gutlal, pleader, Mr. Annacharya Hoskeri, and Mr. Imam Husen Maniyar, of the Dharwar shooting case were released yesterday, the former two from the Karwar jail and the third from the Dhulia jail. They were taken in procession all over the town and a public reception was held in the evening. In a public speech they announced their determination to adhere to the Congress programme.

RUSSIAN EPIDEMICS.

OFFER OF HELP,

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Sept. 8.

Geneva.—Speaking to the Assembly of the League of Nations Lord Balfour referred to the epidemics in Russia and declared that at the present moment the grave and imminent danger necessitated, combined action. The British Government, he announced, promised to contribute a hundred thousand sterling provided the other States together contributed two hundred thousand.

RUSSO-ASIATIC CONSOLIDATED CO.

AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Berlin.—An agreement was signed here to-day by Mr. Leslie Urquhart on behalf of the Russo-Asiatic Consolidated Company and M. Krassin on behalf of the Soviet Government, whereby the former obtains ninety-nine years lease of properties in the Urals and Siberia which the company previously owned or leased. Under the agreement it secures the right to make its own arrangement's for workmen at the usual British trade union terms and has received compensation partly in cash and partly in bonds for damage to properties through destruction or nationalisation. Russian circles in Berlin are jubilant declaring this is the largest Anglo-Russian undertaking since the establishment of Soviet rule.

EXECUTIONS IN SOVIET RUSSIA.

LONDON, Sept. 8.

Paris.—A message from Moscow states that according to the Bolshevists own figures the executions by the official anti-revolutionary organisation, Chresvy Cheka, since December 1917 total close on a million and three-quarters.

ACCIDENT TO HAMBURG-AMERICA LINER,

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The Hamburg-America liner Hammonia of 7,000 tons with a thousand passengers on board has sent out a wireless that she is sinking, 100 miles off Oporto. The vessel left Plymouth on the 4th September for America. A Greek steamer is proceeding to the scene.

VIGO, Sept. 9.

It is believed the Hammonia's passengers have been saved.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Details of the accident to the Hamburg-America liner Hammonia are still lacking.

OPIUM TRAFFIC.

LEAGUE REFERS QUESTION TO CONSULTATIVE COMMITTEE.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Geneva.—The fifth commission of the League discussed the opium traffic yesterday and unanimously agreed to a resclution proposed by Professor Gilbert Murray and amended in accordance with the suggestion of Lord Chelmsford, asking Governments belonging to the International Opium Convention, not to consent to give licenses for importation of opium and other narcotics, to which the Convention applies, to native countries which have not ratified or enforced the Convention and which have not adopted the system of control of exports and imports approved by the Assembly of the League on September 30th, 1921. The resolution reads "the Commission considers the question important and urgent, but recognising its complicated technical character is of opinion that the subject should be examined in detail by the consultative committee on opium before definite measures are taken. It, therefore, recommends the Assembly to ask the Council to convoke the consultative committee at the soonest possible moment to study the question and if the commitee reports favourably the Council should be asked to give effect to the recommendations of the committee and not refer them again to the Assembly."

Correspondence Summarised.

MULSHI SATYAGRAHA—Mr. Chimanlal M. Nanavati appeals to Maharashtra not to cause a diversion in Congress work by undertaking Satyagraha at Mulshi at a time when the whole country is awaiting the report of C. D. Enquiry Committee to give it a lead. He asks Maharashtra leaders to reconsider their attitude with regard to entering the Councils having regard to the Premier's speech and to remember the last injunction of the Mahatma before he went to jail.

POONA NATIONALISTS—Mr. G. V. Gadgil asks Poona Nationalists what becomes of the "Congress Mandate" theory of which they made a fetish in running down the Liberals when they advocate entry into the Councils, and preach and expound the importance of the conscience theory of the Liberals.

"BODH RAO" thinks that the comparative failure of N. C. O. in Maharashtra is due to the half-heartedness of its leaders and says that the obstructive N. C. O. they advocate is only a camouflage. Non-Cooperation without the triple boycott is nothing short of Hamlet without the Prince of Denmark.

TO INDEPENDENTS—Mr. G. N. Mohanty requests Mr. Jinnah, Pundit Malaviya and other Independents to convene a conference to bring together Liberals and Nationalists so that the country may give a united reply to the Premier's insulting speech. He suggests a plan of a national strike whereby, should the Premier continue truculent, the nation could go on a general strike.

B. B. & C. I. LOCAL TIME-TABLE—"A Dadar Passenger" complains that the interests of Dadar passengers have been entirely overlooked in framing the new time-table. There are no semi-fast trains to or from Dadar in the morning or evening.

Addressing the third Berar Rural Board Conference at Akola Sir Frank Sly drew attention to a new scheme of Government for transferring to District Boards the work of inspection of vernacular schools which would lead to the raising of the standard of primary education.

REDUCTION OF ARMAMENTS.

LORD ROBERT CECIL'S SCHEME.

PROPOSALS FOR NEW NAVAL CONFERENCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, Sept. 9.

The discussions before the assembly of the League of Nations are expected to centre largely on the far-reaeching scheme submitted by Lord Robert Cecil yesterday, which involves a mutual defence treaty with definite reduction of armies and the convocation of a new naval conference, which should include as participants nations who were not represented at Washington.

BUDGET OF LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

COL WARD CRITICISES EXTRAVAGANCES.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Geneva.—The Finance Commission of the League has appointed the Japanese delegate Adatgi, as reporter on two sub-commissions it has appointed to examine the financial position of the League and the financial aspect of the final installation of the International Labour Office respectively. Colonel John Ward who was appointed member of second sub-commission in a speech contrasted the retrenchment in public departments in England with the generous emoluments of the League officials and said that typists on the Secretariat received a larger salary than he (Ward) received as member of the British House of Commons.

The budget the of League and the International Labour Office exceeds twenty-five million gold francs.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS' ASSEMBLY,

PROTECTION OF MINORITIES.

GENEVA, Sept. 9.

The Assembly of the League of Nations concluded its debate on the Council's report to-day after speeches by M. Hymans (Belgium) and M. Hanotaux (France), which paid a tribute to the great work which the League had accomplished. M. Streit (Greece) made a speech in which he dwelt on the question of minorities as especially interesting Greece, and declared that Christian minorities in Asia Minor were victims of systematic extermination. He hoped that the League would lend its high authority to any measures to save them from death and suffering. He hoped that a treaty might be established which would be just and durable for peace in the Near East, and that simultaneously effective measures would be taken to secure the protection of Armenians.

The plenary sessions will now be suspended until the various committees send in reports.

IRISH POSTAL STRIKE.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The Irish postal employees struck work at six this evening after rejecting Government's offer to spread the reductions of wages over a period of three months. In the manifesto Government denies the right of civil servants to strike and it says that picketing will not be allowed as in the case of industrial disputes. Government will use all the forces at its disposal to prevent intimidation of loyal officials.

Telegraphic communication between England and Ireland has ceased as a result of the strike.

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TILAK NATIONAL GIRLS' SCHOOL.

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION.

The anniversary of the Tilak National Girls' School was celebrated on Sunday afternoon at the Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya, Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel presiding. The prizes were also distributed to the successful students. In the beginning there was a varied and interesting programme of music and dances including dialogues, bearing on subjects of topical interest.

Principal Miss Tulasker in the course of her annual report said the school was opened by Mahatma Gandhi, a year ago for the purpose of giving national education to girls and it was the duty of every patriotic Indian to place the institution on a firm basis. Education was given there up to the Matriculation standard. Hindi was made compulsory, in obedience to the wishes of Mahatma Gandhi; Sanskrit was also taught to the students. Students were also taught spinning and some were taught weaving. Religion was not neglected, and the lives of national heroes were read out to them weekly. Khadi work took a prominent place in the curriculum of school, and the Congress authorities had already spoken highly of that propaganda. The college authorities hoped shortly to open a class for training nurses under the direction of an M.B. B.S., They had succeeded, with the help of teachers, in collecting about Rs. 3,500 for the national cause. They had collected a large quantity of foreign clothing for the purpose of destruction. They had sold khaddar by going from door to door. They had at present on their rolls some 313 students and it was not a fact that since the incarceration of the Mahatma national education had received a set-back. They had found great difficulty in finding suitable accommodation for the housing of their school, and she appealed to the rich men to help the school in that respect. She also appealed to the rich men of Bombay to come to the aid of the institution, which was opened by Mahatma Gandhi as it was their duty to help such an institution.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES.

Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhalay then distributed the prizes to the successful students. Most of the prizes were in the shape of books and khadi clothes.

Mrs. Gokhalay said she was glad to see such a large audience at the gathering. The school had done extremely well and that due, in no small measure, to their principal Miss Tulasker. The two most important things which they required in their every day lives were the preparation of clothes and food. Both these things were tought in the institution; and that could not be said of other institutions. She hoped the girls would be able to make their own clothing. Such a good institution should not be allowed to languish for want of support from the rich men of the city. Mahatma Gandhi had written to her from Sabarmati that it was not enough for her alone to wear khaddar, but she must induce thousands of other women to do the same. The school was doing a deal of work for the purpose of spreading khadi and as such deserved their help.

Mr. B. M. Motiwalla said not only was national education given to the girls in the Tilak school, but there was also the requisite national and patriotic atmosphere surrounding them. Without the necessary atmosphere no amount of otherwise useful education was useful. The students were taught the various subjects in their mother language and they were also in addition taught Hindi, spinning and weaving. These were the things, that were not taught in other schools and they were very essential to them and he had no doubt that the school had a great future before it. He appealed to those parents, who were not yet sending their girls to the school, to do so now if they had any love and respect for Mahatmaji. He hoped they would not fail in their duty. The school was started in the name of Lok. Tilak and was opened by Mahatma Gandhi and it was Dadabhai Naoroji who had first started girls' schools in this Presidency. The school was fortunate in having a principal of the ability and type of Miss Tulaskar. In the end he hoped the institution would flourish as time went on.

Dr. Savarkar said the real question was not what sort of education was imparted to students but in what manner it was imparted. That education which did not increase the patriotism and self-respect of students was valueless to them. That was what an eminent Indians had said. Their point was that only such education should be given to the young students which would make them more self-sacrificing and patriotic. Let them look at the students who attended aided or Government institutions! There was a sort of artificiality about them, whereas in their own students in this school there was straightforwardness and simplicity. Such an institution as theirs required the patronage of all rich men in this city. Rich men were only those who gave away their money and not those who hoarded it in their coffers. Therefore he appealed to the rich and patriotic men in the city to help the institution financially. To the mothers he appealed to send their daughters to the school in larger numbers. He praised the principal for her sacrifice in joining the institution, and asked the public to help the school in every way they could.

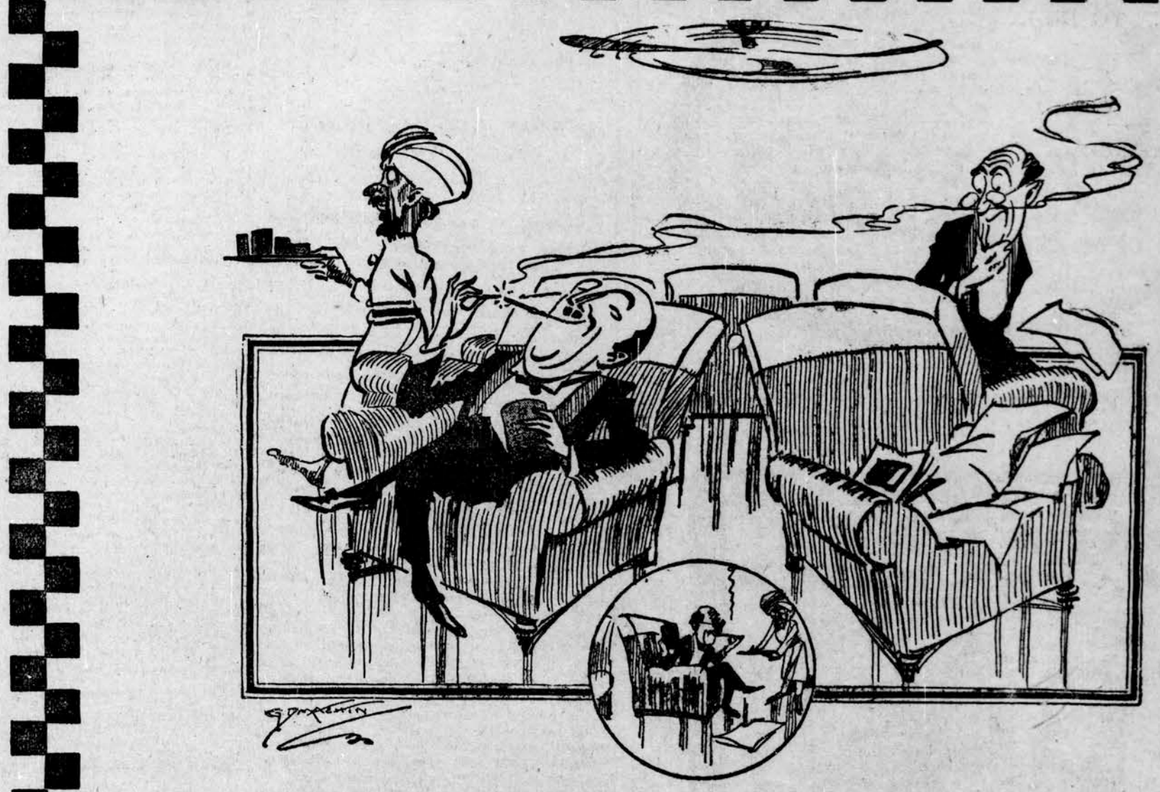
NEED OF PUBLIC SUPPORT.

Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel said there was too much speech-making in India and he himself did not wish to make a long one. It was said that the girls had themselves collected Rs. 3,500 and it was for the public to consider whether it was a proper thing to do! Was it proper for the young girls to collect funds for their own education? He had come to the conclusion, after his close contact with Mahatma Gandhi, that there was no other resource for them but to give their children national education. For the education that was given in aided institutions made their children enemies of their own country; it made them hate their own dress, their manners, their industries and many other indigenious things. Was it proper that they should give their children such an education? He thought not. Sir V. Vincent had said the other day that Mahatma Gandhi was the greatest enemy of the country, but the people loved and worshipped him on the other hand! That was the difference between the Nation and the State in India. That was the measure of their confidence in each other. It was better not to give their children any education at all rather than denationalise them by sending them to Government schools. He thought such an education spoiled them entirely.

All the money in the country was concentrated in the hands of a few rich men in towns like Bombay, where men wanted to get rich without doing any work. Everybody in Bombay wanted to get rich quickly, without any labour. They were all brokers, and they made large amounts of money easily. But a day would soon come when they would regret such a state of things.

Coming to the question of national education he said the kind of education given to the students spoiled the girls entirely. It was deteriorating them; it enfeebled them and made them weaklings. Those were called respectable in these degenerate days, who did not use their hands and feet for the purpose for which they were given them by their Creator! That was the education they had received. They had indeed fallen very low, and they were still going down. What did national education teach them? It asked them to sacrifice; to give up everything for their country; and by giving up luxuries to harden their bodies for the sake of their country. He again appealed to the parents to help the institution in every possible way. The best way of helping such an institution was by the collection of small sums from the poor and middle class people, in order to make them realise the value of such a great nationalist institution.

With a vote of thanks to the chairman the proceedings terminated.



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ARE PARSIS CANNIBALS?

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The Hon. Mr. Justice Kincaid, I.C.S., has chosen to perpetrate a pamphlet introducing to Englishmen "Our Parsi Friends," the most loyal among the communities of our great city."

I am sure the "Bombay Chronicle" which is above suppressio veri will in due course notice this stuff which rises superior to history and delights in depicting silly usages which the Parsis shed with the last century. However, I must immediately protest in the interest of the unfortunate Englishmen on whom the misleading compilation is to be inflicted, and call upon the English I.C.S., and his collaborator the Parsi Shams-ul-Ulema, either to withdraw the brochure from circulation or publish broadcast a recantation of the defamation of my community which occurs at page 49 and runs as follows:

"Jashan-i-Bahmangon.—It is dedicated to the animal kingdom. Parsis feed stray animal and the stricter Parsis abstain from human flesh."

Englishmen! Pray note we . Parsis, are not habitual cannibals, abjuring eating our fellows once in a year.

It is obviously a flagrantly stupid slip for which, in the right imperialistic way, the vicarious author will haul over the coals some over-worked clerk, possibly on the Parsi Panchayat office staff, groaning under his task master's irrepressible itch for spilling seas of [illegible] ink. My most sincere advice to the [illegible]lama is to rest, at least a while, on his honourable oars and not jeopardise his reputation by self-derogatory philanderings with English officials.—Yours, etc.

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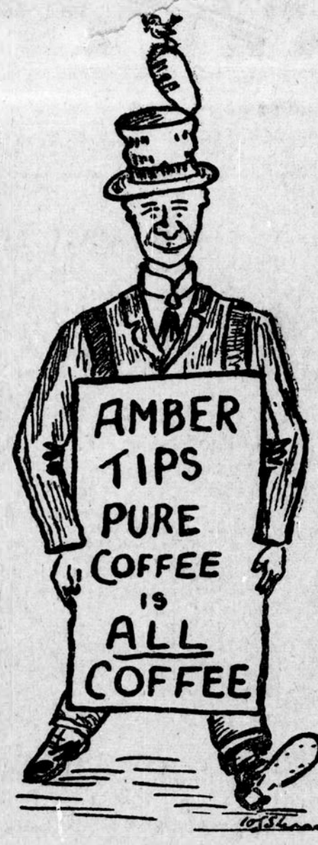

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"A TRAVESTY OF JUSTICE."

GOVT.'S REPLY TO DR. S. P. KAPADIA.

BOMBAY MEDICAL UNION'S STRONG PROTEST.

Dr. Sorab P. Kapadia has addressed the following memorial, dated 31st August 1922, to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and President in Council:—

"May it please Your Excellency:—

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 1299-A of 20th July 1922. I am pained to read the letter which adds insult to the injury inflicted on me. The facts established before the learned Magistrate as regards the receipt and value of the stolen property were proved and indeed *admitted* by the prosecution, to have been known to Superintendent Carter before he gave the order of arrest. It was precisely on those facts that the learned Magistrate held that there was absolutely no case against me and that Superintendent Carter had no justification for the course he had taken.

If these are the facts referred to by Government in their reply, the judgment of the learned Magistrate is conclusive on the point. If the Government refer to any other facts in common fairness they ought to have been stated in the reply in order to enable me to meet them.

On the question of bail if the letter of the Government implies that Superintendent Carter had no power to give bail because the offence was non-bailable I would respectfully point to section 107 of the City of Bombay Police Act, which empowers the officer in charge of the Police Station to give bail in non-bailable offences. If the letter of the Government implies that the case against me was so strong that Superintendent Carter was justified in refusing bail, does the Government suggest that the findings of the learned Magistrate were not only wrong but perverse?

In conclusion, it is starting but tragic to hear that if Superintendent Carter had allowed me to go on bail so that I could have at once attended to the serious illness of my sister-in-law, who was suffering from hoemorrhage, there would have been a dereliction of duty on the part of Superintendent Carter. I have honour to be etc."

The Bombay Medical Union also has addressed a lengthy memorial to the Governor in the course of which it is stated:—

The Union regrets to have to say that it considers the reply of the Government as most unsatisfactory and extremely unfortunate. It considers it its duty, in the interests of justice and for safeguarding the prestige and self-respect of professional men, to state unhesitatingly its views to show how and why it feels that the reply of the Government is a travesty of justice.

Firstly:—The learned Magistrate's judgment shows that each and every fact that was before the Police on their investigation was also placed before the Magistrate. There is not one iota of evidence, and not one single element in the Police investigation that was left out at the inquiry before the Magistrate.

Secondly:—As to the Government's reference to Superintendent Carter's duty, the learned Magistrate on the facts most exhaustively placed and proved before him has held (a) that there was absolutely no case whatsoever against the accused (b) that he should never have been put before the Court and (c) that Superintendent Carter had no justification for the course he had taken. Further the learned Presidency Magistrate "examined all the three Police Officers to get all the facts" in the interest of justice and here too the result was as under:—

(a) The Prosecuting Inspector Mr. Guider in charge of the case admitted that the Accused ought not to have been placed before the Court.

(b) Inspector Dalton said that there was no dishonesty on the part of the accused in this transaction.

(c) Sub-Inspector Sawant the investigating Officer in charge admitted that he ascertained that the market value of the scales was Rs. 20 Consequently both he and Inspector Dalton thought there was no case against the accused and allowed him to go when they had ascertained all the facts.

In view of these facts and statements, the Union would like very much to know that other fact or circumstance there is before the Government to enable them to say that if Superintendent Carter had not placed Dr. Kapadia before the Magistrate it would have been "a dereliction of his duty." The Union cannot conceive of any such fact and respectfully challenges the Government to put such fact or facts, if any existing, before the public.

Thirdly:—As to the value of the property on which stress is laid in your answer, not only Sub-Inspector Sawant ascertained that the scales could be had in the market for Rs. 20 but the complainant himself admitted in Court that similar English scales could be had for Rs. 23 and the particular scales in question were incomplete and they were "valueless" and he would not purchase them. It has been held by the learned Magistrate that all the facts that were known to Inspector Dalton and Sub-Inspector Sawant were mentioned to Superintendent Carter, and no new circumstances against the accused were elicited when he gave the order for arrest; on the contrary he saw with his own eyes the scales bought for Rs. 20 in the market. It was further established that when ordering the arrest, Superintendent Carter did not even send for the Complainant and ascertain the value of the scales as was ascertained in the Court; viz. in the complainant's own words "that they were valueless." In view of these most convincing and acknowledged facts the Union is grieved to say, but is bound to say emphatically that the answer of the Government on the existing facts before the Union is incapable of acceptance by any man of common sense.

Fourthly:—The Union cannot understand how the Government can expect it to give any weight to this reply, when it sets at naught the finding of a Judicial Tribunal, which after exhaustively going through all the facts not only offered to it for the case, but also all the facts that were disclosed at the Police Investigation, has come to the definite finding that there was absolutely no case against the accused and that he had to undergo all the humiliation and expense of a Criminal Prosecution because of the blunder and fault of Superintendent Carter.

If the findings of a Judicial Tribunal after such a careful and conscientious inquiry are to be set at naught by the Government without assigning any convincing reason whatsoever then the Union deeply regrets to have to say that if the faith of the cultured and intellectual classes in British justice is badly shaken the fault will lie at the doors of Government itself.

Fifthly: The Government's answer that Superintendent Carter could not bail out the

prima facie evidence of an offence he would have been justified in his attitude. But the Magistrate has emphatically found that all the facts before him were the same as before Inspector Dalton and Sub-Inspector Sawant, who did not dream of attaching any element of dishonesty to the accused and therefore, not only did let him go on first day after hearing the facts from him, but called him the next day as a witness only before Superintendent Carter.

Further when the application was made to the Magistrate he also thought the circumstances were such as would justify Superintendent Carter himself to allow the accused to go. Under the Bombay Police Act the Superintendent has certainly the power of releasing on bail even in cases like this. It is so done every day and hence the Magistrate's personal inquiry of him to do so. But Superintendent Carter refused and so the Magistrate had to give a written order.

Those being the facts, our bitter complaint is that accused was unnecessarily kept in custody, and was given the most humiliating and insulting treatment complained of in the written statement and proved before the Magistrate. When a professional Medical man is not allowed to attend even to his own sister-in-law who was under his treatment and whose condition then was extremely serious—by his being arrested in a case in which it is held by a Judicial Tribunal that there was not a title of evidence of dishonesty against him, that accused should never have been arrested and put before the Court, it is monstrous to hear in reply to the Union's memorial that the question of bail lay only with the Magistrate.

Under the above circumstances the Union feels that there are only two aspects of the case. The first aspect is that there may be some further facts before the Government entitling them to give such an answer as the one under reply. If so, it should have been the bounden duty of the Government to lay the same before the Union and the Public in the name of justice and fairness.

If there are no such facts or none are vouchsafed the Union can come only to one conclusion viz. that an unworthy attempt has been made by the Government to shield an official—a state of affairs most deplorable and which neither this Union nor the intelligent members of the Public at large can allow to rest here.—We have the honour to be, etc.,

(Sd.) DINSHAH M. GAGRAT, L. M. & S.
and Member of the Bombay Medical Union.

THE LATE BABU MOTILAL GHOSE.

BOMBAY CONGRESS COMMITTEE'S TRIBUTE.

At the meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee held on the 6th instant the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

That this Committee puts on record its deep sense of sorrow at the death of Shrijut Motilal Ghose. The country has suffered a heavy loss inasmuch as he was one of the foremost nationalist leaders, a man of sterling character and sturdy patriotism, and a high-souled and independent journalist.

That this Committee begs to tender its heart-felt condolence to the family of the bereaved and to the staff of the "Amrit Bazar Patrika."

DARBAR SAHEB OF DHASA CONGRATULATED.

That this Committee sincerely congratulates Bhai Shri Gopaldas Ambaidas Desai Darbar Saheb of Dhasa on the exemplary self-sacifice and sterling patriotism he has shown in allowing Dhasa and Rai Sankali, his rightful Jagirs, to be consficated by the Government of Bombay. This Committee highly appreciates the magnificent spirit of self-restraint that has been demonstrated on the occasion by Darbar Saheb and his faithful and loving subjects.

SAVARKAR BROTHERS.

At the meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee held on the 7th instant the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—

The Bombay Provincial Committee extends its heartiest congratulations to Mr. Ganesh Damodar Savarkar, on his release after a long and cruel imprisonment for over thirteen years in the cause of winning freedom for his mother-country and prays God to give him long life and sound health for serving his mother-country with greater vigour and enthusiasm, and to enhance his joy by the release of his younger brother, the brave patriot Mr. Vinayak D. Savarkar.

IMITATING THE WESTERNER.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—We Indians are much given to imitating bad traits in the character of English folk. There is a good item of news from England which our people will do well to follow in the wake of, as it will lead to vast improvement in the health of the juvenile population of the Indian nation. The Medical officer of Health, York City, England, says in ihr annual report for 1921 jnst issued:—

"There seems to be among many of the parents a very definite hostility towards vaccination, considerably more than I have met elsewhere, often accompanied by an appearance of pride and satisfaction that their children are left unvaccinated . . . 75 per cent. of the younger children are unvaccinated."—Yours, etc.

M.

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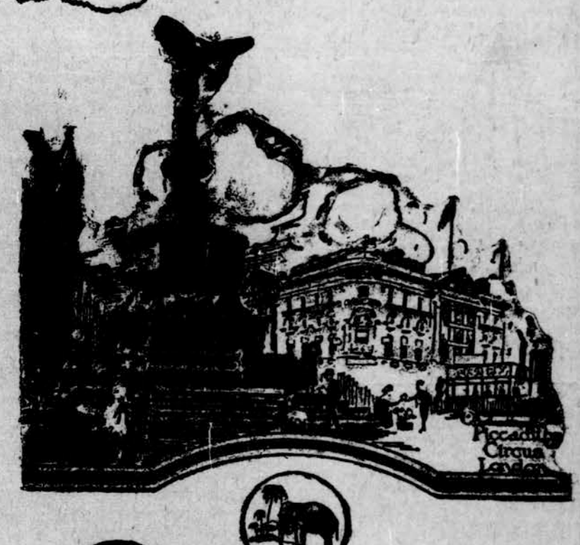

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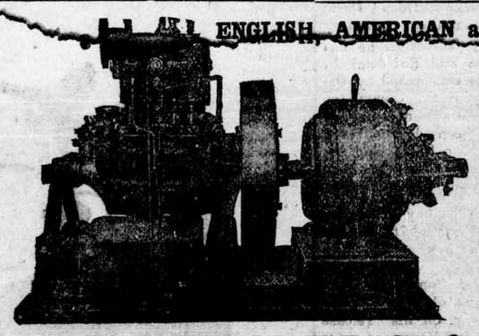

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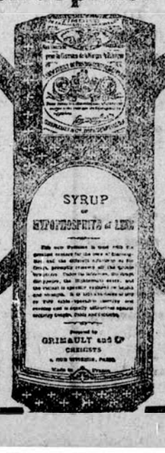

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Literature and Art.

"KING HUSRAV AND HIS PAGE."

Dr. Jamshedji Manekji Unvalla proceeded to Germany sometime ago and was placed under the most distinguished tutorship of Professor Bartholomae of Heidelberg. The candidate chose for his thesis for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy the edition and translation into German of a Pehlvi text. For the benefit of a wider circle interested in old Persian dialects and English translation of the same has now been published. Dr. Unvalla deserves to be congratulated on the subject of his choice. There can be no greater service rendered to old Parsi literature than to print every bit of that fragmentary literature which most unaccountably is still niglected in manuscript The desirability of preparing at least printe editions of whatever remains unpublished an Pehlvi cannot be too often or too insistently placed before the custodians of libraries and the controllers of educational trusts.

The urgency of the publication of Pehlvi texts is amply proved by Dr. Unvalla's little book. His theme is one in which the inheritors of two civilizations are interested. The Pehlvi text in question is one of the extremely few ones on which is established conclusively the fact that the foreign conquerors of Persia utilized whatever was left of her culture. The readers of this journal are aware of the fascinating studies initiated in Bombay by a Parsi scholar.

The contents of the Pehlvi tract before us formed a favourite subject of entertaining literature during the latter Sasanian period. We find it incorporated with the "History of the Persian Kings" of Thaalibi. Thus "King Husrav and his Page" has descended to us in the original Phelvi and also in an Arabic translation. And as we are now aware this is not the first or the only treatise which has thus been preserved by the Arab conquerors of Persia whom an uncritical tradition credits with destruction of the literary treasures of the Parsis. Thee contents of the text relate to a series of questions put by King Abarwiz to his page Kush—Arzu belonging to an illustrious Deccan family, and the answers to them given by the precious page. The youth is exhibited as excelling in all the accomplishments of the day. Accordingly the tract reflects in a concerntratd manner the culture of the age, the life at court and the luxuries of the emperors and their harems of which we have corroborative descriptions by Greek and Roman contemporaries. We have to encounter here specification of the favourite meat dishes of the day. The choicest wines are named and described and the parts of the then Persia which produced them. By turn the most lucious of fruits, the most fragrant of flowers the most delightful of scents are enumerated. Then the page is examined in his knowledge of minstrelsy. "Which is the most agreeable music?" asks the Emperor. "It is the one produced by string instruments" answers the boy. The most tempting water to drink is iced water sparkling in a new jar of clay and offered when you are most thirsty. The most becoming garment is made of the cloth of Meru for spring; the cloth of Shata for summer; the cloth of Ray and the double woof mixed with silk from Meru for autumn. For winter, the most suitable apparel is made of woolen and silken material and furs. For severe cold silk lined with and a layer of course silk in the middle is the most efficacious. The most enjoyable bed is made of cushions of brocade stuffed with feathers placed one over another. And so on the string of superlatives leads us into the private life and several interesting phases of Persia before Muhamed.

Philologically the essay has stood the severe test of the Heidelberg examiners. Philologicaly it is a commendable and a concientious work. We wish we could concientiously predicate the same of the English. It is a fashion sometimes affected by American authors to treat oriental subjects in English of a peculiar jargon. And the contagion of the reprehensible mode has unfortunately spread to the East, where it should not be forgotten that what is mere carelessness in a man who uses his mother tongue is accounted a blunder in one who has acquired it. Dr. Unvalla tells us that his translation is as literal as possible and adds the futile intimation that he has taken no pains "for the elegance of style." It is to be wished that he had taken some pains to meet the requirements of grammer and English vocabulary.

The book bristles with offences against English. And the bold candidate for the German degree of doctorate goes on to make additions to the English dictionary. He coins words like "conclusory." The spelling of ordinary English words is defective at page 1. A new idiom with which Dr. Unvalla favours the English language is comprised in numerous sentences like "the boy made himself on the way at the same time," meaning, as can be seen from the original Pehlvi "that the boy set out at the same time." Although the appendix professes to be a translation of the Arabic version of the story of the "King Husrav and his Page," it is obvious that the rendering is made, and that very differently, from the French translation provided by the editor of Thaalibi. The French way of spelling all proper names is retained. And the slovenliness as regards grammer is continued, a singular subject and a plural predicate and vice versa, being common as on page 45. So far as the Pehelvi text and the critical apparatus and the comparative study of the Sanskrit equivalents go, the production is a credit to the German masters of the Parsi pupil. So far as a knowledge of English is concerned the author who is at least a B. A. if not a Master of Art, of the Bombay University, has not succeeded in enhancing the reputation of his *Alma Matere* in Europe and America. Dr. Unvalla has only partly used a good opportunity. He wisely selected for his deep studies a page of the charming culture-history of Persia. The indifferent way in which he has treated the subject, however, creates a fresh opportunity for setting out in popular language the gains to Iranian studies resulting from an examination of the Pehlvi document and its Arabic version.

"SANJ VARTAMAN" PATETI NUMBER.

The Sanj Vartman" Anglo-Gujarati Peteti annuals have almost assumed the place of an institution with the Gujarati-reading public. They have found favour with not a few outside the section. Their popularity is amply explained by the care displayed in the arrangement and selection as well as in the variety of their contents and the profuse number of their illustrations. The Pateti annual for this year is as bright as usual and contains all that distinguishes the enterprise of its publishers. Being a Pateti number it, naturally, gives prominence to matters which particularly interest the Parsi community. But the occasion has not prevented the publishers from securing articles on subjects of general interest which attract readers belonging to other Gujarati communities. It is Their usual liberal outlook that has, as a matter of fact, done much towards its popularity. The Gujarati public has now been accustomed to regard it more or less as their own concern. That is not a mean achievement.

Messrs. Tarapore and Batliwalla's photographs which are prominently reproduced here are of more than common interest. Mr. Tarapore has established a reputation that entities him to lead. His technique is very nearly perfect. The experiment, with a process of reproduction not quite common in this country, although it naturally needs improvement, has done nothing to lessen the charm of hin photographs. Mr. Tarapore has the responsibility of a leader. We are, therefore, entitled to ask for the best that is in him. And, the best is evidently still to come. The claim is based on the general confidence in his capacity. If the subjects, now beginning to be monotonous, are less theatrical, if they are chosen from the more common incidents of life, and, if the stage properties are less evident, if they are replaced by an environment which appears more natural, he will, it is certain, do greater justice to his technical abilities. Mr. Batliwalla is an amateur, in the best sense of the term. His work generally and his devotion to photography is wholly admirable. But his pseudo-Greek affectations deprive him of the opportunity for an adequate display of his talents. If he devotes some of his leisure to the investigation of the possibilities of Indian customes he will soon realise the potentialities of their artistic arrangement. The miracles of artistic drapery are there ready, arranged and native and natural. They are his for the asking. The limitations and, therefore, the strength of photography are only dimly beginning to be realised in the West. In this country both are practically unknown or ignored. Photography is not just mechanical reproduction of interesting objects. Its business is, or should be, to interpret facts, events and conditions of life. There are for instance, many charming incidents in the social customes of the Parsis which the camera might well be asked to interpret. There are incidents, for example, the housing scheme recently organised near Andheri, which might enlighten and interest other communities with regard to the social activities of the Parsis. The space given to the question of illustrations may at first sight be grudged. But when it is recollected that the illustrations are the chief attraction of the annuals the prominence will need no explanation. There is another reason why the question should, be discussed as fully as possible. The annuals provide an opportunity which those interested in photography have not yet fully realised. And, it is but natural that the people expect the reputed photographers to lend the general rank of the photographers, and, therefore, directl stimulate the art of photography in this country.

The articles are most of them of national and general interest. Those entitled "A Message to my Countrymen" by Mr. Jayakar, "Press in India"—a paper read before the Press Congress of the World at Honolulu—by Mr. Vatcha Gandhi, "Present Situation and the Parsis" by Mr. K. F. Nariman, "Indians in Foreign Lands" by Mr. Sumant Mehta, the articles by Prof. Williams, the article entitled "Heading for Bankruptcy" by Mr. K. T. Shah as well the one on "Indian Merchant Marine"—all in English—show the range of the subjects selected by the publishers. They deserve the special attention of the reader. The articles in Gujarati are equally well chosen. Those entitled "Gandhi's Gujarat" by Mr. Trivedi, "Old Gujarati of the Parsis" by Mr. Kantawalla, "Soraith" by Mr. Vibhakar, "Married Life", by Mrs. Sarojini Mehta, and the "Ruins of Iran" by Mr. Fitter may be specially mentioned. The stories and the humorous anecdotes will help many to lessen the ennui of their idle hours. The publishers deserve the congratulations of the Gujarati reading public for their entereprise. And, the enterprise is worth the price demanded by them. The Pateti number as usual deserves popular appreciation.

AN AMERICAN ON ASIA.

ASIA AT THE CROSS ROAD. By E. Alexander Powell. Published by T. Fisher Unwin.

Any man who attempts to write a book on the conditions in the East must expect to find a good part of it out of date by the time it reaches the Press. No man would venture to say what will happen in China three months after he has put his pen to paper to describe existing conditions, While it is partly true of the present book under review that sections are out of date, it must be said of it that it does present the various forces existing in the countries concerned, so clearly that we have good guidance for the forming of our opinions on the likely movements of the future. Mr. Powel has given much thought to the writing of this book. He acknowledges the kindness he has received from those whom he is forced to criticise, but he believes his plan is the one which is best calculated to serve the interests of the country he criticises as well as the general well-being of the other countries concerned. He is an American and when an American begins to deal with the Japan question we may expect to find him taking a prejudiced view of the situation. But this book is written after the Washington Conference, and this has helped a naturally fair-minded man, who has gone about the world with his eyes open, to treat the relations between Japan and America with good sense. He recognises the injustice of much that has been said of the Japanese, and he has no doubts in his own mind about the removal of those faults which the Japanese, still young in some matters, are prone to. Between Japan and America he sees there is every reason for complete understanding, and he is convinced that both nations have seriously tried, and with success, to get a better view of each other. One of the most interesting sections of the book is that devoted to Korea. Japanese administration in that country has been justly condemned in many respects. The Japanese themselves are somewhat ashamed of their actions there, and in the last few years they have set themselves to undo the evil results of their previous policy. No one doubts the progress Korea has made under Japan, but if that progress is accompanied with great bitterness among the people, then the benefit so gained is of little value. The problems connected with China are set forth with clearness. We all have a general idea of there being two Governments, one in the North and South, but how few know how these arose. History passed so quickly in those early days of the Republic, we could hardly follow them, and it is good to have them set out clearly so that we can understand at least, something of the present position. The relation of the American Government to the Philiphines is also discussed in the last section. This is one of the clearest and most impartial books on the East we have seen for a long time.

BARODA CENTRAL LIBRARY PUBLICATIONS.

During the last session of the Maharastra Literary Conference at Baroda, the Central Library arranged an exhibition of magazines and newspapers published in Marathi. From the data thus collected Mr. G. R. Dandawate, Librarian, Baroda Central Library, has compiled two useful publications—an index of Marathi magazines and newspapers, with brief critical notes and a list of women writers in marathi. We may take 1873 as the year from which to trace feminine activity in marathi literature. In that year Salubai Tamblekar wrote "The Separation of Chandraprabha", a novel without any distinction save its feminine authorship. Previous to that. Mrs. Ferrar had published her "Maratni Stories" in 1838. The number of women writers up-to-date comes to about 800. Of them 70 have written books and 75 have composed verses. The index of magazines and newspapers does not contain any statistical information. We gather from it that 54 newspapers are published in Marathi and about 100 magazines, six of the latter being devoted to literature and research.

SONG OF YASMINI.

Flower o'rose or jasmine,
Which deem you, friend, more sweet?
I wear the star white jasmine,
When I my lover meet.

Once, long ago, he called me—
(O love's most radiant hour!)
"Most sweet, most perfect woman,
My own white jasmine flower!"

All day my King must labour,
His greatness knows not rest;
For soldiers, courtiers, counsellors,
The poor, the sore oppressed.
Each one in turn may see him,
He hearkens to each plea;
Must punish, pity, pardon,
Till night brings love and me.

All mine from dusk till day time!
So, at the sunset hour,
In the walled Women's Garden,
I pluck the jasmine flower.

Flower o'rose or jasmine,
Nay, both of these are sweet;
But I, wear the jasmine
When I my lover meet.

SHIRLEY MAUREEN HODGKINSON.

POPULAR CHEMICAL DICTIONARY.

THE POPULAR CHEMICAL DICTIONARY.—By C. T. Kingzett (Bailliere. Tindal & Cox, 8, Henrieta St. London) pp. 539.

In this book the author has, with considerable tact, condensed his materials as much as he could, for the purpose he had in view. He has treated the subject in one volume, in simple language, giving descriptions of the subjects of chemistry, its laws and processes, the chemical elements, the more important inorganic and organic compounds and their preparation or manufacture and applications, together with illustrated des- refers to a number of subjects such as atomic structure, catalysis, colloids, enzymes lubricants, nitrogen fixation, radio activity etc., making the work worthy of the name given to the book.

It is an excellent book, worth keeping in the library of an industrial laboratory.

LITERATURE, THOUGHT AND FANCY.

(BY SIR FRANK BEAMAN)

I have been reading "Georgian Stories". I have not finished the collection, but I have read enough to get a very fair idea of their very peculiar and characteristic quality. Possibly there may yet be one or two lurking in the background, to falsify the generalization, but what stands out prominently to the critical, the old-fashioned critical eye, is that the Georgian Stories are not stories at all. They are a great many other things; they are full of their own merits. No one would deny that the writers are very clever and very modern, but in the sense in which the readers of twenty years ago understood the word, they are not stories. Where there is enough or almost enough incident to justify the claim, the incident is so extravagant, far-fetched and improbable, as in the first tale, as to miss its mark. It excits no thrill, it stirs no pulse. Or it is infected with what I suppose the purveyors of this literature would call mysticism or occultism. When I read a short story of the kind common enough in the late nineties and first lustrum of this century its interest depended at least to some degree upon its normal possibility; it might be melodramatic, it might even employ to heighten its horror strange agencies of vestigial survivals, but on the whole, it offered nothing that was not made to appear not only possible but, in the circumstances, quite probable. But when it comes to expecting the reader to swallow all the paraphernalia and jargon of the popular psychism, it is another matter. And the writers themselves use these methods, not because they are really mystics or psychics, but rather for the purpose, I think, of pointing an allegory on interpreting a parable.

Typical Stories.

Now all these allegories, and parables, and suggestion of deep interpretations in the form of a short story, while typical of the fashion of the day, are extremely exasperating to the older generations who have not been used to expect this preaching under the gilt coating of a short story. The compiler in his short preface, admits his personal preference for the short story of the past, which was full of action, thrill, interest, and had a surprise "curtain". Yet he lavishes praise enough on his collection, and tells the expectant reader that here too, though differently garbed, he will find some at least of the essential qualities of a good short story. I cannot agree. I might make an honourable exception of a "Pair of Muddy Shoes" (I had forgotten it when I wrote my opening sentences, for the reason, perhaps that I did not read it here at all but three years ago and now only note the name in the index. But it is a good creepy story, although of course a good deal too heavily doped with dream psychism to be altogether agreeable to a healthy mind). But what are we to think of the mentality which can accept as a genuine short story, "The Tryst" by Algernon Blackwood, or "The Criminal", by Beresford? In two words the first describes a man who has been away seeking a fortune in wild places for fifteen years, returning to keep a tryst he had made with the girl to whom he had plighted his irrevocable troth, just before the Syren warned all passengers ashore, and his ship carried him out of her country world. Having got within three miles of her home, almost within sight of the little white gate of the vicarage garden wher he was to meet and claim her, he begins to rake over his soul with a toothcomb, to sort, arrange and classify all the multitude of delicately shaded emotions he has left about, this vow in the long intervening years. All the time it seems impossible for him to cover those three miles. We are kept impatiently waiting over pages and pages of this exasperating self-examination, while he see-saws. First he could and then he could not, he loved her, no he did not a bit, surges of present passion now that the meeting is so near, chilled by inscrutable under currents, and so on *adinanitum*. Why on earth can't he get on like a sensible man, reach the gate, meet the lady, or not meet her, and settle once and for all these tormenting problems? But that's not the modern way; there would not be any story. At last he does make a push for it, and the same interminable and rather idiotic psychology accompanies him. he feels this and he feels that, he is not going of his own accord, and yet he is dying to be there, he is being "led" wonderful! He reaches the little white wooden gate; it has been converted into a stone gate; he knocks, a spirit voice, the voice of the dead woman answers that she is there but cannot open. He not unnaturally grows a bit restive and bangs his head or his knuckles against the gate, at which the ghost on the other side hurries back to spirit land, and he realizes that before she died (of course she died just a week before) she had carved deeply in the stone, in French, (hardly likely, the reader feels, but it is a trifle) that she had been first at the rendezvous and was still waiting. The End.

Static Quality of New Stories.

Stripped of its fearfully wearisome verbiage, it comes to this that after fifteen years waiting a lover goes to meet his lass (middle aged now) and on arriving at the gate finds it locked. Returns to the hotel where the waitress, removing his tray of buttered toast, tells him that the lady was buried a week ago. Now is that a story? The "criminal" again is no more than rather a clever kind of allegory to illustrate one of Mr. Beresford's pet notions, but it cannot possibly be called a story. Of course Miss Manrfield of "Bliss" fame weighs in with a series of disconnected views of a day in the life of a poor fat old contralto singer, who cannot get an engagement, is going to be turned out of her squalid room, goes to have a last drink at the Cafe de, Madrid, meets an odious podgy little old sensualist with whom she gaily strips off to commence a career of prostitution. Well, that's the kind of stuff which does duty for the food old short story. This *may* be progress, but I own I doubt. As for "Io" (Oliver Onions in excelsis) it simply defies and beggars analysis or description. "Rain" out of "The Trembling of a Leaf" we might except again. It is a story, and on the whole a pretty powerful, though extremely disagreeable story. But, taken as a whole, these specimens of the best Georgian short stories, leave on wondering whether any really healthy-minded young people can,do, or ought to enjoy them. But as I said before in discussing "If Winter Comes," *de gustibus* etc. What most broadly and vividly distinguishes the New from the Old style is, I should venture, the dominantly static quality of the former; and for this we have long been in training, since the popularity of Ibsen, Strindberge, and Bernard Shaw.

No More Superfluous women.

It must have been close on thirty years ago that I read a book entitled "A Superfluous Woman", on the whole a very unpleasant book and seeming in placid atmosphere of those far off days, unnecessarily violent. Perhaps, the first elaborate protest in the guise of fiction by a woman against a growing sense of her superfluity. The smug superior late-Victorian Male, with his roots in the early, and mid-Victorian periods noted the symptoms of Woman's increasing discontent with kindly, but supercilious indifference. The great revolt of Woman was as yet but a cloud on the far horizon no bigger than a man's hand. But a hundred causes were at work, into which I need not enter, to exacerbate the evil. Prankish old Dame Nature, in her sardonically humorous way had brought a situation in which Woman had a real grievance, and that grievance first Father vaguely felt, then fully realized, rapidly became acute. The apodeictic fact was that Woman had become much more numerous than man. There's no juggling with arithmetic, and when there were two or more women competing for every eligible man, and widows filching two or three times their fair share, strained relations were inevitable. Not only were women in a great numerical majority but they were now, in their own estimation at least, the equals, or more correctly the superiors of the old Male Tyrant in every point save brute force. Woman had gone *ner saltum*, leaping centuries light-heartedly.

Contract Woman.

I suppose no fair observer will deny that the modern young woman of to-day is as far removed (she could say "ahead of") from the modern young woman of three quarters of a century ago, as the latter from her simple troglodyte sisters. But in spite of the feverishly accelerated evolution, Woman collectively was up against the fact that there were not enough, not nearly enough men to go round. And Van being Woman's natural prey, there was a good deal of grumbling, and the slow resurgence of a wild fierce jungle spirit. The ancient, natural, polygamous soulth presented too many difficulties. From the mere man's point of view it was too expensive. A man must be very hich to support and satisfy a single hivhly developed modern girl; only multimillionaries could keep a dozen. On the other hand Woman refuses to be polygamized; she is by nature a monopolist, and her avid temperament to-day inclines much more to polyandry. So you might think that we are face to face with an insoluble probem, and society must soon come to a dead-lock or the recent unnatural acceleration of woman-evolution run itself down, and allow a reversion to earlier conditions. But here we reckon without Science, and the indomitable determination of the female. Being after all no more than a question, of supply and demand. Woman begins at last to see her way clear. She, aided and abetted by scientific biologists is suure that she can now control sex. All Woman, collective woman, has to do is for the next twenty or thirty years to bear male children. Then when man outnumbers Woman once more by five or ten to one, Woman will automatically come by her own again. Contract the female, increase the male output, and the market rights itself. Woman regains her proper value. I am confidently assured by many competent women leaders (some unfortunately still unmarried) that the thing can be done, that the thing shall be done. So there!

John Masefield's poem of the race-course "Right Royal," has been illustrated by Cecil Aldin, and will be included in Messrs. Heinemann's forthcoming gift books, with four coloured plates and numerous drawings in the text. There will be a limited large paper edition, numbered and signed by the author and artist, as well as the ordinary edition. Similar editions will be issued by the same publishers of "Rossetti and his Circle," containing twenty-three cartoons in colour by Max Beerbohm, who discusses his subjects in a special introduction to the book.

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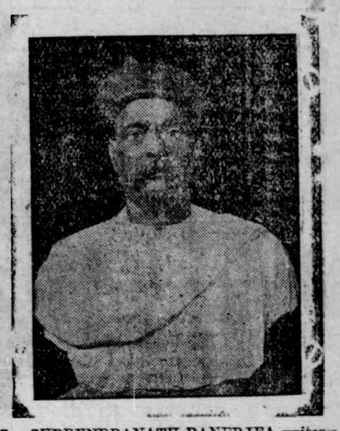

SIR SURRENDRANATH BANERJEA writes:—This is to certify that I know Mr. Wagh and regard him as an eminent Sculptor. I have seen some of the busts executed by him, they, in my opinion, will stand comparison with [illegible] done by any European Sculptor.—22nd June, 1915.

MR. SATYENDRANATH TAGORE writes:—This is to certify Mr. Wagh has executed a plaster bust of my brother, Rabindranath Tagore, which shows much more than average merit and is in fact a much better likeness than the last one done by a European Sculptor. Mr. Wagh holds several certificates for good work done by him and deserves encouragement.—10th May, 1915.

MRS. BEASANT writes:—The Bust of Lok Tilak is an admirable and vivid likeness and is the best in my opinion. The bust of Sir Rabindranath Tagore, made by Mr. Wagh is also a pleasing likeness.

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